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**User's  
Manual**

**Model UT551  
Digital Indicating Controller  
User's Manual for  
Single-loop Control**



IM 05D01C04-41E

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# Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the UT551 digital indicating controller.

## ■ How to Use the Manuals

| Purpose                                     | Manual Title                         | Description  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Setup                                       | 1. Installation                      | Describes the tasks (installation, wiring, and others) required to make the controller ready for operations.   |
| Basic operation                             | 2. Initial Settings                  | Describes examples of setting PV input types, control output types, and alarm types. Making settings described herein allows you to carry out basic control.                         |
| Operating procedures and troubleshooting    | 3. Operations<br>4.1 Troubleshooting | Describes key operation sequences. For operation control through external contact inputs, See "1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams"   |
| Brief operation                             | 5.1 Parameter Map                    | Contains the parameter map used as a guideline for setting parameters.   |
| Function description and setpoint recording | 5.2 Lists of Parameters              | Briefly describes the functions of parameters. In addition, each parameter table has a User Setting column, where you can record your setpoints when setting them in the controller. |

## ■ Controllers Applicable to Single-loop Control

The specification codes of the UT551 applicable to single-loop control are given in the table below.

|          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| UT551-00 | UT551-10 | UT551-20 | UT551-30 | UT551-40 |
| UT551-01 | UT551-11 | UT551-21 | UT551-31 | UT551-41 |
| UT551-02 | UT551-12 | UT551-22 | UT551-32 | UT551-42 |
| UT551-03 | UT551-13 | UT551-23 | UT551-33 | UT551-43 |
| UT551-04 | UT551-14 | UT551-24 | UT551-34 | UT551-44 |

## ■ Regarding This User's Manual

- (1) This manual should be provided to the end user. Keep an extra copy or copies of the manual in a safe place.
- (2) Read this manual carefully to gain a thorough understanding of how to operate this product before starting operation.
- (3) This manual describes the functions of this product. Yokogawa Electric Corporation (hereinafter simply referred to as Yokogawa) does not guarantee the application of these functions for any particular purpose.
- (4) Under absolutely no circumstances may the contents of this manual, in part or in whole, be transcribed or copied without permission.
- (5) The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.
- (6) Every effort has been made to ensure that the details of this manual are accurate. However, should any errors be found or important information be omitted, please contact your nearest Yokogawa representative or our sales office.

## ■ Safety Precautions

The following symbol is indicated on the controller to ensure safe use.



This symbol on the controller indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the user's manual in order to avoid the risk of injury or death of personnel or damage to the instrument. The manual describes how the operator should exercise special care to avoid electric shock or other dangers that may result in injury or loss of life.

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The following symbols are used in the hardcopy user's manuals and in the user's manual supplied on the CD-ROM.



Indicates that operating the hardware or software in a particular manner may damage it or result in a system failure.

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Draws attention to information that is essential for understanding the operation and/or features of the controller.

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## ■ Force Majeure

- (1) Yokogawa assumes no liability to any party for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, caused by the use or any unpredictable defect of the product.
- (2) No portion of the software supplied by Yokogawa may be transferred, exchanged, leased or sublet for use by any third party without the prior permission of Yokogawa.
- (3) Be sure to use the spare parts approved by Yokogawa when replacing parts or consumables.
- (4) Use this software with one specified computer only. You must purchase another copy of the software for use on each additional computer.
- (5) Copying this software for purposes other than backup is strictly prohibited.
- (6) Store the floppy disk(s) (original medium or media) containing this software in a secure place.

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## ■ Regarding Protection, Safety, and Prohibition Against Unauthorized Modification

- (1) In order to protect the product and the system controlled by it against damage and ensure its safe use, make certain that all of the instructions and precautions relating to safety contained in this document are strictly adhered to. Yokogawa does not guarantee safety if products are not handled according to these instructions.
- (2) Modification of the product is strictly prohibited.
- (3) Reverse engineering such as the disassembly or decompilation of software is strictly prohibited.

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# Model UT551

## Digital Indicating Controller

### User's Manual for Single-loop Control

IM 05D01C04-41E 1st Edition

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# 1. Installation

This chapter describes installation, wiring, and other tasks required to make the controller ready for operation.

## 1.1 Model and Suffix Codes

Before using the controller, check that the model and suffix codes match your order.

| Model              | Suffix Code | Description  |
|--------------------|-------------|--|
| UT551              |             | Digital indicating controller (provided with retransmission output and 15 VDC loop power supply as standard) |
| Type               | -0          | Standard type  |
|                    | -1          | Position proportional type   |
|                    | -2          | Heating/cooling type   |
|                    | -3          | Standard type (with 24 V DC loop power supply)   |
|                    | -4          | Position proportional type (with 24 V DC loop power supply)  |
| Optional functions | 0           | None   |
|                    | 1           | With communication, auxiliary analog (remote) input, 6 additional DIs and 4 additional DOs                   |
|                    | 2           | With communication, auxiliary analog (remote) input, and 1 additional DI                                     |
|                    | 3           | With 5 additional DIs and 4 additional DOs   |
|                    | 4           | With auxiliary analog (remote) input and 1 additional DI   |

Check that the following items are provided:

- Digital indicating controller (of ordered model): ..... 1
- Brackets (mounting hardware): ..... 1 pair
- Unit label: ..... 1
- User's Manuals for Single-loop Control: ..... 5 (A2 size)
- User's Manuals "Setting/Explanation of Active Color PV Display": ..... 1 (A3 size)
- User's Manual (Reference) (CD-ROM Version): ..... 1

### ■ Correspondence between the Model and Suffix Codes, and the Contact Input/Output Terminals Provided

Check the model ordered and the presence/absence of contact inputs and outputs in the following table.

✓ indicate that the contacts are available.

| Model and Suffix Codes | Contact input terminals |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | Contact output terminals |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|                        | DI1                     | DI2 | DI3 | DI4 | DI5 | DI6 | DI7 | DI8 | DO1                      | DO2 | DO3 | DO4 | DO5 | DO6 | DO7 |
| UT551-x0               | ✓                       | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     |     | ✓                        | ✓   | ✓   |     |     |     |     |
| UT551-x1               | ✓                       | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓                        | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   |
| UT551-x2               | ✓                       | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     | ✓   | ✓                        | ✓   | ✓   |     |     |     |     |
| UT551-x3               | ✓                       | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   |     | ✓                        | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   | ✓   |
| UT551-x4               | ✓                       | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     | ✓   | ✓                        | ✓   | ✓   |     |     |     |     |

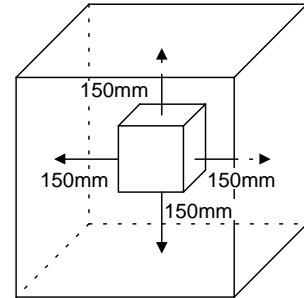
Note: For details on the functions of contact inputs/outputs, see "1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams".

# 1.2 How to Install

## NOTE

To install the controller, select a location where:

- (1) no one may accidentally touch the terminals,
- (2) mechanical vibrations are minimal,
- (3) corrosive gas is minimal,
- (4) temperature can be maintained at about 23°C and the fluctuation is minimal,
- (5) no direct radiant heat is present,
- (6) no magnetic disturbances are caused,
- (7) no wind blows against the terminal board (reference junction compensation element),
- (8) no water is splashed,
- (9) no flammable materials are around,

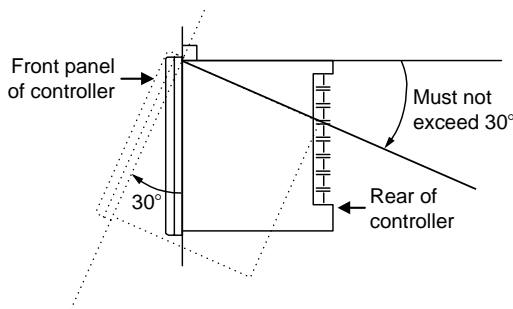


Never place the controller directly on flammable items or equipment.

If the controller has to be installed close to flammable items or equipment, be sure to provide shielding panels all around the controller, at least 150mm away from every side; the panels should be made of either 1.43mm-thick metal-plated steel plates or 1.6mm-thick uncoated steel plates.

### ● Installation Position

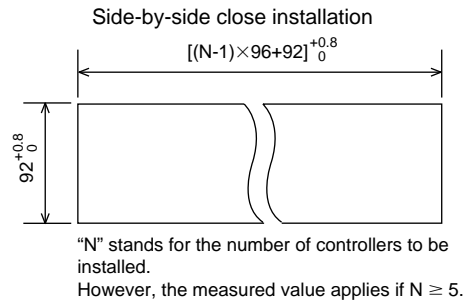
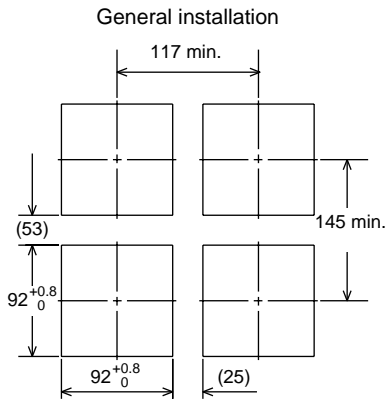
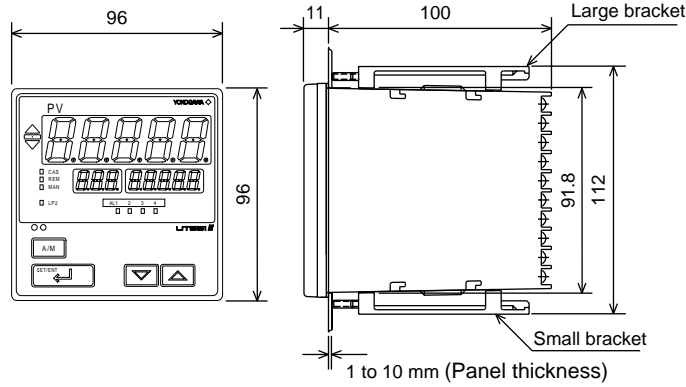
Install the controller at an angle within 30° from horizontal with the front panel facing upward. Do not install it facing downward. The position of right and left sides should be horizontal.



## External Dimensions and Panel Cutout Dimensions

UT551

Unit: mm



## ■ How to Install

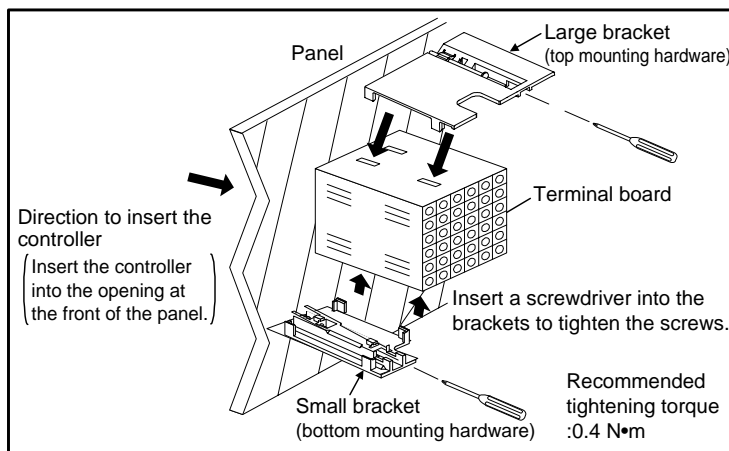


### CAUTION

Turn off the power to the controller before installing it on the panel because there is a possibility of electric shock.

After opening the mounting hole on the panel, follow the procedures below to install the controller:

1. Insert the controller into the opening from the front of the panel so that the terminal board on the rear is at the far side.
2. Set the brackets in place on the top and bottom of the controller as shown in the figure below, then tighten the screws of the brackets. Take care not to overtighten them.



# 1.3 How to Connect Wires



## CAUTION

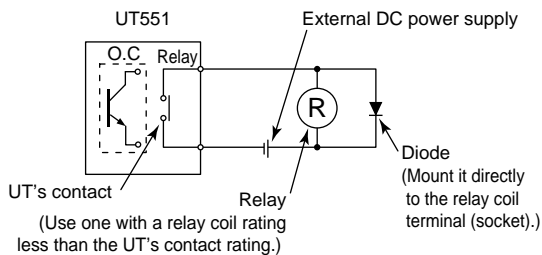
- 1) Before carrying out wiring, turn off the power to the controller and check that the cables to be connected are not alive with a tester or the like because there is a possibility of electric shock.
- 2) For the protection and safe use of the controller, be sure to place a circuit breaker (conforms with IEC60947, 5A, 100V or 220V AC) near the controller where the breaker can easily be operated. In addition, be sure to indicate that it is the instrument to cut the power supply of the controller.
- 3) Wiring must be carried out by personnel who have basic electrical knowledge and practical experience.



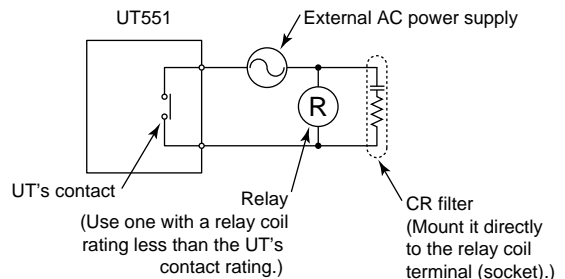
## NOTE

- 1) Provide power from a single-phase instrument power supply. If there is a lot of noise in the power line, insert an insulating transformer into the primary side of the line and use a line filter (recommended part: ZAC2205-00U from TDK) on the secondary side. As a countermeasures against noise, do not place the primary and secondary power cables close to each other.
- 2) For thermocouple input, use shielded compensating lead wires for wiring. For RTD input, use shielded wires that have low conductor resistance and cause no significant differences in resistance between the three wires. The cables to be used for wiring, terminal specifications, and recommended parts are as shown below.
- 3) Control output relays may be replaced. However, because they have a life of 100,000 times that of the resistance load, use auxiliary relays to turn on/off a load.
- 4) The use of inductance (L) loads such as auxiliary relays, motors and solenoid valves causes malfunction or relay failure; always insert a CR filter for use with alternating current or a diode for use with direct current, as a spark-removal surge suppression circuit, into the line in parallel with the load.
- 5) When there is a possibility of being struck by external lightning surge, use the arrester to protect the instrument.

### ■ For DC Relay Wiring



### ■ For AC Relay Wiring

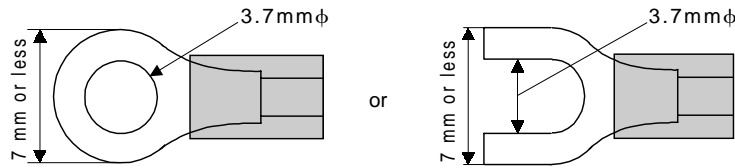


### ● Cable Specifications and Recommended Cables

| Purpose  | Name and Manufacturer   |
|--|---|
| Power supply, grounding, relay contact outputs | 600 V PVC insulated wires, JIS C 3307, 0.9 to 2.0 mm <sup>2</sup>                               |
| Thermocouple                                   | Shielded compensating lead wires, JIS C 1610, □X-□-□-□<br>(See Yokogawa Electric's GS 6B1U1-E.) |
| RTD  | Shielded wires (three conductors), UL2482 (Hitachi Cable)                                       |
| Other signals                                  | Shielded wires  |

### ● Recommended Terminal Lugs

| Applicable wire size        | Tightening torque |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 0.3 to 1.65 mm <sup>2</sup> | 0.8 N·m or less   |



### ● Terminal Covers

| Target Model | Part Number | Sales Unit |
|--------------|-------------|------------|
| For UT551    | T9115YD     | 1          |

## 1.4 Hardware Specifications

### PV Input Signals

- Number of inputs: 1 (terminals①-⑫-⑬)
- Input type: Universal input system. The input type can be selected with the software.
- Sampling period: Can be selected from 50, 100, 200 and 500 ms. Initial value: 200 ms
- Burnout detection: Functions at TC, RTD, standard signal (0.4 to 2 V or 1 to 5 V)  
Upscale, downscale, and off can be specified.  
For standard signal, burnout is determined to have occurred if it is 0.1 V or less.
- Input bias current: 0.05  $\mu\text{A}$  (for TC or RTD b-terminal)
- Measurement current (RTD): About 0.13 mA
- Input resistance: 1 M $\Omega$  or more for thermocouple or mV input  
About 1 M $\Omega$  for DC voltage input
- Allowable signal source resistance: 250  $\Omega$  or less for thermocouple or mV input  
Effects of signal source resistance: 0.1  $\mu\text{V}/\Omega$  or less  
2 k $\Omega$  or less for DC voltage input  
Effects of signal source resistance: About 0.01%/100  $\Omega$
- Allowable wiring resistance: for RTD input  
Maximum 150  $\Omega$ /wire: Conductor resistance between three wires should be equal  
However, 10  $\Omega$ /wire for a maximum range of -150.0 to 150.0°C.  
Wire resistance effect:  $\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}/10 \Omega$
- Allowable input voltage:  $\pm 10$  V DC for thermocouple, mV, or RTD input  
 $\pm 20$  V DC for DC voltage input
- Noise rejection ratio: 40 dB (50/60 Hz) or more in normal mode  
120 dB (50/60 Hz) or more in common mode
- Reference junction compensation error:  $\pm 1.0^\circ\text{C}$  (15 to 35°C)  
 $\pm 1.5^\circ\text{C}$  (0 to 15°C, 35 to 50°C)
- Applicable standards: JIS, IEC, DIN (ITS-90) for thermocouples and RTD

### Remote Input Signals

Available only for controllers with remote input terminals.

- Number of inputs: 1 (terminals⑭-⑰)
- Input type: Settable in a range of 0-2, 0-10, 0.4-2.0, or 1-5 V DC
- Sampling period: 100, 200 and 500 ms  
The sampling period of a remote input signal is associated with the PV input's sampling period. If the PV input's sampling period is 50 ms, however, the sampling period of a remote input signal lengthens to 100 ms.
- Input resistance: About 1 M $\Omega$
- Input accuracy:  $\pm 0.3\% \pm 1$  digit of input span for 0 to 2 V DC  
 $\pm 0.2\% \pm 1$  digit of input span for 0 to 10 V DC  
 $\pm 0.375\% \pm 1$  digit of input span for 0.4 to 2.0 V DC  
 $\pm 0.3\% \pm 1$  digit of input span for 1 to 5 V DC  
Under standard operating conditions ( $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $55 \pm 10\%$  RH, power frequency of 50/60 Hz)

### Feedback Resistance Input

Provided for position proportional type only (terminals 45-46-47)

- Slide resistance value: 100 Ω to 2.5 kΩ of overall resistance (burnout detection for sliding wire provided)
- Measuring resolution: ±0.1% of overall resistance

### Loop Power Supply

Power is supplied to a two-wire transmitter.

(15 V DC: terminals 14-15; 24 V DC: terminals 43-44)

A resistor (10 to 250 Ω) connected between the controller and transmitter converts a current signal into a voltage signal, which is then read via the PV input terminal.

Supply voltage: 14.5 to 18.0 V DC, max. 21 mA (provided with a protection circuit against a field short-circuit); 21.6 to 28.0 V DC, max. 30 mA (only for models with 24 V DC loop power supply)

### Retransmission Output

Either PV, target setpoint, or control output is output.

Either the retransmission output or the 15 VDC loop power supply can be used with terminals 14-15.

- Number of outputs: 1 or 2 (terminals 14-15, terminals 16-17)
- Output signal: 4-20, 0-20, 20-4, or 20-0 mA DC (where, outputting signal levels of less than 0 mA is not feasible)
- Load resistance: 600 Ω or less
- Output accuracy: ±0.1% of span (±5% of span for 1 mA or less.)  
Under standard operating conditions (23 ±2°C, 55 ±10% RH, power frequency of 50/60 Hz)

### Control Output

Universal output system, The output type can be selected with the software.

Relay contact output(s) for the position proportional type

- Current output  
(Standard type: terminals 16-17; heating-side output: terminals 16-17, cooling-side output: terminals 46-47)

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Number of outputs | 1 or 2 (two for heating/cooling type),<br>switched between a voltage pulse output<br>and current output.                                       |
| Output signal     | 4-20, 0-20, 20-4, or 20-0 mA DC  |
| Load resistance   | 600 Ω or less  |
| Output accuracy   | ±0.1% of span<br>(±5% of span for 1 mA or less)<br>Under standard operating conditions (23 ± 2 °C,<br>55 ±10% RH, power frequency of 50/60 Hz) |

- Voltage pulse output  
(Standard type: terminals 16-17; heating-side output: terminals 16-17, cooling-side output: terminals 46-47)

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Number of outputs | 1 or 2 (two for heating/cooling type),<br>switched between a voltage pulse output and current output. |
| Output signal     | On-voltage = 12 V or more (load resistance: 600 Ω or more)<br>Off-voltage = 0.1 V DC or less          |
| Resolution        | 10 ms or 0.1% of output, whichever is larger  |



- Relay contact output  
(Standard type: terminals ①-②-③, heating-side output: terminals ①-②-③, cooling-side output: terminals ④⑧-④⑨-⑤⑩, position proportional type: terminals ④⑧-④⑨-⑤⑩)

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Number of outputs | 1 or 2(two for heating/cooling type)         |
| Output signal     | Three terminals (NC, NO, and common)         |
| Contact rating    | 250 V AC or 30 V DC, 3 A (resistance load)   |
| Resolution        | 10 ms or 0.1% of output, whichever is larger |

### Contact Inputs

- Purpose: Target setpoint selection, remote/local mode switching, and run/stop switching
- Number of inputs: Differs with model and suffix codes as shown in the table below.

| Model and Suffix Codes | Number of Inputs |
|------------------------|------------------|
| UT551-x0               | 2                |
| UT551-x1               | 8                |
| UT551-x2               | 3                |
| UT551-x3               | 7                |
| UT551-x4               | 3                |

- Input type: Non-voltage contact or transistor open collector input
- Input contact rating: 12 V DC, 10 mA or more
- On/off determination: For non-voltage contact input, contact resistance of 1 kΩ or less is determined as “on” and contact resistance of 20 kΩ or more as “off.”  
For transistor open collector input, input voltage of 2 V or less is determined as “on” and leakage current must not exceed 100 μA when “off.”
- Minimum status detection hold time: PV input’s sampling period ×3

### Contact Outputs

- Purpose: Alarm output, FAIL output, and others
- Number of outputs: Differs with the model and suffix code as shown in the table below.

| Model and Suffix Codes | Number of Outputs |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| UT551-x0               | 3                 |
| UT551-x1               | 7                 |
| UT551-x2               | 3                 |
| UT551-x3               | 7                 |
| UT551-x4               | 3                 |

- Relay contact rating: 240 V AC, 1 A, or 30 V DC, 1 A
- Transistor contact rating: 24 V DC, 50 mA

### Display Specifications

- PV display: 5-digit, 7-segment, red LEDs, character height of 20 mm
- Setpoint display: 3-digit and 5-digit, 7-segment, red LEDs, character height of 9.3 mm
- Status indicating lamps: LEDs

### Safety and EMC Standards

- Safety: Complies with IEC/EN61010-1 (CE), approved by C22.2 No.61010-1, approved by UL508.

Installation category : CAT. II Pollution degree : 2 (IEC/EN61010-1, C22.2 No.61010-1)

Measurement category : I (CAT. I : IEC/EN61010-1)

Rated measurement input voltage : 10V DC max.(across terminals), 300V AC max.(across ground)

Rated transient overvoltage : 1500V (Note)

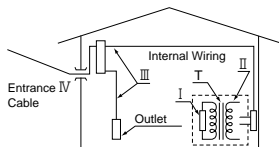
Note : It is a value on the safety standard which is assumed by IEC/EN61010-1 in Measurement category I, and is not the value which guarantees an apparatus performance.



### CAUTION

This equipment has Measurement category I, therefore do not use the equipment for measurements within Measurement categories II, III and IV.

| Measurement category |          | Description  | Remarks                                   |
|----------------------|----------|--|---|
| I                    | CAT. I   | For measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS.                    |   |
| II                   | CAT. II  | For measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. | Appliances, portable equipments, etc.     |
| III                  | CAT. III | For measurements performed in the building installation.                                   | Distribution board, circuit breaker, etc. |
| IV                   | CAT. IV  | For measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation.                  | Overhead wire, cable systems, etc.        |



- EMC standards: Complies with EN61326, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 and EN55011 (CE). AS/NZS 2064 compliant (C-Tick). Class A Group 1.

The instrument continues to operate at a measuring accuracy of within ±20% of the range during tests.

### Construction, Installation, and Wiring

- Construction: Dust-proof and drip-proof front panel conforming to IP55. For side-by-side close installation the controller loses its dust-proof and drip-proof protection.
- Material: ABS resin and polycarbonate
- Case color: Black
- Weight: About 1 kg or less
- Dimensions: 96 (W) × 96 (H) × 100 (depth from panel face) mm
- Installation: Panel-mounting type. With top and bottom mounting hardware (1 each)
- Panel cutout dimensions: 92<sup>+0.8</sup><sub>0</sub> (W) 3 92<sup>+0.8</sup><sub>0</sub> (H) mm
- Installation position: Up to 30° upward facing (not designed for facing downward)
- Wiring: M3.5 screw terminals (for signal wiring and power/ground wiring as well)

## Power Supply Specifications

- Power supply: Rated voltage of 100 to 240 V AC ( $\pm 10\%$ ), 50/60 Hz
- Power consumption: Max. 20 VA (8.0 W max.)
- Internal fuse rating: 250 V AC, 1.6A time-lag fuse
- Data backup: Non-volatile memory (can be written to up to 100,000 times)
- Withstanding voltage
  - Between primary terminals\* and secondary terminals\*\*:  
At least 1500 V AC for 1 minute
  - Between primary terminals\* and grounding terminal:  
At least 1500 V AC for 1 minute
  - Between grounding terminal and secondary terminals\*\*:  
At least 1500 V AC for 1 minute
  - Between secondary terminals\*\*:  
At least 500 V AC for 1 minute
- \* Primary terminals indicate power terminals and relay output terminals
- \*\*Secondary terminals indicate analog I/O signal, voltage pulse output, and contact input terminals
- Insulation resistance: 20 M $\Omega$  or more at 500 V DC between power terminals and grounding terminal
- Grounding: Class D grounding (grounding resistance of 100 $\Omega$  or less)

## Signal Isolations

- PV input terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals. Not isolated from the internal circuit.
- Remote input terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals and the internal circuit.
- 15 V DC loop power supply terminals: Not isolated from analog current output nor voltage pulse control output. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- 24 V DC loop power supply terminals: Isolated from 4-20 mA analog output, other input/output terminals and the internal circuit.
- Analog current output terminals (for control output and retransmission): Not isolated between current outputs nor from 15 V DC loop power supply and voltage pulse control output. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Voltage pulse control output terminals: Not isolated from current outputs and 15 V DC loop power supply. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Relay contact control output terminals: Isolated between contact output terminals and from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Contact input terminals: Not isolated between contact input terminals and from communication terminals. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Relay contact output terminals: Not isolated between relay contact outputs. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Transistor contact output terminals: Not isolated between transistor contact outputs. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- RS-485 communication terminals: Not isolated from contact input terminals. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Feedback slide resistance input terminals: Not isolated from analog current output terminals (control, retransmission), 15 V DC loop power supply, and voltage pulse control outputs. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.

- Power terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.
- Grounding terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit.

## Environmental Conditions

- Normal operating conditions:
  - Ambient temperature: 0 to 50°C (40°C or less for side-by-side close installation)
  - Temperature change rate: 10°C/h or less
  - Ambient humidity: 20 to 90% RH (no condensation allowed)
  - Magnetic field: 400 A/m or less
  - Continuous vibration at 5 to 14 Hz: Full amplitude of 1.2 mm or less
  - Continuous vibration at 14 to 150 Hz: 4.9 m/s<sup>2</sup> or less
  - Short-period vibration: 14.7 m/s<sup>2</sup>, 15 seconds or less
  - Shock: 147 m/s<sup>2</sup> or less, 11 ms
  - Installation height: Height above sea level of 2000 m or less
  - Warm-up time: 30 minutes or more after power on
- Transportation and storage conditions:
  - Temperature: -25 to 70°C
  - Temperature change rate: 20°C/h or less
  - Humidity: 5 to 95% RH (no condensation allowed)
- Effects of changes in operating conditions
  - Effects from changes in ambient temperature:
    - On voltage or thermocouple input,  $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$  or  $\pm 0.01\%$  of F.S./ $^\circ\text{C}$ , whichever is larger
    - On remote input,  $\pm 0.02\%$  of F.S./ $^\circ\text{C}$
    - On RTD input,  $\pm 0.05^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$  (ambient temperature) or less
    - On analog output,  $\pm 0.05\%$  of F.S./ $^\circ\text{C}$  or less
  - Effects from power supply fluctuation (within rated voltage range)
    - On analog input,  $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}/10 \text{ V}$  or  $\pm 0.01\%$  of F.S./10 V, whichever is larger
    - On analog output,  $\pm 0.05\%$  of F.S./ 10 V or less

## 1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams



### NOTE

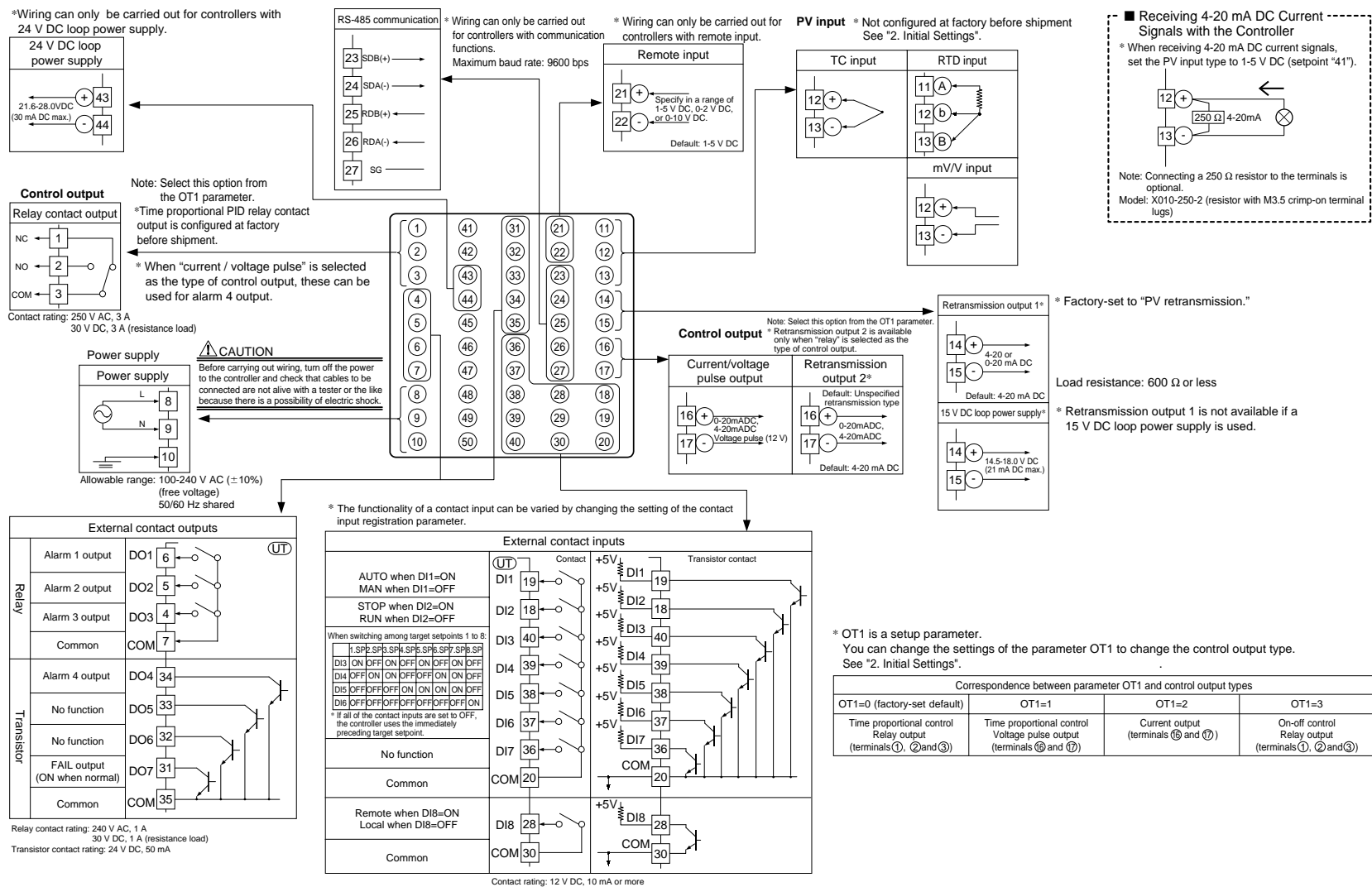
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Do not use unassigned terminals as relay terminals.

---

Terminal wiring diagrams are shown on and after the next page.

# ■ UT551 Standard Type (Model:UT551-0x or UT551-3x) or Heating/Cooling Type (Model:UT551-2x), Single-loop Control



\* OT1 is a setup parameter. You can change the settings of the parameter OT1 to change the control output type. See "2. Initial Settings".

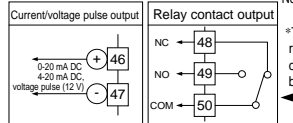
| Correspondence between parameter OT1 and control output types |  |                                    |  |
|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| OT1=0 (factory-set default)                                   | OT1=1  | OT1=2                              | OT1=3  |
| Time proportional control Relay output (terminals ①, ② and ③) | Time proportional control Voltage pulse output (terminals ⑥ and ⑦) | Current output (terminals ⑩ and ⑪) | On-off control Relay output (terminals ①, ② and ③) |

**Note: External Contact Input**  
 If the power is turned on when the external contact input is OFF, the mode (SPN, R/L, or A/M) existing before the power is turned off will be continued. (except for RUN/STOP)

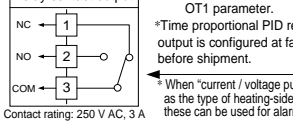
# ■ UT551 Heating/Cooling Type (Model: UT551-2x), Single-loop Heating/Cooling Control

\* When "relay contact output" is selected as the type of cooling-side control output, "current output terminal" can be used for retransmission output 2. Retransmission output value is same as ④ and ⑤ terminals.

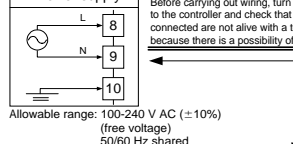
**Cooling-side control output**  
 Current/voltage pulse output  
 Relay contact output



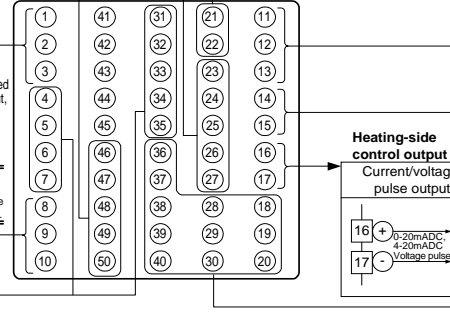
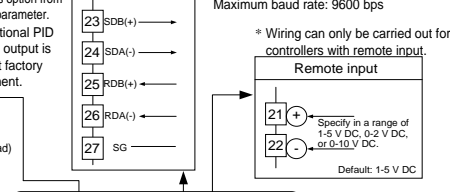
**Heating-side control output**  
 Relay contact output



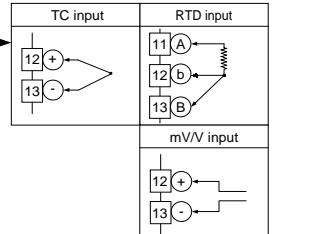
**Power supply**  
 CAUTION  
 Before carrying out wiring, turn off the power to the controller and check that cables to be connected are not alive with a tester or the like because there is a possibility of electric shock.



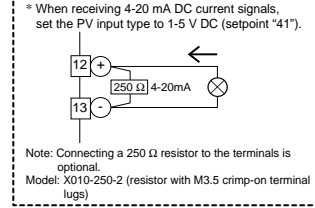
**RS-485 communication**  
 \* Wiring can only be carried out for controllers with communication functions. Maximum baud rate: 9600 bps



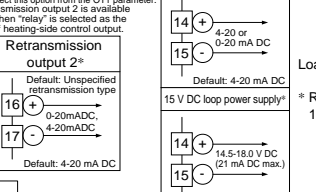
**PV input** \* Not configured at factory before shipment. See "2. Initial Settings".



■ Receiving 4-20 mA DC Current Signals with the Controller



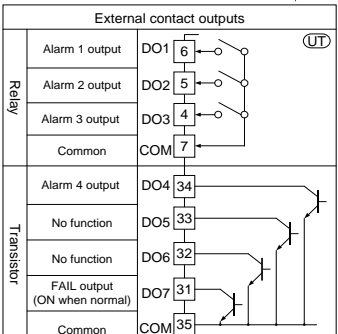
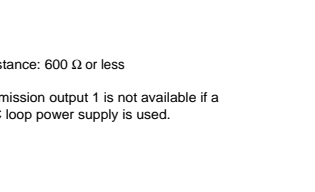
**Remote input**  
 \* Wiring can only be carried out for controllers with remote input. Specify in a range of 1-5 V DC, 0-2 V DC, or 0-10 V DC. Default: 1-5 V DC



**Heating-side control output**  
 Current/voltage pulse output  
 Retransmission output 2\*

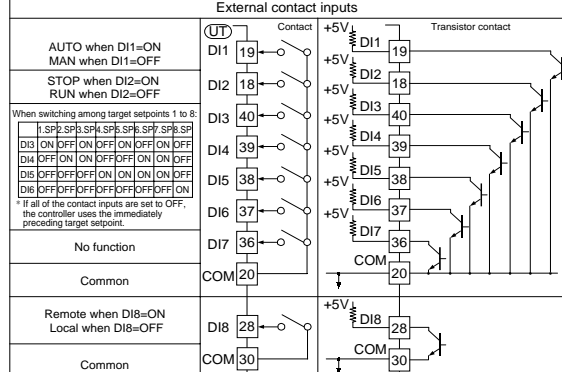


**Retransmission output 1\***  
 \* Factory-set to "PV retransmission." Load resistance: 600 Ω or less



Relay contact rating: 240 V AC, 1 A  
 30 V DC, 1 A (resistance load)  
 Transistor contact rating: 24 V DC, 50 mA

\* The functionality of a contact input can be varied by changing the setting of the contact input registration parameter.



Contact rating: 12 V DC, 10 mA or more

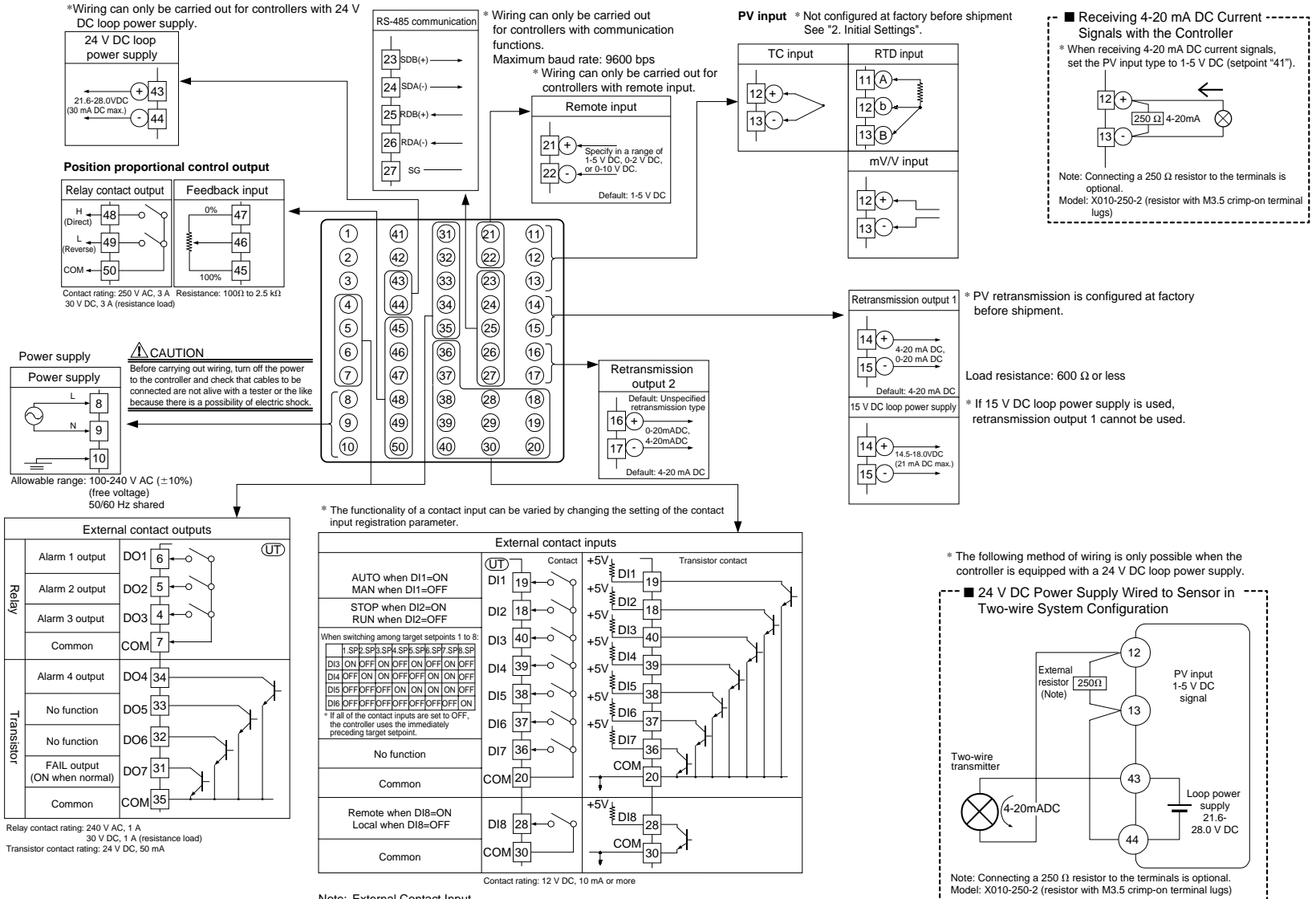
Note: External Contact Input  
 If the power is turned on when the external contact input is OFF, the mode (SPN, R/L, or A/M) existing before the power is turned off will be continued. (except for RUN/STOP)

\* OT1 is a setup parameter. You can change the settings of the parameter OT1 to change the control output type. See "2. Initial Settings".

| Correspondence between parameter OT1 and heating side output types/cooling side output types           |   |   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| OT1=4 (factory-set default)  | OT1=5   | OT1=6   | OT1=7   | OT1=8  | OT1=9  | OT1=10  | OT1=11   | OT1=12   |
| Heating side: Relay output (terminals ①, ② and ③)<br>Cooling side: Relay output (terminals ④, ⑤ and ⑥) | Heating side: Voltage pulse output (terminals ① and ②)<br>Cooling side: Relay output (terminals ④, ⑤ and ⑥) | Heating side: Current output (terminals ① and ②)<br>Cooling side: Relay output (terminals ④, ⑤ and ⑥) | Heating side: Relay output (terminals ①, ② and ③)<br>Cooling side: Voltage pulse output (terminals ④ and ⑤) | Heating side: Voltage pulse output (terminals ① and ②)<br>Cooling side: Voltage pulse output (terminals ④ and ⑤) | Heating side: Current output (terminals ① and ②)<br>Cooling side: Voltage pulse output (terminals ④ and ⑤) | Heating side: Relay output (terminals ①, ② and ③)<br>Cooling side: Current output (terminals ④ and ⑤) | Heating side: Voltage pulse output (terminals ① and ②)<br>Cooling side: Current output (terminals ④ and ⑤) | Heating side: Current output (terminals ① and ②)<br>Cooling side: Current output (terminals ④ and ⑤) |


The types of control output, "relay output" and "voltage pulse output" shown in the table above refer to those of time proportional control. To change to a relay output for on-off control, select "Relay Terminals" and change the setpoint of the proportional band to "0."

# UT551 Position Proportional Type (Model: UT551-1x or UT551-4x), Single-loop Position Proportional Control

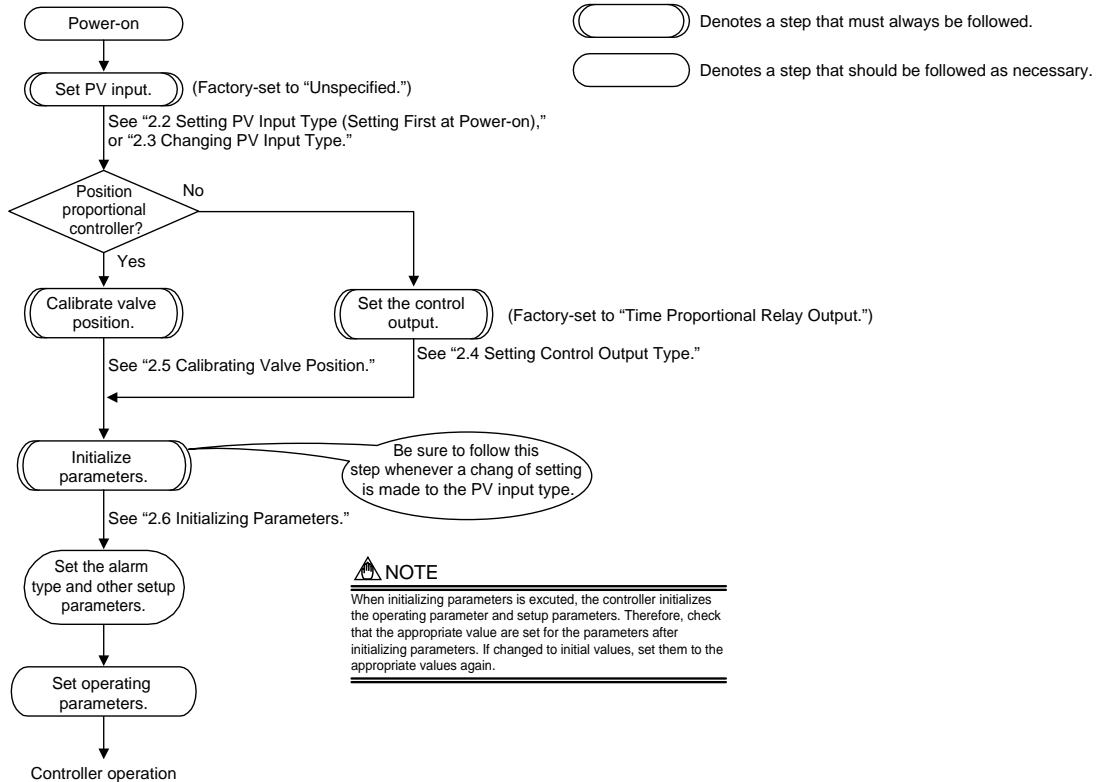




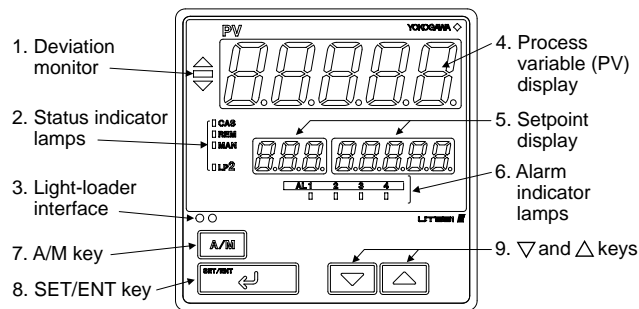
# 2. Initial Settings

This chapter describes examples of setting PV input types, control output types, and alarm types. Carrying out settings described herein allows you to perform basic control. Refer to examples of various settings to understand how to set parameters required. Refer to “5.1 Parameter Map” for an easy to understand explanation of setting various parameters. If you cannot remember how to carry out an operation during setting, press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This brings you to the display (operating display) that appears at power-on.

## Setup Procedure



# 2.1 Names and Functions of Front Panel Parts



| Name of Part                     | Function   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1. Deviation monitor             | When lit, indicates the status of a deviation (PV - SP).<br>△ : Is lit (in orange) if a deviation exceeds the deviation display range.<br>□ : Is lit (in green) when a deviation is within the deviation display range.<br>▽ : Is lit (in orange) if a deviation falls below the deviation display range.<br>The deviation monitor goes off if any display other than the operating display or SELECT display is shown.  |
| 2. Status indicator lamps        | Is lit (in green) to indicate the status of operation or control.<br>CAS: Not used in Single-loop Control.<br>REM: Is lit when in remote mode.<br>MAN: Is lit when in manual mode.<br>LP2: Not used in Single-loop Control.  |
| 3. Light-loader interface        | Interface for an adapter cable used when setting and storing parameters from a PC. This requires an optional parameter setting tool.   |
| 4. Process variable (PV) display | Displays PV.<br>Displays an error code (in red or green) if an error occurs.<br>Display color can be switched between red and green according to the setting of "PCM" setup parameter.   |
| 5. Setpoint display              | Displays a parameter symbol in 3-digit LED.<br>Displays the setpoint of a parameter in 5-digit LED.  |
| 6. Alarm indicator lamps         | If any of alarms 1 to 4 occurs, the respective alarm indicator lamp (AL1 to AL4) is lit (in orange).   |
| 7. A/M key                       | Used to switch between the AUTO and MAN modes. Each time you press the key, it switches to the AUTO or MAN mode alternately.   |
| 8. SET/ENT key                   | Used to switch or register a parameter. Pressing the key for more than 3 seconds allows you to switch between the operating display and the main menu for operating parameter setting display alternately.   |
| 9. ▽ and △ keys                  | Used to change numerical values. On setting displays for various parameters, you can change target setpoints, parameters, and output values (in manual operation). Pressing the ▽ key decreases a numerical value, while pressing the △ key causes it to increase. You can hold down a key to gradually increase the speed of change. To change from the parameter setting (operating or setup) display to the menu or from the setup parameter setting display menu to operating parameter setting display menu, press the ▽ and △ keys simultaneously. |




(The deviation display range can be changed using the setup parameter "DVB".)

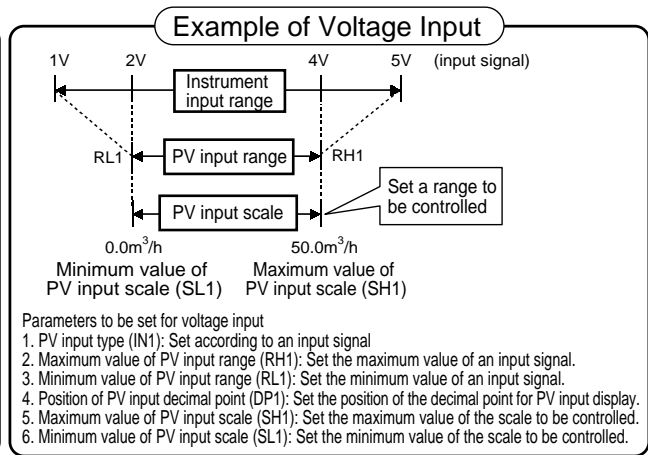
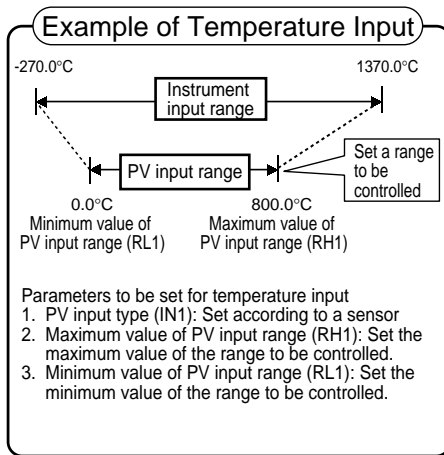
## ■ Setting of Main Parameters at the Factory before Shipment

| Item  | Factory-shipped values for standard type controllers   | Factory-shipped values for heating/cooling type controllers  | Factory-shipped values for position proportional type controllers |
|---|--|--|---|
| Remote input signal (only for controllers with remote inputs) | 1 to 5 V DC (variable)   |  |   |
| Control output  | Time proportional PID relay output (variable)  | Heating side: Time proportional PID relay output (variable)<br>Cooling side: Time proportional PID relay output (variable) | Relay output (fixed)  |
| Control action  | Reverse action (variable)  | Not specified  |   |
| PID parameter   | P = 5.0%, I = 240 seconds, D = 60 seconds.   |  |   |
| Alarm output  | Alarm-1: PV high limit, Alarm-2: PV low limit, Alarm-3: PV high limit, Alarm-4: PV low limit |  |   |

# 2.2 Setting PV Input Type (Setting First at Power-on)

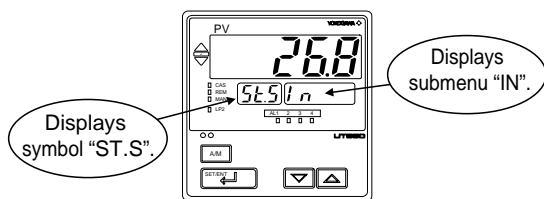
## NOTE

- The controller displays an operating display when the power is turned on. The submenu “IN” appears at this point if the type of PV input has not been defined yet. In this case, first press the  key once to display the parameter “IN1” for the PV input type, and use the  key to display the input range code to use, then press the  key to register it. Then, set the maximum value (RH1) and minimum value (RL1) of the PV input range (for voltage input, set the maximum value (SH1) and minimum value (SL1) of the PV input scale). See the operating procedure below for more details.
- The controller is configured to the default of each parameter at the factory before shipment. First check these defaults listed in “5.2 Lists of Parameters”, and change their values if necessary.

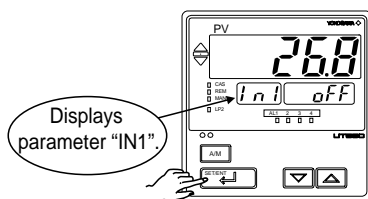


The following operating procedure describes an example of setting a K-type thermocouple (-200.0 to 500.0°C) and a measurement range of 0.0 to 200.0°C.

### 1. Display view at power-on

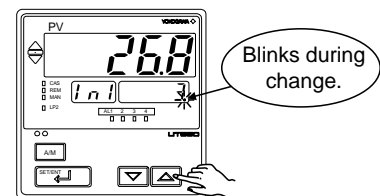


### 2. Press the key once to display the parameter IN1 (PV input type).

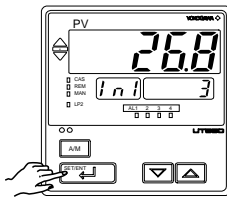



### 3. Press the or key to display the required setpoint.

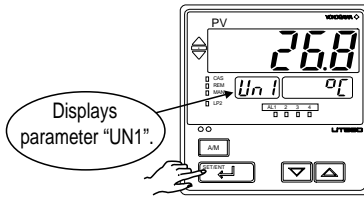
The figure below shows an example of setting a K-type thermocouple (-200.0°C to 500.0°C). See “Instrument Input Range Codes.”




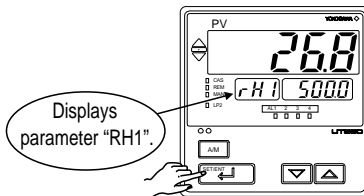
- 4. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.





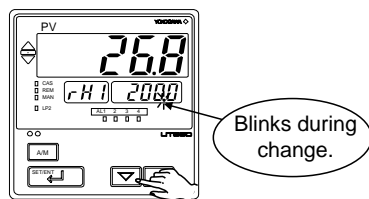
- 5. Press the  key once to display the parameter "UN1" (PV input unit).



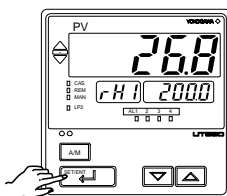
- 6. Press the  key once to display the parameter "RH1" (maximum value of PV input range).




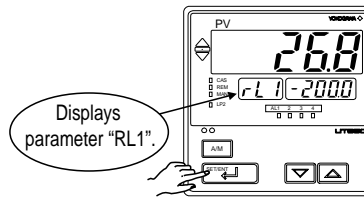
- 7. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint.  
The figure below shows an example of setting the maximum value of the PV input range to 200.0°C.





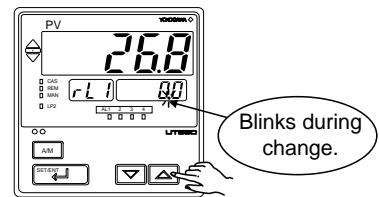
- 8. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



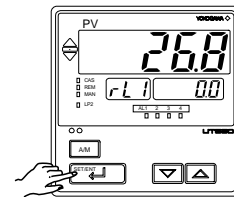
- 9. Press the  key once to display the parameter "RL1" (minimum value of PV input range).




- 10. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint.  
The figure below shows an example of setting the minimum value of the PV input range to 0.0°C.

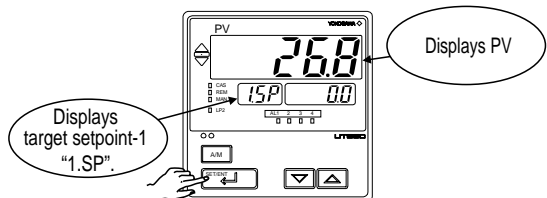


- 11. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



If the type of input is voltage, also configure the PV Input Decimal Point Position (DP1), Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1) and Minimum Value of PV Input Scale (SL1) parameters that follow this step.

- 12. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



The PV display in the figure above shows the error code for input burnout ( *baUt* ) if PV input wiring is not yet complete. The error code disappears when you wire the PV input terminals correctly.

## ■ Instrument Input Range Codes

| Input           | Type               | Instrument Input Range Code | Instrument Input Range  | Measurement Accuracy   |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Unspecified     |                    | OFF                         | Set the data item PV Input Type "IN1" to the OFF option to leave the PV input type undefined. |  |
| Thermocouple    | K                  | 1                           | -270.0 to 1370.0°C<br>-450.0 to 2500.0°F  | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit at 0°C or more<br>±0.2% ±1 digit for temperatures below 0°C,<br>where the accuracy is: ±2% of instrument range ±1 digit for temperatures below -200.0°C for a type-K thermocouple, or ±1% of instrument range ±1 digit for temperatures below -200.0°C for a type-T thermocouple. |
|                 |                    | 2                           | -270.0 to 1000.0°C<br>-450.0 to 2300.0°F  |  |
|                 |                    | 3                           | -200.0 to 500.0°C<br>-200.0 to 1000.0°F   |  |
|                 | J                  | 4                           | -200.0 to 1200.0°C<br>-300.0 to 2300.0°F  |  |
|                 | T                  | 5                           | -270.0 to 400.0°C<br>-450.0 to 750.0°F  |  |
|                 |                    | 6                           | 0.0 to 400.0°C<br>-200.0 to 750.0°F   |  |
|                 | B                  | 7                           | 0.0 to 1800.0°C<br>32 to 3300°F   | ±0.15% of instrument range ±1 digit at 400°C or more<br>±5% of instrument range ±1 digit at less than 400°C  |
|                 | S                  | 8                           | 0.0 to 1700.0°C<br>32 to 3100°F   | ±0.15% of instrument range ±1 digit  |
|                 | R                  | 9                           | 0.0 to 1700.0°C<br>32 to 3100°F   |  |
|                 | N                  | 10                          | -200.0 to 1300.0°C<br>-300.0 to 2400.0°F  | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit<br>±0.25% of instrument range ±1 digit for temperatures below 0°C   |
|                 | E                  | 11                          | -270.0 to 1000.0°C<br>-450.0 to 1800.0°F  | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit at 0°C or more<br>±0.2% ±1 digit for temperatures below 0°C, where the accuracy is: ±1.5% of instrument range ±1 digit for temperatures below -200.0°C for a type-E thermocouple.   |
|                 | L(DIN)             | 12                          | -200.0 to 900.0°C<br>-300.0 to 1600.0°F   |  |
|                 | U(DIN)             | 13                          | -200.0 to 400.0°C<br>-300.0 to 750.0°F  |  |
|                 |                    | 14                          | 0.0 to 400.0°C<br>-200.0 to 1000.0°F  |  |
|                 | W                  | 15                          | 0.0 to 2300.0°C<br>32 to 4200°F   | ±0.2% of instrument range ±1 digit   |
|                 | Platinel 2         | 16                          | 0.0 to 1390.0°C<br>32.0 to 2500.0°F   | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit   |
|                 | PR20-40            | 17                          | 0.0 to 1900.0°C<br>32 to 3400°F   | ±0.5% of instrument range ±1 digit at 800°C or more<br>No accuracy is guaranteed at less than 800°C  |
|                 | W97Re3-<br>W75Re25 | 18                          | 0.0 to 2000.0°C<br>32 to 3600°F   | ±0.2% of instrument range ±1 digit   |
| RTD             | JPt100             | 30                          | -200.0 to 500.0°C<br>-300.0 to 1000.0°F   | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit (Note 1) (Note 2)   |
|                 |                    | 31                          | -150.00 to 150.00°C<br>-200.0 to 300.0°F  | ±0.2% of instrument range ±1 digit (Note 1)  |
|                 | Pt100              | 35                          | -200.0 to 850.0°C<br>-300.0 to 1560.0°F   | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit (Note 1) (Note 2)   |
|                 |                    | 36                          | -200.0 to 500.0°C<br>-300.0 to 1000.0°F   |  |
|                 |                    | 37                          | -150.00 to 150.00°C<br>-200.0 to 300.0°F  | ±0.2% of instrument range ±1 digit (Note 1)  |
| Standard signal | 0.4 to 2 V         | 40                          | 0.400 to 2.000 V  | ±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit<br>Display range is scalable in a range of -19999 to 30000.<br>Display span is 30000 or less.   |
|                 | 1 to 5 V           | 41                          | 1.000 to 5.000 V  |  |
| DC voltage      | 0 to 2 V           | 50                          | 0.000 to 2.000 V  |  |
|                 | 0 to 10 V          | 51                          | 0.00 to 10.00 V   |  |
|                 | -10 to 20 mV       | 55                          | -10.00 to 20.00 mV  |  |
|                 | 0 to 100 mV        | 56                          | 0.0 to 100.0 mV   |  |

\* Performance in the standard operating conditions (at 23±2°C, 55±10%RH, and 50/60 Hz power frequency)

Note 1: The accuracy is ±0.3°C of instrument range ±1 digit for a temperature range from 0°C to 100°C.

Note 2: The accuracy is ±0.5°C of instrument range ±1 digit for a temperature range from -100°C to 200°C.


\* To receive a 4-20 mA DC signal, select a standard signal of 1 to 5 V DC and connect it to a 250Ω resistor. This resistor is optional.

Model: X010-250-2 (resistor with M3.5 crimp-on terminal lugs)

**NOTE**

The controller may automatically initialize the registered operating parameter setpoints if any change is made to the data item PV Input Type (IN1), Maximum Value of PV Input Range (RH1), Minimum Value of PV Input Range (RL1), PV Input Decimal Point Position (DP1), Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1) or Minimum Value of PV Input Scale (SL1). After a change has been made to any of these data items, be sure to verify the registered operating parameter setpoints to ensure that they are correct. If any data item has been changed to its default, set it to a required value.

**How to return to a menu**

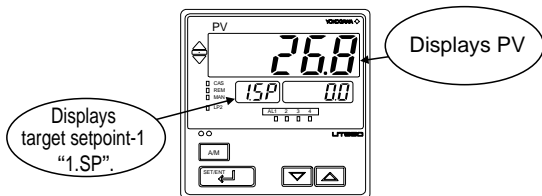
Simultaneously press both the  and  keys once during parameter setting. This lets you return to the parameter menu.

# 2.3 Changing PV Input Type

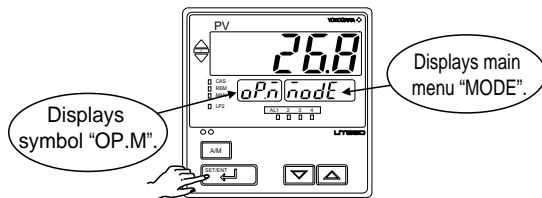
The following operating procedure describes an example of changing the setting of K-type thermocouple (-200.0 to 500.0°C) to RTD Pt100 (-200.0 to 500.0°C) and a measurement range of 0.0 to 200.0°C.

|                              |       |
|------------------------------|-------|
| PV input terminal            |       |
| Thermocouple/mV/V input..... | ⑫-⑬   |
| RTD input .....              | ⑪-⑫-⑬ |

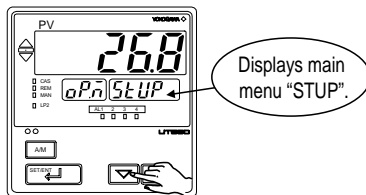
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).



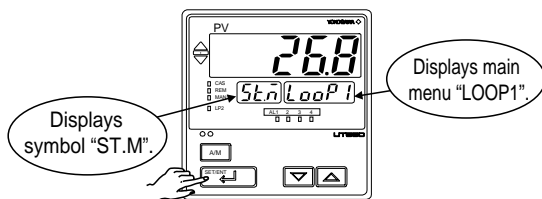
2. Press the **SET/ENT** key for **more than 3 seconds** to call up the main menu "MODE".



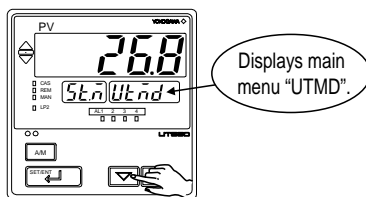
3. Press the **DOWN** key once to display the main menu "STUP".



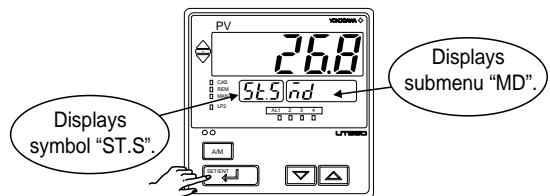
4. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the main menu "LOOP1".



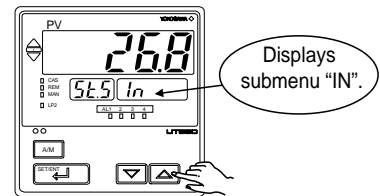
5. Press the **DOWN** key once to display the main menu "UTMD".



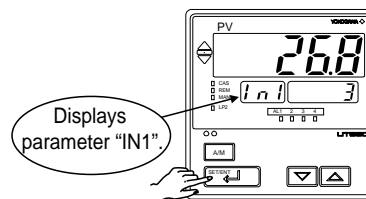
6. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the submenu "MD".



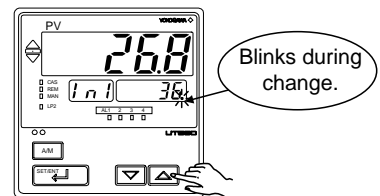
7. Press the **UP** key once to display the submenu "IN".



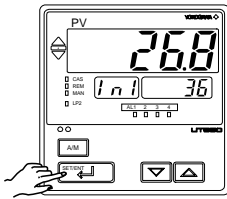
8. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the parameter "IN1" (PV input type).




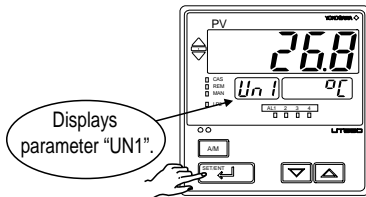
9. Press the **UP** or **DOWN** key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting the PV input type to a Pt100 resistance temperature detector (-200.0°C to 500.0°C).




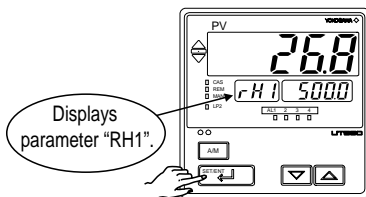
- 10. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.





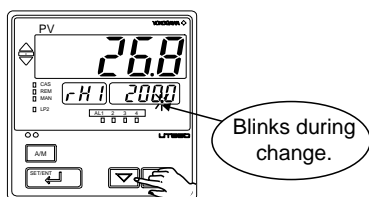
- 11. Press the  key once to display the parameter "UN1".



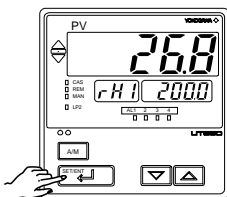
- 12. Press the  key once to display the parameter "RH1" (maximum value of PV input range).




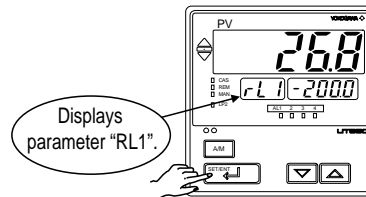
- 13. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting the maximum value of the PV input range to 200.0°C.





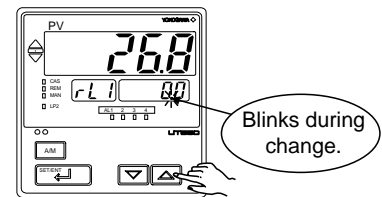
- 14. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



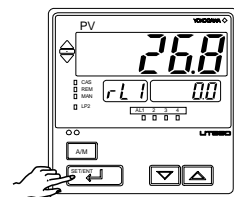
- 15. Press the  key once to display the parameter "RL1" (minimum value of PV input range).




- 16. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting the minimum value of the PV input range to 0.0°C.

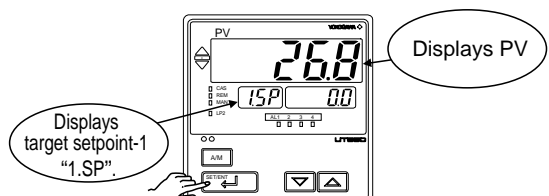


- 17. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



If the type of Input is voltage, also configure the PV Input Decimal Point Position (DP1), Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1), and Minimum Value of PV Input Scale (SL1) parameters that follow this step.

- 18. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).





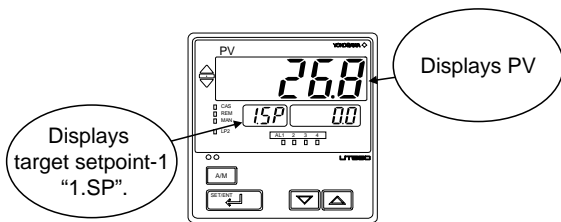
# 2.4 Setting Control Output Type (except for a Position Proportional Controller)

The following operating procedure describes an example of changing time proportional PID relay output (0: factory-shipped value) to current output (2).

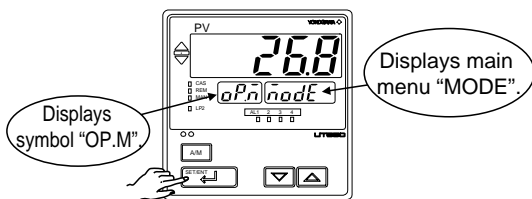
|   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Control output terminal   | Values in parentheses are setpoints |
| Time proportional PID relay (0)/on-off(3) output.....           | ①-②-③                               |
| Current (2)/time proportional PID voltage pulse (1) output..... | ⑩-⑪                                 |

For details on the output terminals for heating/cooling control, see "1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams".

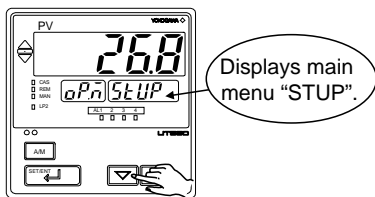
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).



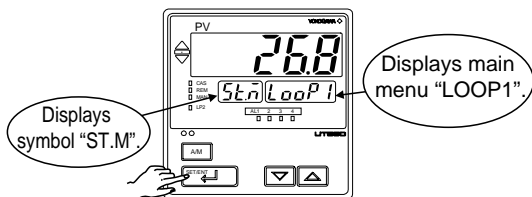
2. Press the **SET/ENT** key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



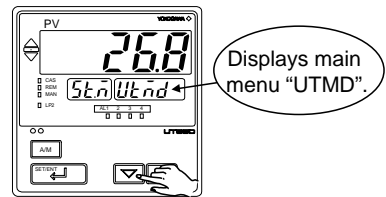
3. Press the **DOWN** key once to display the main menu "STUP".



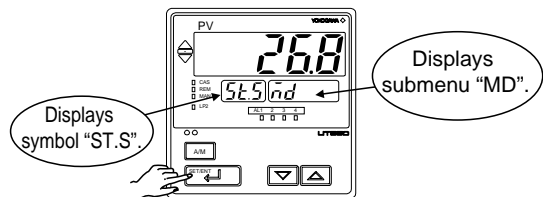
4. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the main menu "LOOP1".



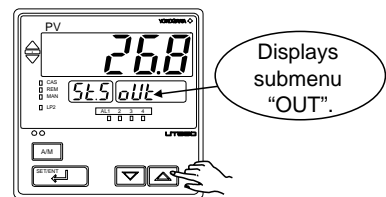
5. Press the **DOWN** key once to display the main menu "UTMD".



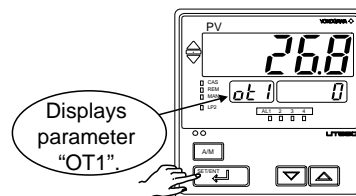
6. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the submenu "MD".





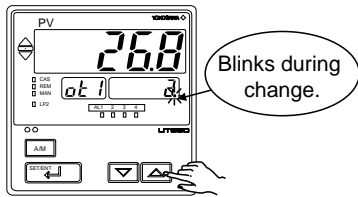
7. Press the **UP** key twice to display the submenu "OUT".



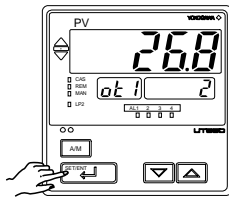
8. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the parameter "OT1" (control output type).




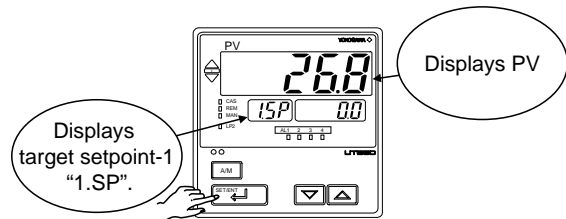
9. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting to current output (4 to 20 mA DC).



10. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



11. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



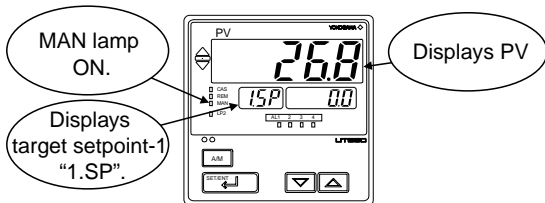
● List of Control Output Types

| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter  | Setpoint  | Control Output Types  |  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|--|
| <i>ot 1</i><br>(OT1) | Control output type  | 0   | Time proportional PID relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③)                                    |  |
|                      |  | 1   | Time proportional PID voltage pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰)  |  |
|                      |  | 2   | Current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰)  |  |
|                      |  | 3   | On/off control relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③)   |  |
|                      |  | The following 4 to 12 are displayed only for heating/ cooling type controllers. |   |  |
|                      |  | 4   | Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side relay output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥ - ④⑦) |  |
|                      |  | 5   | Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side relay output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥ - ④⑦)     |  |
|                      |  | 6   | Heating-side current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side relay output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥ - ④⑦)   |  |
|                      |  | 7   | Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑦)      |  |
|                      |  | 8   | Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑦)          |  |
|                      |  | 9   | Heating-side current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑦)        |  |
|                      |  | 10  | Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side current output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑦)    |  |
|                      |  | 11  | Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side current output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑦)        |  |
| 12                   | Heating-side current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side current output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑦) |   |   |  |

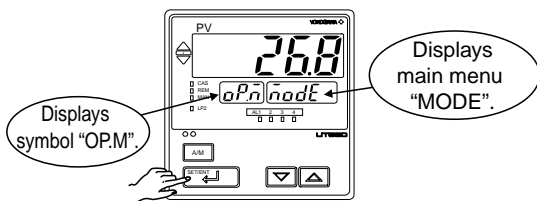
# 2.5 Calibrating Valve Position (for a Position Proportional Controller Only)

The following operation describes a procedure of inputting a feedback signal from a control valve to calibrate the full closed and full open positions of the valve automatically. To calibrate the valve position, you need to carry out wire connections and bring the controller into manual mode. For connections, see "1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams" and for entering the manual mode, see "3.8 Switching between AUTO and MAN".

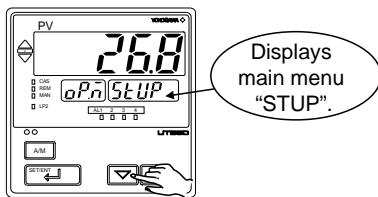
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).



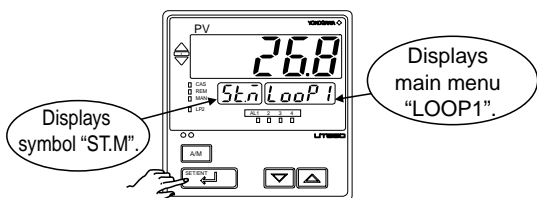
2. Press the key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



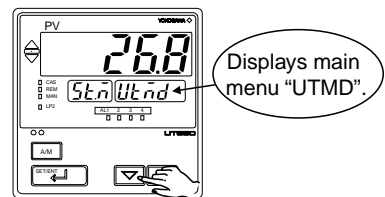
3. Press the key once to display the main menu "STUP".



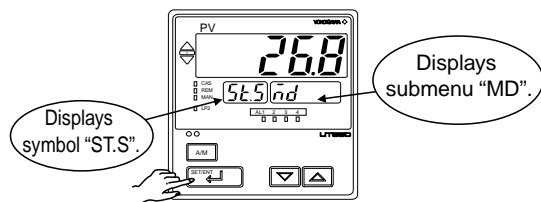
4. Press the key once to display the main menu "LOOP1".



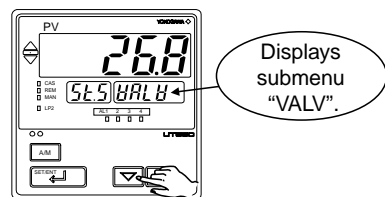
5. Press the key once to display the main menu "UTMD".



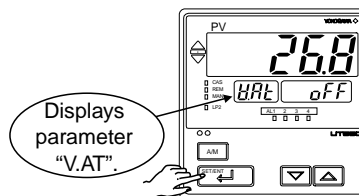
6. Press the key once to display the submenu "MD".



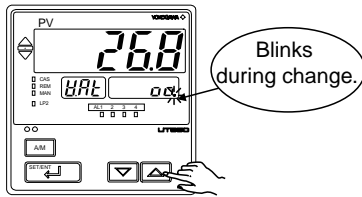
7. Press the key three times to display the submenu "VALV".




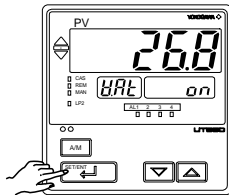
8. Press the key once to display the parameter "V.AT".



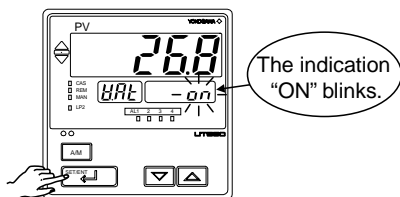
9. Press the  key to display "ON".



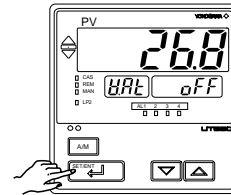
10. Press the  key once. The controller automatically calibrates the valve position (fully open or closed).



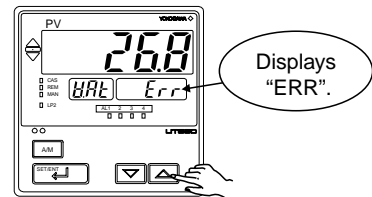
11. The controller is viewed as shown below when the valve position is being automatically calibrated.




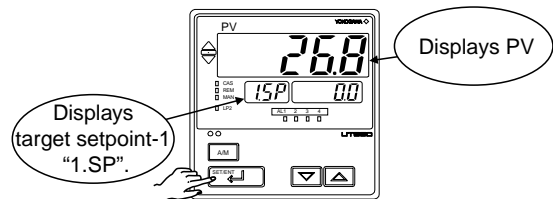
12. Calibration has ended successfully when the indication changes from "ON" to "OFF". Go to step [14].



13. Calibration has ended unsuccessfully if the indication changes from "ON" to "ERR". Check the feedback input wiring and carry out automatic calibration again.



14. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



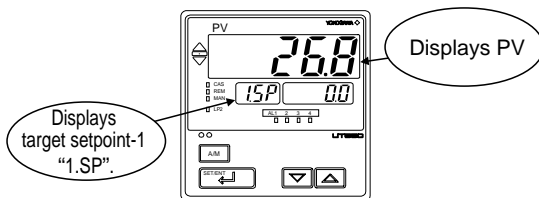
# 2.6 Initializing Parameters


Be sure to follow the steps below after a change of setting has been made to the data item PV Input Type, PV Input Range or PV Input Scale.

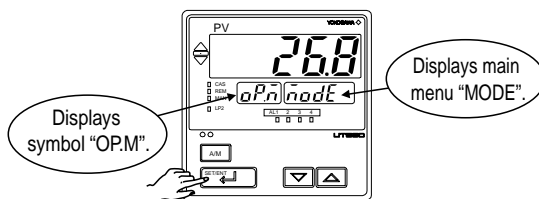



Initializing the above parameter setpoints may initialize the registered operating/setup parameters. Check that they are correct. If any of them has been changed to its initial value, set it to a required value.

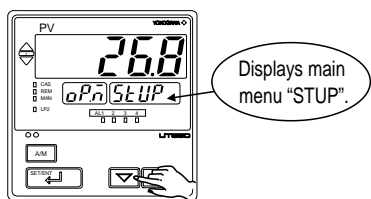
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).



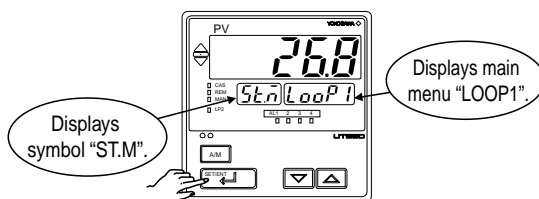
2. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".




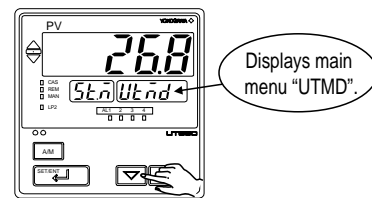
3. Press the  key once to display the main menu "STUP".



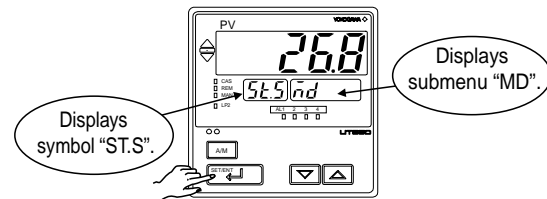
4. Press the  key once to display the main menu "LOOP1".



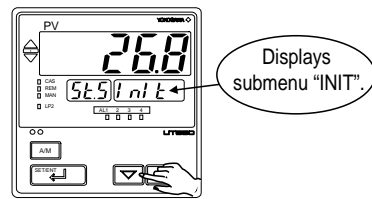
5. Press the  key once to display the main menu "UTMD".



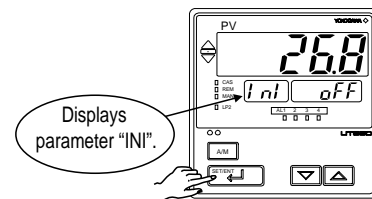
6. Press the  key once to display the submenu "MD".



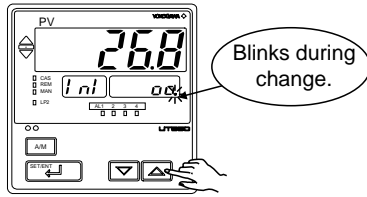
7. Press the  key twice to display the submenu "INIT".




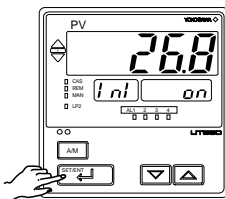
8. Press the  key once to display the parameter "INI".




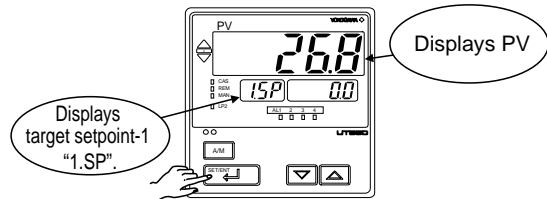
- 9. Press the  key to display "ON".



- 10. Press the  key once. The display momentarily becomes blank (which is normal), indicating the parameters have been initialized.



- 11. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).

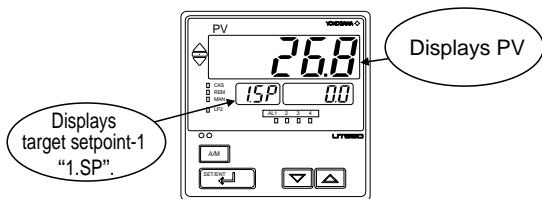


## 2.7 Changing Alarm Type

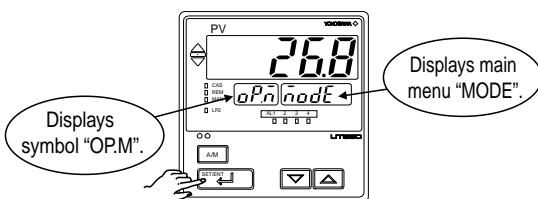
The following operating procedure describes an example of changing alarm 1 (factory-set to the PV high limit alarm) to the PV low limit alarm. When you have changed alarm type, the alarm setpoint will be initialized; set the alarm setpoint again.


| Alarm output terminals         | Factory-shipped settings |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Alarm-1 (terminal numbers ⑥-⑦) | PV high limit alarm      |
| Alarm-2 (terminal numbers ⑥-⑦) | PV low limit alarm       |
| Alarm-3 (terminal numbers ④-⑦) | PV high limit alarm      |
| Alarm-4 (terminal numbers ④-⑤) | PV low limit alarm       |

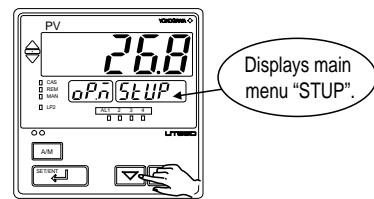
- 1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).



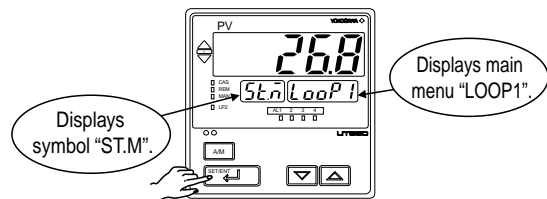
- 2. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



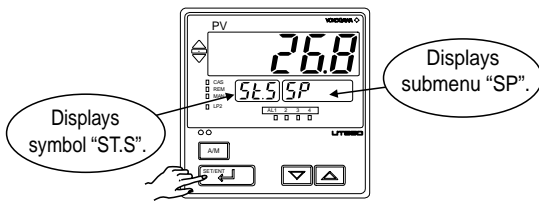
- 3. Press the  key once to display the main menu "STUP".




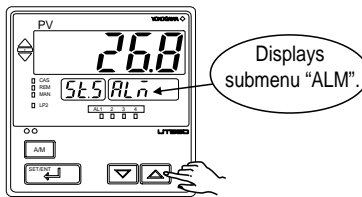
- 4. Press the  key once to display the main menu "LOOP1".



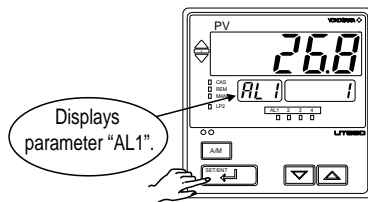
- 5. Press the  key once to display the submenu "SP".





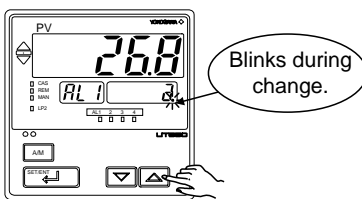
- 6. Press the  key once to display the submenu "ALM".



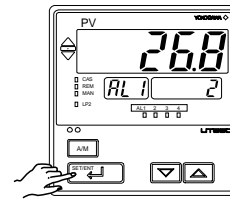
- 7. Press the  key once to display the parameter "AL1" (alarm-1 type).




- 8. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting the PV low limit alarm.

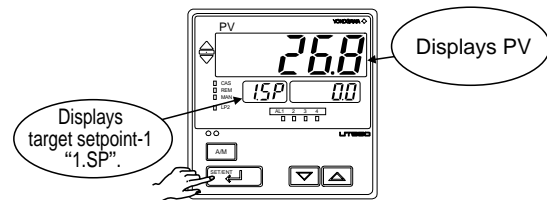


- 9. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



You can take the same steps for alarm-2 type (AL2), alarm-3 type (AL3), and alarm-4 type (AL4) that are displayed after this.

- 10. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



- 11. When setting alarm setpoints, see "3.5 Setting Alarm Setpoints".

## List of Alarm Types

The table below shows the alarm types and alarm actions.

In the table, codes 1 to 10, 33 to 38 are not provided with stand-by actions, while codes 11 to 20, 43 to 48 are provided with stand-by actions.

| Alarm type  | Alarm action<br>"Open/close" shows status of relay contact, and "lit" and "unlit" shows status of lamp | Alarm type code                |                               | Alarm type   | Alarm action<br>"Open/close" shows status of relay contact, and "lit" and "unlit" shows status of lamp                      | Alarm type code                |                               |
|---|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|   |  | Contact closes if alarm occurs | Contact opens if alarm occurs |  |   | Contact closes if alarm occurs | Contact opens if alarm occurs |
| No alarm  |  | OFF                            |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| PV high limit   |  | 1                              | /                             | De-energized on deviation low limit alarm (Note 3)                     |   | /                              | 6<br>16                       |
|   |  | 11                             |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| PV low limit  |  | 2                              | /                             | Deviation high and low limits (Note 3)                                 |   | /                              | 7<br>17                       |
|   |  | 12                             |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| Deviation high limit (Note 3)   |  | 3                              | /                             | Deviation within high and low limits (Note 3)                          |   | /                              | 8<br>18                       |
|   |  | 13                             |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| Deviation low limit (Note 3)  |  | 4                              | /                             | De-energized on PV high limit  |   | /                              | 9<br>19                       |
|   |  | 14                             |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| De-energized on deviation high limit alarm (Note 3)                     |  | /                              | 5<br>15                       | De-energized on PV low limit   |   | /                              | 10<br>20                      |
|   |  |                                |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| Timer function (control stability report event) (Alarm-1 only)          | Upward (hour/minute)   | 21                             | /                             | Sensor grounding alarm   | Sensor grounding alarm  | /                              | 25<br>26<br>27                |
|   | Downward (hour/minute)   | 22                             |                               | Fault diagnosis output (Note1)   | Fault diagnosis output  |                                |                               |
|   | Upward (minute/second)   | 23                             |                               | FAIL output (Note2)  | The controller stops when in a FAIL state. The control output is set to "OFF" or "0%" and the alarm output is set to "OFF". |                                |                               |
|   | Downward (minute/second)   | 24                             |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| SP high limit   |  | /                              | /                             | Output high limit  |   | /                              | 30                            |
|   |  |                                |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| SP low limit  |  | /                              | /                             | Output low limit   |   | /                              | 31                            |
|   |  |                                |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| Deviation high limit for target setpoint (Note 3)                       |  | /                              | /                             | De-energized on deviation low limit alarm for target setpoint (Note 3) |   | /                              | 36<br>46                      |
|   |  |                                |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| Deviation low limit for target setpoint (Note 3)                        |  | /                              | /                             | Deviation high and low limits for target setpoint (Note 3)             |   | /                              | 37<br>47                      |
|   |  |                                |                               |  |   |                                |                               |
| De-energized on deviation high limit alarm for target setpoint (Note 3) |  | /                              | /                             | Deviation within high and low limits for target setpoint (Note 3)      |   | /                              | 38<br>48                      |
|   |  |                                |                               |  |   |                                |                               |



Note 1: The fault diagnosis output turns on in case of input burnout, A/D converter failure, or reference junction compensation (RJC) failure. For input burnout or A/D converter failure, the control output is set to the setpoint of the Preset Output Value operating parameter (PO).

Note 2: The FAIL output is on during normal operation and turns off in case of failure.

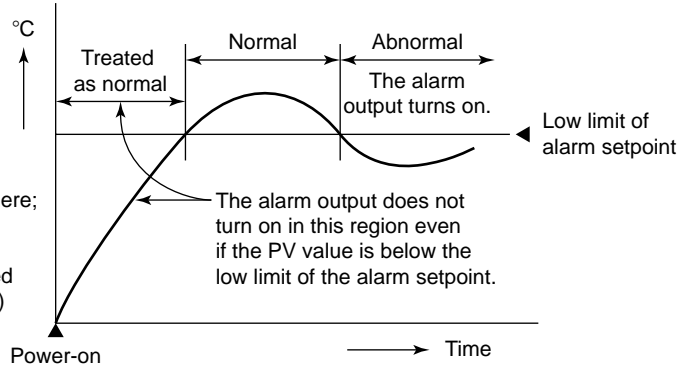
Note 3: The difference of alarm action between the alarm type codes 3 to 8, 13 to 18 and 33 to 38, 43 to 48 in the table above is as follows.

The codes 3 to 8, 13 to 18 are effective for current setpoints. (For example, they are effective for the ramp rate setpoint at SP switching.)

The codes 33 to 38, 43 to 48 are effective for target setpoints. (For example, they are not effective for the ramp rate setpoint at SP switching.)

**Stand-by Action**

- It is effective in the following cases where;
- the power is turned on
  - the target setpoint is changed
  - the target setpoint number is switched (however, except for remote setpoint)
  - the alarm type is changed



## 2.8 Setting the PV Display Color Changing Function “Active Color PV Display”

The following operating procedure describes an example of changing the PV color mode (factory-set default: “Fixed in red mode”) to “Link to alarm 1 mode.”

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter | Setting Range   | Initial Value |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|---------------|
| <b>PCn</b><br>(PCM) | PV color mode     | 0 : Fixed in green<br>1 : Fixed in red<br>2 : Link to alarm 1 (Alarm OFF:green, Alarm ON: red)<br>3 : Link to alarm 1 (Alarm OFF:red, Alarm ON:green)<br>4 : Link to alarm 1 and 2 (Alarm OFF:green, Alarm ON:red)<br>5 : Link to alarm 1 and 2 (Alarm OFF:red, Alarm ON:green)<br>6 : PV limit (Within PV range:green, Out of range:red)<br>7 : PV limit (Within PV range:red, Out of range:green)<br>8 : SP deviation (Within deviation:green, Out of deviation:red)<br>9 : SP deviation (Within deviation:red, Out of deviation:green) | 1             |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).</p>    | <p>6. Press the  key once to display the submenu “ALM”.</p>  |
| <p>2. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu “MODE”.</p> | <p>7. Press the  key several times to display the parameter “PCM” (PV color mode).</p>   |
| <p>3. Press the  key once to display the main menu “STUP”.</p>                    | <p>8. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting Link to alarm 1 mode.</p>  |
| <p>4. Press the  key once to display the main menu “LOOP1”.</p>                   | <p>9. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.</p> <p>If PCM=6,7,8 or 9, also set the relating parameters PCH (High limit for PV color change) and PCL (Low limit for PV color change).</p> |
| <p>5. Press the  key once to display the submenu “SP”.</p>                        | <p>10. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).</p>   |

## 2.9 Setting the High Limit and Low Limit for PV Color Change

The following operating procedure describes an example of changing the PV display color by PV limit(s). Set the High limit and/or the Low limit for PV color change.

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter              | Setting Range   | Initial Value   |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>PCH</b><br>(PCH) | High limit for PV color change | When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 6 or 7:<br>-100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range.<br>When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 8 or 9:<br>-100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range span. | When PCM = 6 or 7:<br>PCH:100.0 %, PCL:0.0 %<br>When PCM = 8 or 9:<br>PCH and PCL:1.0 % |
| <b>PCL</b><br>(PCL) | Low limit for PV color change  |   |   |

1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).

Displays PV.

Displays target setpoint-1 "1.SP".

5. Press the key several times to display the parameter "PCH".

Displays parameter "PCH".

2. Press the key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".

Displays symbol "OP.M".

Displays main menu "MODE".

6. Press the or key to display the required setpoint.

Blinks during change.

3. Press the key once to display the main menu "LP1".

Displays main menu "LP1".

7. Press the key once to register the setpoint.

Also set the PCL (Low limit for PV color change parameter) that follows this step.

4. Press the key once to display the submenu "PAR".

Displays symbol "OP.S".

Displays submenu "PAR".

8. Press the key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).

Displays PV.

Displays target setpoint-1 "1.SP".

## 2.10 Description of Multiple Setpoints and PID

The UT551 has a maximum of eight target setpoints, and has PID for each of these setpoints. The following shows the correspondence between the target setpoint numbers (SPN), target setpoints (SP), and PID parameters.


However, when the setup parameter ZON (zon PID selection parameter) = 0.

For example, if you have set “2” to the target setpoint number (SPN), the control parameters available are target setpoint (2.SP), proportional band (heating-side proportional band) (2.P), integral time (heating-side integral time) (2.I), derivative time (heating-side derivative time) (2.D), cooling-side proportional band (2.Pc), cooling-side integral time (2.Ic), and cooling-side derivative time (2.Dc).

To use multiple target setpoints, see the table below to check the corresponding parameters.

| Target setpoint number (SPN) | Target setpoint (SP) | PID parameter                                      |  |  |                                |                            |                              |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
|                              |                      | Proportional band (heating-side proportional band) | Integral time (heating-side integral time) | Derivative time (heating-side derivative time) | Cooling-side proportional band | Cooling-side integral time | Cooling-side derivative time |
| SPN=1                        | 1.SP                 | 1.P  | 1.I  | 1.D  | 1.Pc                           | 1.Ic                       | 1.Dc                         |
| SPN=2                        | 2.SP                 | 2.P  | 2.I  | 2.D  | 2.Pc                           | 2.Ic                       | 2.Dc                         |
| SPN=3                        | 3.SP                 | 3.P  | 3.I  | 3.D  | 3.Pc                           | 3.Ic                       | 3.Dc                         |
| SPN=4                        | 4.SP                 | 4.P  | 4.I  | 4.D  | 4.Pc                           | 4.Ic                       | 4.Dc                         |
| SPN=5                        | 5.SP                 | 5.P  | 5.I  | 5.D  | 5.Pc                           | 5.Ic                       | 5.Dc                         |
| SPN=6                        | 6.SP                 | 6.P  | 6.I  | 6.D  | 6.Pc                           | 6.Ic                       | 6.Dc                         |
| SPN=7                        | 7.SP                 | 7.P  | 7.I  | 7.D  | 7.Pc                           | 7.Ic                       | 7.Dc                         |
| SPN=8                        | 8.SP                 | 8.P  | 8.I  | 8.D  | 8.Pc                           | 8.Ic                       | 8.Dc                         |

# 3. Operations

This chapter describes key entries for operating the controller. For operations using external contact inputs, see “1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams”. If you cannot remember how to carry out an operation during setting, press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This brings you to the display (operating display) that appears at power-on.

## 3.1 Monitoring-purpose Operating Displays Available during Operation

The monitoring-purpose operating displays available during operation are roughly classified into two groups depending on the types of controller and control output. One group is operating displays for standard and position proportional controllers and the other group is operating displays for a heating/cooling controller.

### ■ Operating Displays for Standard and Position Proportional Controllers

#### ● SP display

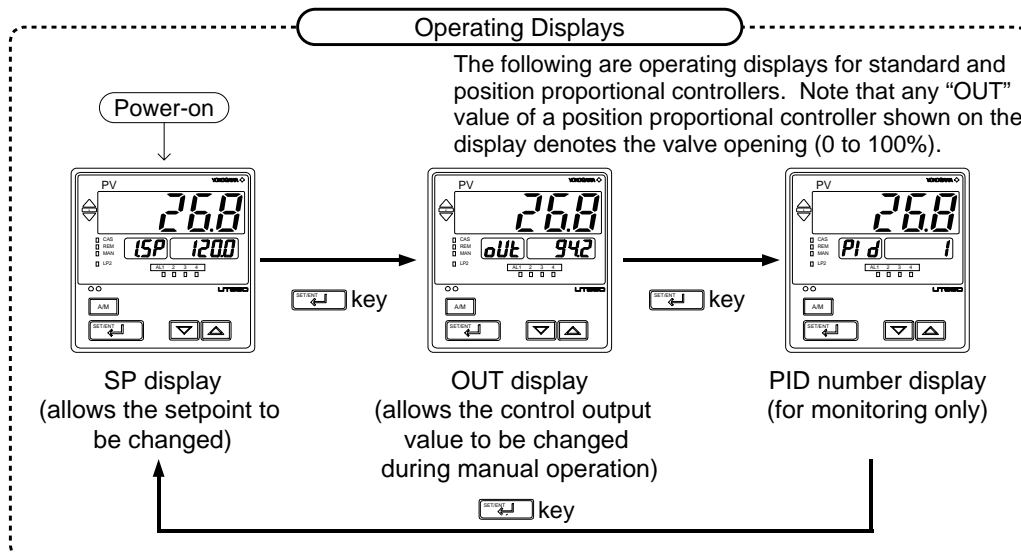
The PV input value appears on the PV display.  
The target setpoint (1.SP) appears on the Setpoint display.

#### ● OUT Display

The PV input value appears on the PV display.  
The control output value (OUT) appears on the Setpoint display.  
When in position proportional control, the Setpoint display shows the valve opening (0% to 100%).

#### ● PID Number Display

The PV input value appears on the PV display.  
The PID number (PID) being used appears on the Setpoint display.



## ■ Operating Displays for a Heating/Cooling Controller

### ● SP display

The PV input value appears on the PV display.

The target setpoint (1.SP) appears on the Setpoint display.

### ● Heating/Cooling OUT Display

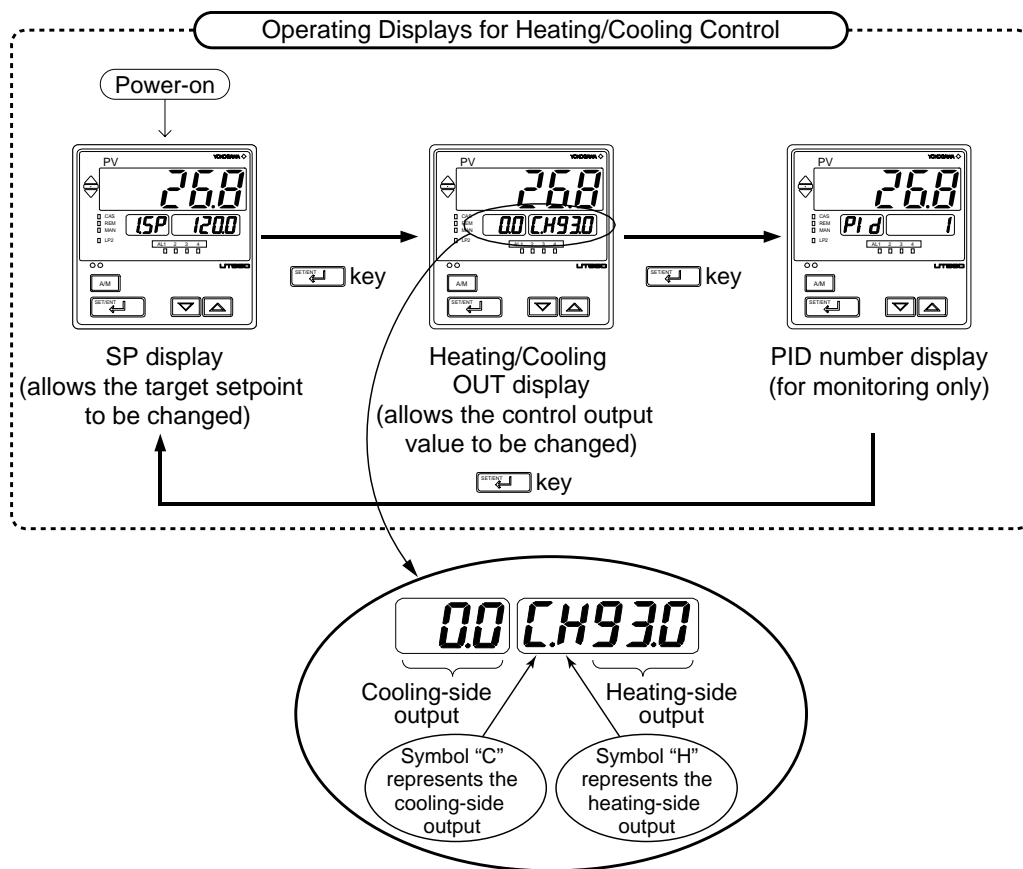
The PV input value appears on the PV display.

The heating and cooling sides control output value (C.H) appears on the Setpoint display.

### ● PID Number Display

The PV input value appears on the PV display.

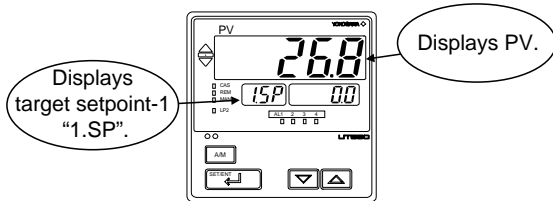
The PID number (PID) being used appears on the Setpoint display.





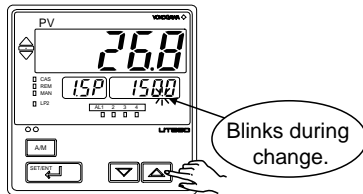
## 3.2 Setting Target Setpoint (SP)

The following operating procedure describes an example of setting 150.0 to a target setpoint. In automatic operation, the controller starts control using set target setpoints.

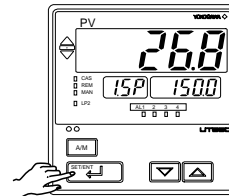
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).



2. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint.



3. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



## 3.3 Performing/Canceling Auto-tuning

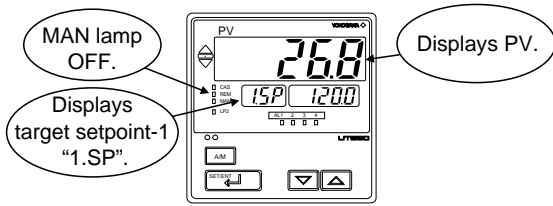
Auto-tuning should be carried out after setting a target setpoint (SP). Make sure the controller is in automatic operation mode (AUTO) and in running state (RUN) before carrying out auto-tuning. See "3.8 Switching between AUTO and MAN," to change to AUTO and "3.7 Switching between Run and Stop," to change to Run.

### NOTE

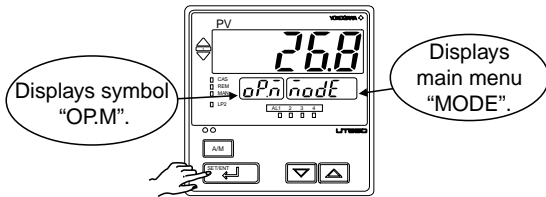
When on-off control is being used, auto-tuning cannot be carried out. Moreover, do not perform auto-tuning when controlling any of the following processes.

- Control processes with quick response such as flow control or pressure control
- Processes where even temporary output on/off results in inconvenience
- Processes where a large output change at control element results in inconvenience
- Processes where variations in PV may exceed an allowable range, adversely affecting product quality

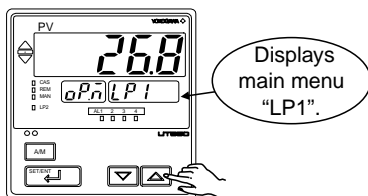
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).



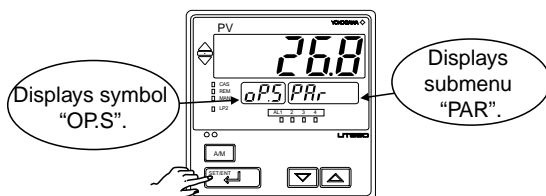
2. Press the **SET/ENT** key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



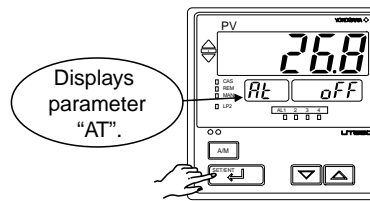
3. Press the **▲** key once to display the main menu "LP1".



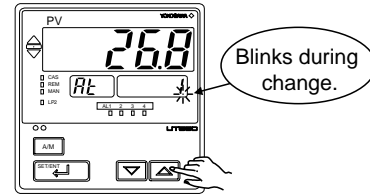
4. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the submenu "PAR".



5. Press the **SET/ENT** key once again to display the parameter "AT".

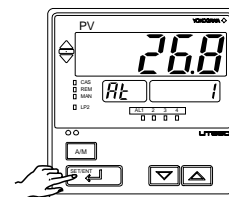


6. Press the **▲** or **▼** key to display the required setpoint. Tuning for 1.SP is AT = 1.

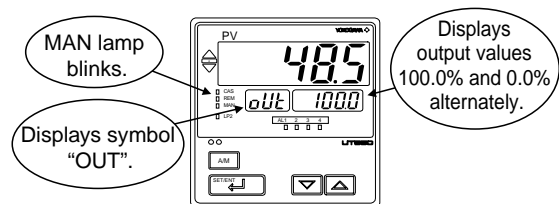


To cancel auto-tuning, set AT = OFF.

7. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to register the setpoint. (This starts auto-tuning.)  
If the **SET/ENT** key is pressed when AT = OFF, auto-tuning will be cancelled. In this case, PID contains the value existing before auto-tuning.



8. During auto-tuning, the panel indications become as shown below.



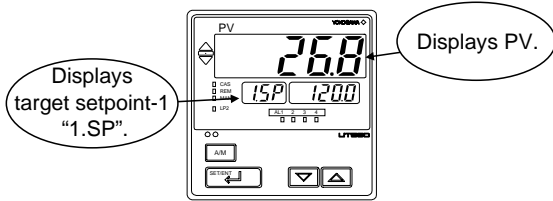
Auto-tuning is complete when the MAN lamp goes off.



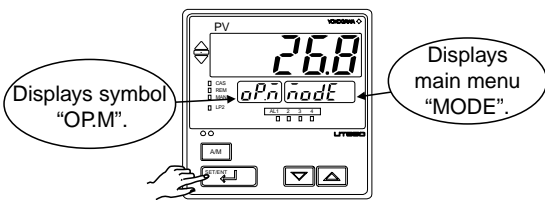
# 3.4 Setting PID Manually

If you know the values to be set or if suitable PID constants cannot be obtained by auto-tuning, follow the procedure below to set values.

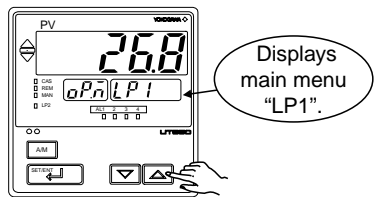
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).



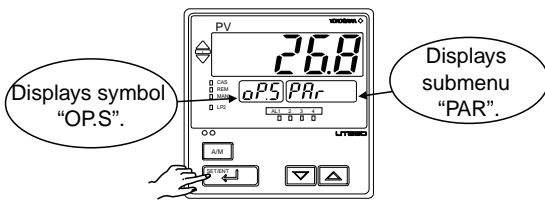
2. Press the key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



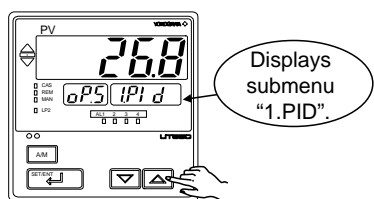
3. Press the key once to display the main menu "LP1".



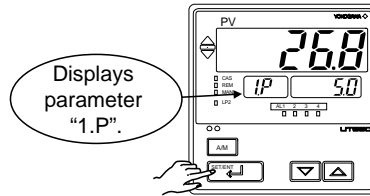
4. Press the key once to display the submenu "PAR".



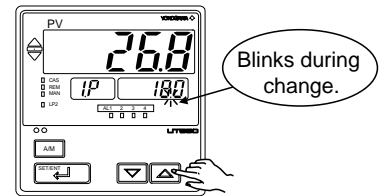
5. Press the key once to display the submenu "1.PID".



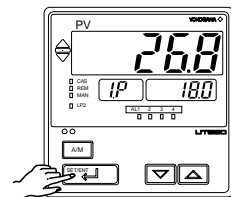
6. Press the key six times to display parameter "1.P" (proportional band for 1.SP).



7. Press the or key to display the required setpoint.



8. Press the key once to register the setpoint.

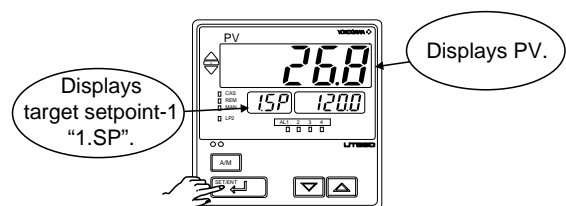


The same steps can be used for integral time (1.I), derivative time (1.D) that are displayed after this.

[TIP]

For the PID parameter number you set in step 5, select: the submenu "1.PID" if the PID constants are for 1.SP; the submenu "2.PID" if the PID constants are for 2.SP; the submenu "3.PID" if the PID constants are for 3.SP; and the submenu "4.PID" if the PID constants are for 4.SP.

9. Press the key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).

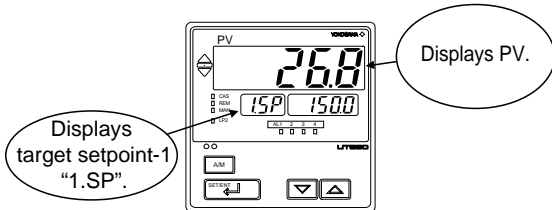


# 3.5 Setting Alarm Setpoints

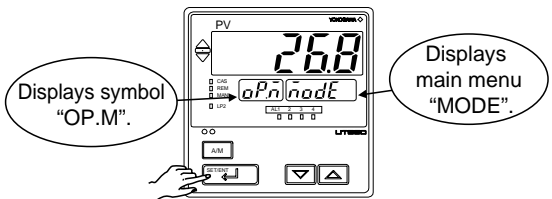
The following operating procedure describes an example of setting 160.0 to alarm-1 setpoint. Check alarm type before setting the alarm setpoint. When changing the alarm type, see "2.7 Changing Alarm Type," .

| Alarm output terminals         | Factory-shipped settings |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Alarm-1 (terminal numbers ⑥-⑦) | .....PV high limit alarm |
| Alarm-2 (terminal numbers ⑤-⑦) | .....PV low limit alarm  |
| Alarm-3 (terminal numbers ④-⑦) | .....PV high limit alarm |
| Alarm-4 (terminal numbers ③-⑤) | .....PV low limit alarm  |

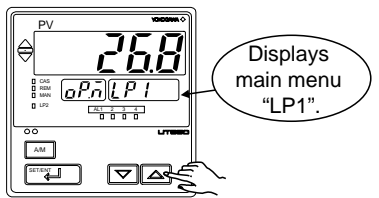
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).



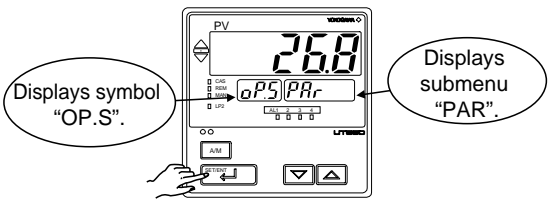
2. Press the **SET/ENT** key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



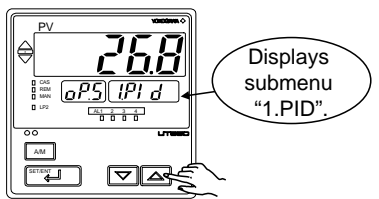
3. Press the **▲** key once to display the main menu "LP1".



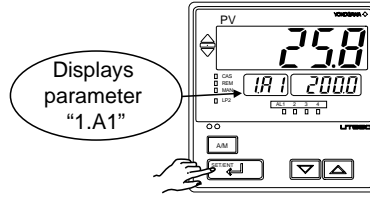
4. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to display the submenu "PAR".



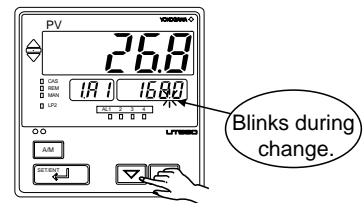
5. Press the **▲** key once to display the submenu "1.PID".



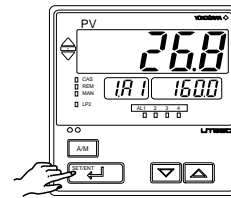
6. Press the **SET/ENT** key twice to display the parameter "1.A1".



7. Press the **▲** or **▼** key to display the required setpoint.

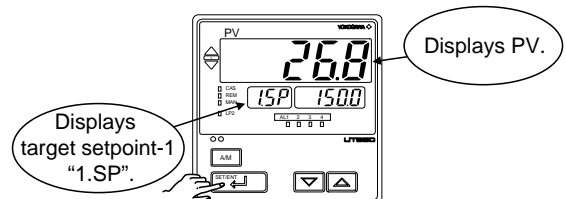


8. Press the **SET/ENT** key once to register the setpoint.



You can take the same steps for alarm-2 setpoint(1. A2), alarm-3 setpoint(1. A3), alarm-4 setpoint(1. A4) that are displayed after this.

9. Press the **SET/ENT** key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



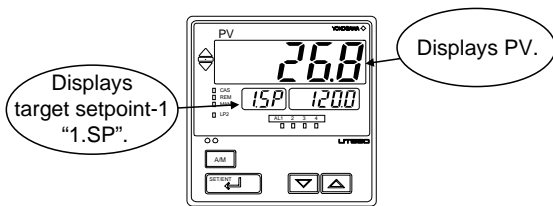
# 3.6 Selecting Target Setpoint Numbers (SPN)


The following operating procedure describes an example of changing a target setpoint number (SPN) from 1 to 2.

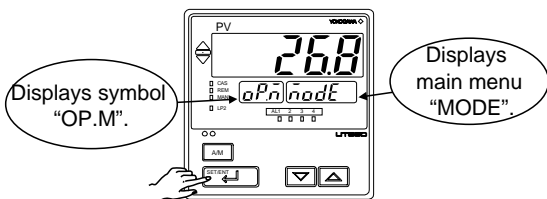
## NOTE

If a target setpoint number has been switched using contact input, when the contact input is on, that number cannot be selected by keystroke.

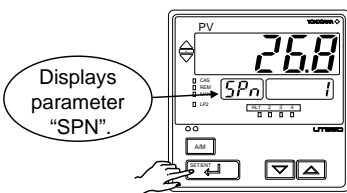
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).



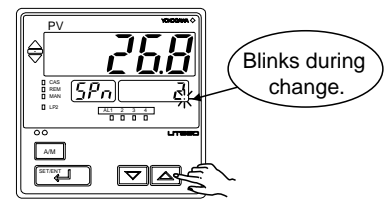
2. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



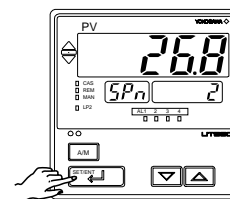
3. Press the  key several times to display the parameter "SPN".




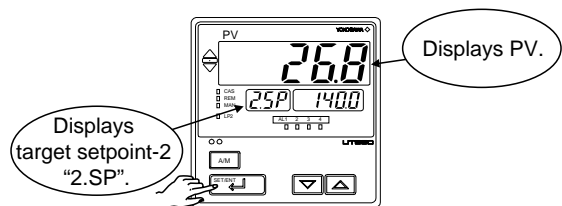
4. Press the  or  key to display the required setpoint.



5. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.

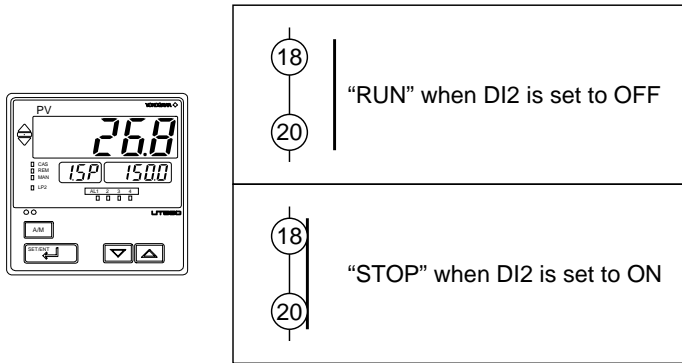


6. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



### 3.7 Switching between Run and Stop

Selection between the Run state (RUN) and Stop state (STOP) can be made with contact input 2 (DI2). (Factory-set default)



When the controller is stopped, input and outputs are as follows:

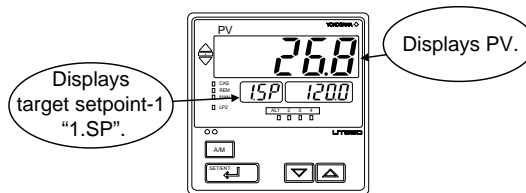
|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| PV input       | Displays the PV value.                                |
| Control output | Provides the preset output value (factory-set to 0%). |
| Alarm output   | Turns the output on in case of an alarm.              |

### 3.8 Switching between AUTO and MAN

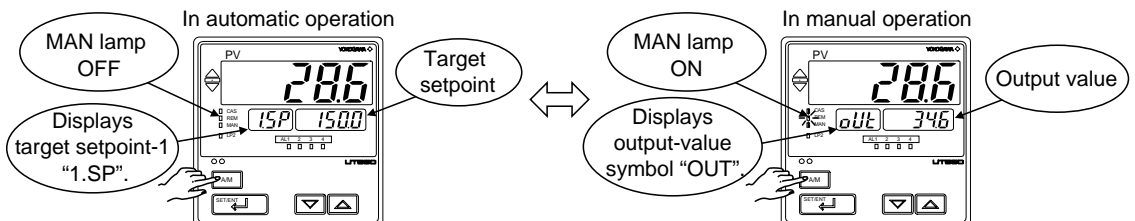
#### NOTE

If AUTO and MAN have been switched using contact input, when the contact input is ON, switching between AUTO and MAN cannot be achieved by keystroke.

1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).






2. Each time you press the **A/M** key on the front panel of the instrument, AUTO and MAN is switched alternately.



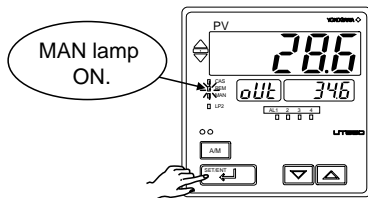
# 3.9 Manipulating Control Output during Manual Operation




## NOTE

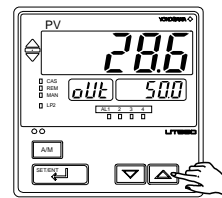
Control output cannot be changed if the controller is stopped. In this case, the preset output value (operating parameter PO) will be output. In heating/cooling control, the heating preset output value (operating parameter PO) and cooling-side preset output value (operating parameter Oc) will be output.

A control output value is linked with a display value changed using the  or  key. Note that the control output changes as displayed without requiring the  key.

1. Bring manual operating display into view. For switching to manual operation, see "3.8 Switching between AUTO and MAN".

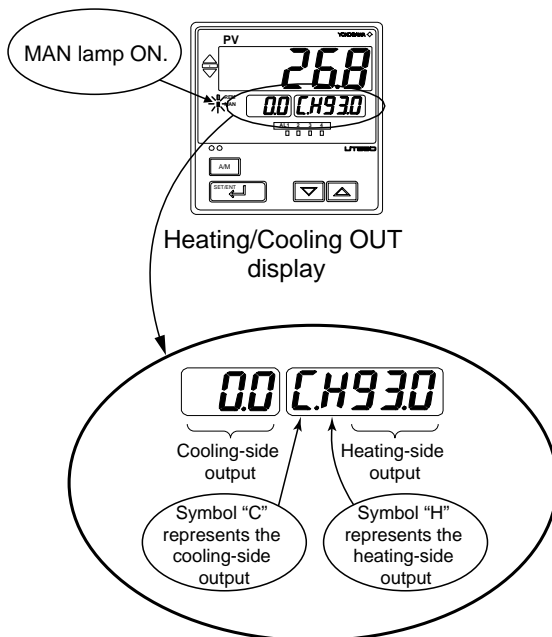


2. Press the  or  key to change a control output value. You don't need to press the  key.




## ■ Manipulating the Control Output during Heating/Cooling Control


Showing the Heating/Cooling OUT display.





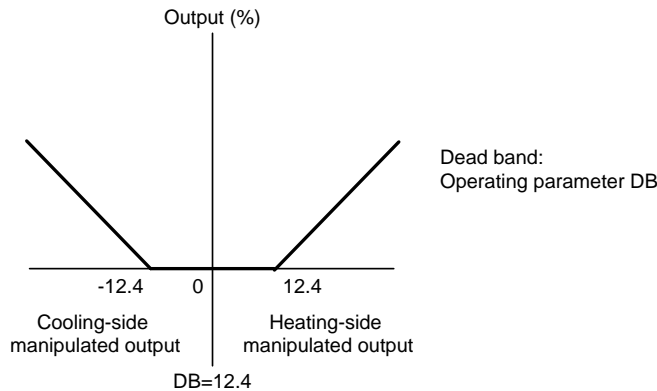
● **Controller behavior and control output manipulation when the dead band is positive**

The following is an example when the DB parameter is set at 12.4%.

If you hold down the  key with the heating-side output under manipulation (i.e., cooling-side output C = 0.0%), the heating-side output (H =) decreases.

Consequently, both the heating-side and cooling-side outputs change to 0.0%. If you keep the  key held down longer, you enter the state of manipulating the cooling-side output, and its value begins to increase.



Inversely, if you hold down the  key with the cooling-side output under manipulation (i.e., heating-side output H = 0.0%), the cooling-side output (C =) decreases. Consequently, both the heating-side and cooling-side outputs go to 0.0%. If you keep the  key held down longer, you enter the state of manipulating the heating-side output, and its value begins to increase.

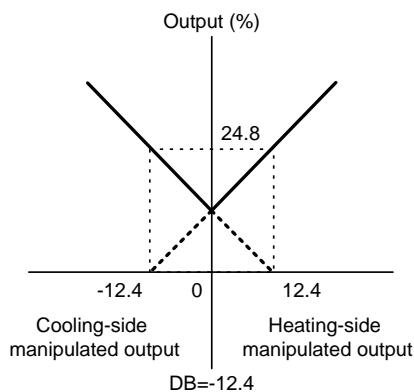


Change in manipulated output when the dead band is positive

● **Controller behavior and control output manipulation when the dead band is negative**



The following is an example when the DB parameter is set at -12.4%.


If you hold down the  key with the heating-side output under manipulation (i.e., cooling-side output C = 0.0%), the heating-side output (H =) decreases. If the output H falls below 24.8%, the cooling-side output C begins to increase from 0.0%. If you keep the  key held down longer and the output C rises above 24.8%, the output H goes to 0.0% and you enter the state of manipulating the cooling-side output.



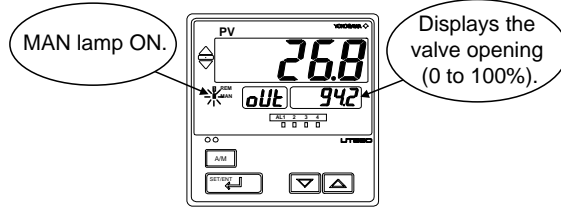
Change in manipulated output when the dead band is negative

### ■ Manipulating the Control Output during Position Proportional Control

The controller continues to provide control output as long as the  or  key is being pressed.

 key : Closes the valve.

 key : Opens the valve.



OUT display

Note : The output high limit (OH) and output low limit (OL) do not restrict the manual output of position proportional control.

## 3.10 Switching between Remote (REM) and Local (LCL)

The following operating procedure describes an example of switching from Local (LCL) to Remote (REM). Switching between REM and LCL is possible for only controllers with remote input.

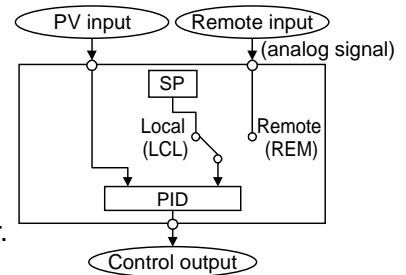
### ● Local:

Performs control using target setpoints set in the controller.

### ● Remote:

Performs control using external analog signals as target setpoints.

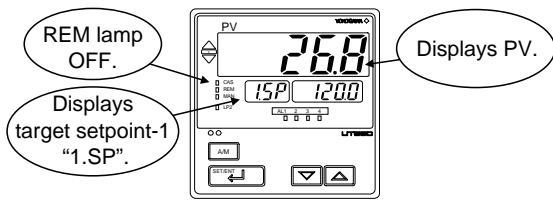
Note: The PID group number when the controller is in Remote operation is the same as the number set in the Target Setpoint Number (SPN) parameter.




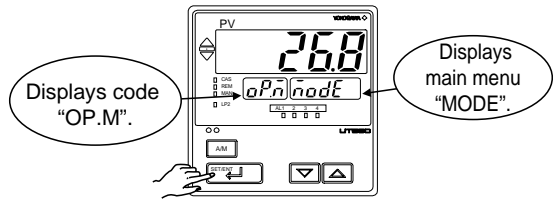
### NOTE

If Remote state is achieved by external contact input (contact input is ON), switching between REM and LCL cannot be achieved by keystroke.

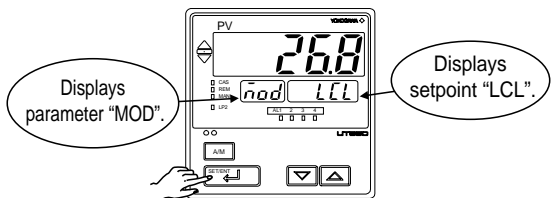
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power on).



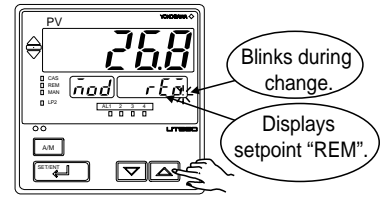
2. Press the  key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE".



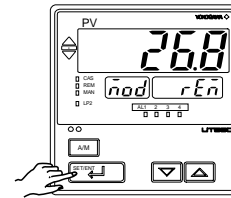
3. Press the  key several times to display the parameter "MOD".



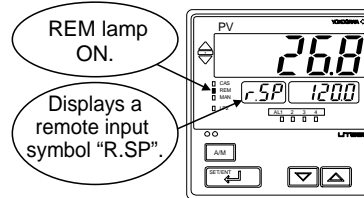
4. Press the  or  key to display "REM".



5. Press the  key once to register the setpoint.



Automatically return to the display shown at power-on (figure below).



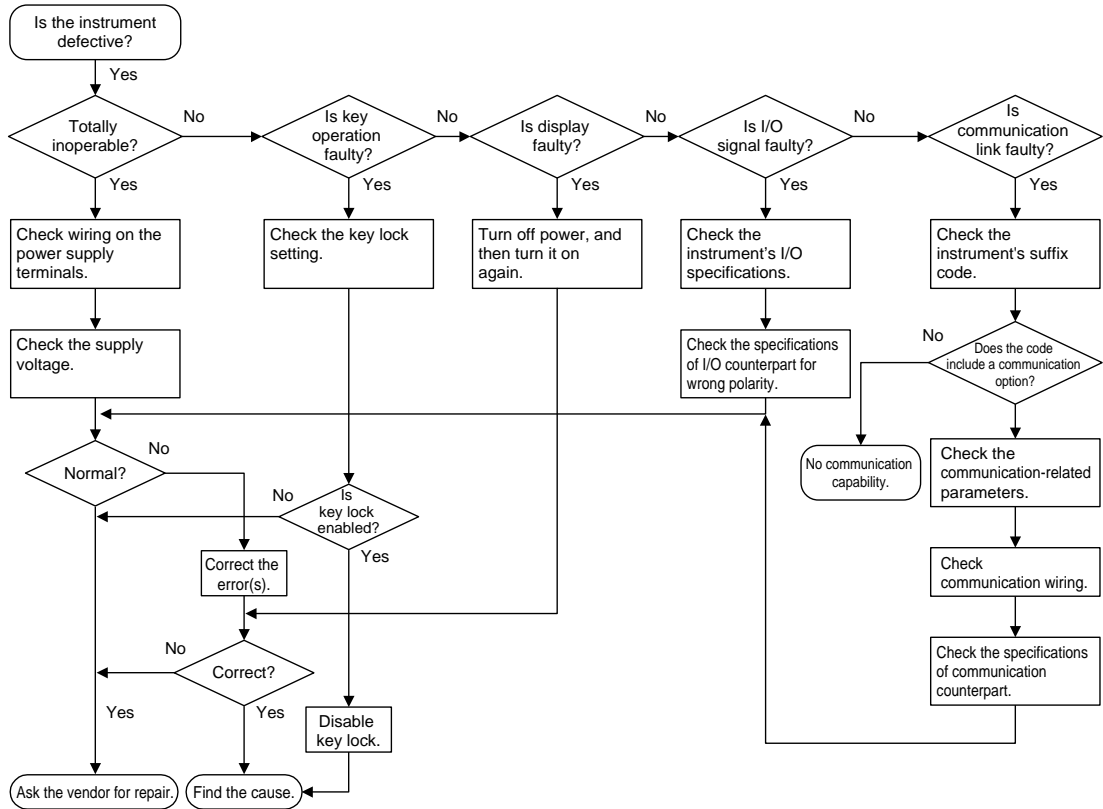


# 4. Troubleshooting and Maintenance

## 4.1 Troubleshooting

### ■ Troubleshooting Flow

If the operating display does not appear after turning on the controller's power, follow the measures in the procedure below. If a problem appears complicated, contact our sales representative.




### IMPORTANT

Take note of the parameter settings when asking the vendor for repair.

## ■ Errors at Power On

The following table shows errors that may be detected by the fault diagnosis function when the power is turned on.

| Error indication (on PV display unit)   | Description of error     | PV                              | Control output                  | Alarm output                    | Retransmission output           | Communication | Remedy                                    |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---|
| <b>E000</b> (E000)  | Faulty RAM               | None                            | 0% or less or OFF               | OFF                             | 0% or less                      | Stopped       | Faulty<br>Contact us for repair.          |
| <b>E001</b> (E001)  | Faulty ROM               |                                 |                                 | Undefined                       | Undefined                       |               |   |
| <b>E002</b> (E002)  | System data error        |                                 |                                 | Undefined                       | Undefined                       |               |   |
| PV decimal point blinks.<br> | Faulty calibration value | Normal action (out of accuracy) | Normal action (out of accuracy) | Normal action (out of accuracy) | Normal action (out of accuracy) | Normal action | Check and set the initialized parameters. |
| Error code (Note)<br>(See description below.)   | Parameter error          | Normal action                   | 0% or less or OFF               | Normal action                   | Normal action                   |               |   |

Note : An error code is displayed on the setpoint display unit.

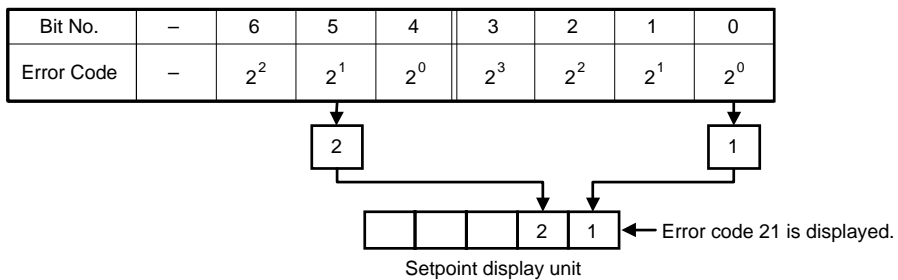
An error code is displayed in the event of an error, according to its type.

An error code is a two-digit figure in which a combination of 6 bits of on and off is converted into a decimal number.

The following shows the relationship between each bit and parameter to be checked for abnormality.

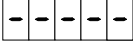

| Bit No.                 | 6                     | 5                    | 4                | 3          | 2       | 1 | 0                |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|---------|---|------------------|
| Parameter to be checked | Operation mode/output | Operating parameters | Setup parameters | Range data | UT mode | - | Calibration data |

For example, if an error occurs with the operating parameter and calibration data, the error code will be as follows:



## ■ Possible Errors during Operation

The following shows possible errors occurring during operations.

| Error indication (on PV display unit)   | Description of error                      | PV  | Control output  | Alarm output  | Retransmission output | Communication | Remedy   |
|---|---|---|---|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| Displays "RJC" and PV alternately   | RJC error                                 | Measured with RJC=OFF   | Normal action   |               |                       |               | Faulty<br>Contact us for repair.   |
| Decimal point of item part in SP display unit blinks.   | EEPROM error                              | Normal action   |   |               |                       |               |  |
| <b>E300</b> (E300)  | ADC error                                 | 105%  | In AUTO:<br>Preset value output<br>In MAN:<br>Normal action |               | Normal action         |               | Check wires and sensor.  |
| <b>boUt</b> (B.OUT)   | PV burnout error                          | Dependent on the BSL parameter<br>Up-scale: 105%<br>Down-scale: -5% |   |               |                       |               |  |
| <b>oHEr</b> (OVER) or <b>-oHEr</b> (-OVER)  | Excessive PV Out of -5 to 105%            | -5% or 105%   | Normal action   | Normal action |                       | Normal action | Check process.   |
| <b>E200</b> (E200)  | Auto-tuning failure (Time-out)            |   | Action with PID existing before auto-tuning                 |               |                       |               | Check process. Press any key to erase error indication.                                  |
| Setpoint display<br>                 | Feedback resistor breakdown               | Normal action   | Stopped   |               | Stopped               |               | Check the feedback resistor.   |
| Left end of SP display unit blinks.   | Faulty communication line                 |   | Normal action   |               | Normal action         |               | Check wires and communication parameters, and make resetting. Recovery at normal receipt |
| Decimal point at right end lights.  | Runaway (due to defective power or noise) | Undefined   | 0% or less or OFF   | OFF           | 0% or less            | Stopped       | Faulty if power off/on does not reset start the unit. Contact us for repair.             |
| All indications off   | Power off                                 | None  |   |               |                       |               | Check for abnormal power.  |

## ■ Remedies if Power Failure Occurs during Operations

The operation status and remedies after a power failure differ with the length of power failure time:

### ● Instantaneous power failure of 20 ms or less

A power failure is not detected. Normal operation continues.

### ● Power failure of about 2 seconds or less

The following show effects caused in "settings" and "operation status."

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Alarm action      | Continues. Alarm with standby function will enter standby status. |
| Setting parameter | Set contents of each parameter are retained.                      |
| Auto-tuning       | Cancelled.  |
| Control action    | Action before power failure continues.                            |

● **Power failure of more than about 2 seconds**

The following show effects caused in “settings” and “operation status.”

|                   |   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Alarm action      | Continues. Alarm with standby function will enter standby status.   |  |
| Setting parameter | Set contents of each parameter are retained.  |  |
| Auto-tuning       | Cancelled.  |  |
| Control action    | Differs with setting of setup parameter “R.MD”(restart mode).   |  |
|                   | R.MD setting  | Control action after recovery from power failure   |
|                   | CONT  | Continues action before power failure. (Factory-set default)<br>For position-proportional type, when V.MD = Valve position estimating type, starts action from 0%.   |
|                   | MAN   | Outputs preset output value (PO) as control output and continues action set before power failure in MAN mode.<br>For position-proportional type, when V.MD = Valve position feedback type, starts action from feedback input condition at recovery from power failure. When V.MD = Valve position estimating type, starts action from 0%.<br>For heating/cooling control, starts action from heating-side output value and cooling-side output value of 50% of control computation output. |
| AUTO              | Outputs preset output value (PO) as control output and continues action set before power failure in AUTO mode.<br>For position-proportional type, when V.MD = Valve position feedback type, starts action from feedback input condition at recovery from power failure. When V.MD = Valve position estimating type, starts action from 0%.<br>For heating/cooling control, starts action from heating-side output value and cooling-side output value of 50% of control computation output. |  |

## ■ Troubleshooting When the Controller Fails to Operate Correctly

If your control tasks are not successful, check the preset parameters and controller wiring before concluding the controller to be defective. The following show some examples of troubleshooting you should refer to in order to avoid the possibility of other problems.

### ● The controller does not show the correct process variable (PV).

- The UT551 controllers have a universal input.  
The type of PV input can be set/changed using the parameter "IN1". At this point, the controller must be wired correctly according to the selected type of PV input. Check the wiring first if the controller fails to show the correct PV value. To do this, refer to "2. Initial Settings".  
With the parameters "RH1", "RL1", "DP1", "SH1" and "SL1", it is possible to scale the input signal and change its number of decimal places. Also check that these parameters are configured correctly.

### ● The controller does not provide any control output or the control output does not change at all.

- The UT551 controllers have a universal output.  
The type of control output can be set/changed using the parameter "OT1".  
At this point, the controller must be wired correctly according to the selected type of control output. Check the wiring first if the controller provides no control output. To do this, refer to "1.5 Terminal Wiring Diagrams".  
With the parameters "OH" and "OL", it is possible to set/change the high and low limits of control output. The control output may not change at all, however, because of restrictions on these parameters. Also check the restrictions on these parameters.
- The control output can only be changed when the controller is in the MAN mode.  
If the MAN lamp is off (i.e., the controller is in the AUTO mode), you cannot change the control output using key operation.

### ● The control output does not change soon after the target setpoint SP has been changed.

- If this happens, check the setpoint of the parameter "MOD". In cases where fixed-point control is selected as the PID control mode (MOD = 1), tracking based on the I-term works to prevent the control output from changing suddenly even if the target setpoint SP is varied.  
The control output therefore may appear to be working incorrectly at first; however it gradually adapts itself to the new target setpoint.

## 4.2 Maintenance

This section describes the cleaning and maintenance of the UT551.

### 4.2.1 Cleaning

The front panel and operation keys should be gently wiped with a dry cloth.



#### NOTE

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Do not use alcohol, benzine, or any other solvents.

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### 4.2.2 Replacing Brackets

When the brackets are broken or lost, purchase the following brackets for replacement.

| Target Model | Part No. | Sales Unit                                |
|--------------|----------|---|
| UT551        | T9115NL  | A large bracket and small bracket in pair |

See Also “1.2 How to Install,” for how to replace brackets.

### 4.2.3 Attaching Terminal Cover

When a terminal cover is necessary, purchase the following part.

| Target Model | Part No. | Sales Unit |
|--------------|----------|------------|
| UT551        | T9115YD  | 1          |

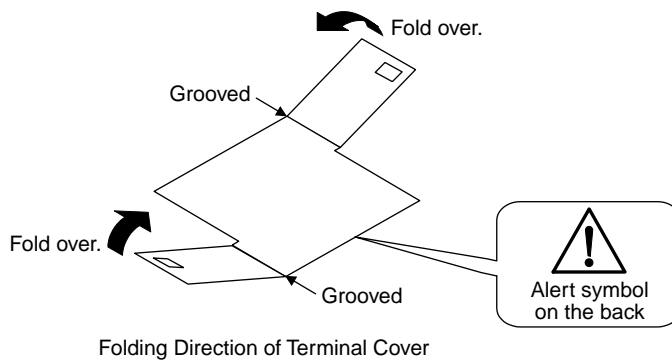
## ■ Attaching Terminal Cover

The procedure for attaching the terminal cover is as follows.



Do not touch the terminals on the rear panel when power is being supplied to the controller. Doing so may result in electric shock. Before attaching the terminal cover, turn off the source circuit breaker and use a tester to check that the power cable is not conducting any electricity.

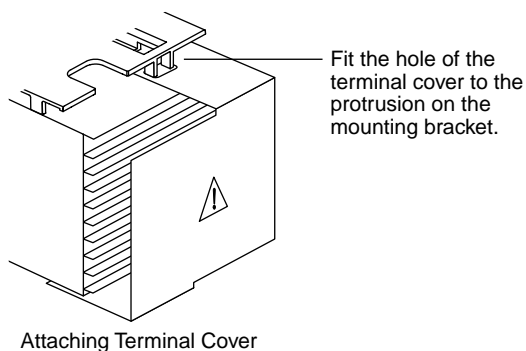
1. Before attaching the terminal cover, fold it once or twice so that the side which has the “Handle With Care” symbol ( ⚠ ), is on the outside.



### NOTE

Do not fold the terminal cover the wrong way, doing so not only reduces the cover's strength but may also cause the hinge to crack, thereby disabling attachment.

2. With the cover properly folded, fit its top and bottom holes to the protrusion of the mounting brackets.



### 4.2.4 Replacing Parts with a Limited Service Life

The following UT551 parts have a limited service life. The service life given in the table assume that the controller is used under normal operating conditions.

| Part                            | Service life   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Aluminum electrolytic condenser | About 10 years (rated)                                       |
| EEPROM                          | About 100,000 times of writings                              |
| Alarm output relays             | About 100,000 more ON-OFF operations or with resistance load |
| Control output relays           | About 100,000 more ON-OFF operations or with resistance load |

If any of these parts, except control output relays, cause a controller failure due to deterioration, contact your dealer for replacement at your cost.

See Also "4.2.5 Replacing Control Output Relays", for how to replace the control output relays.

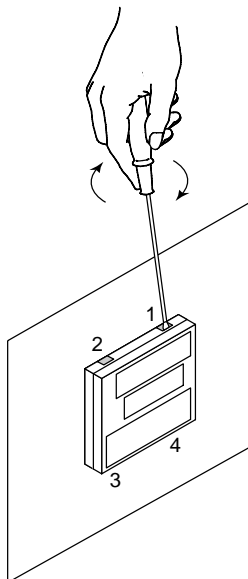
### 4.2.5 Replacing Control Output Relays

This section describes how to replace the control output relays. Since inspection is needed in case parts are replacement will be carried out by a YOKOGAWA engineer or an engineer certified by YOKOGAWA. When replacement is required, contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.



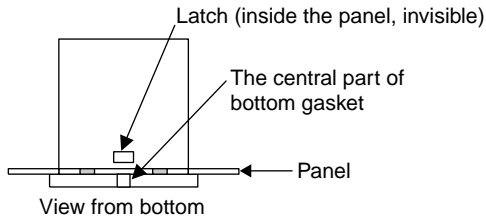
Always turn off the power before starting the work in order to avoid electric shock. Do not pull out the internal unit for any other purpose other than to replace the control output relays.

1. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver (tip width of 6mm is recommended) into the opening (4 openings are on the top and bottom of bezel) with the tip in parallel with the front panel, and then turn the screwdriver gently. Take this procedure to four openings 1, 2, 3, and 4 (see the figure below) on the upper and lower parts of the bezel, in order. The bezel slightly moves forward from the housing.



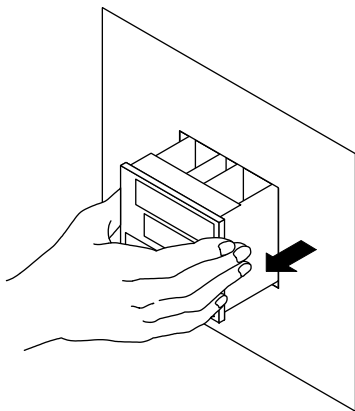


2. Push up the central part of bottom gasket of bezel by a finger to release the latch.

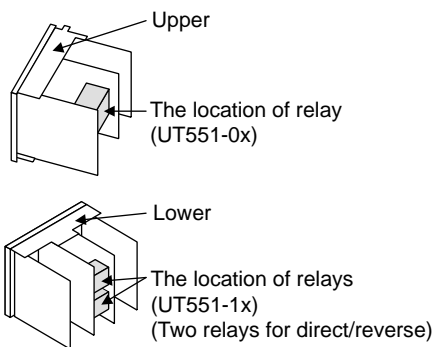


3. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the openings again, and complete the same procedure as step 1 to move the bezel more forward.
4. Hold the bezel and pull it along with the internal unit out of the housing.

Note: Be careful not to damage the RJC sensor.

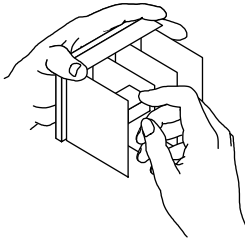


5. The location and number of the relays differ depending on the model code of the UT551. Confirm the location of the control output relay to be replaced before pulling out the relay.

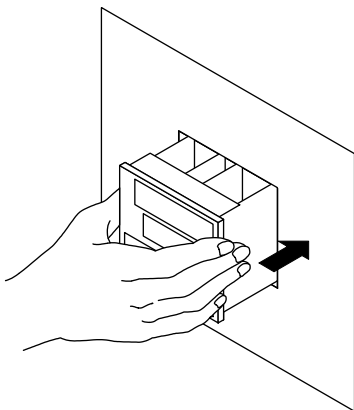


- 6. Pull out the relay to be replaced.**  
The control output relays are easy to remove and mount, since they are connected via a socket onto the print boards.  
Insert the new relay in the socket.  
Use the following relay.

|              |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Manufacture  | OMRON               |
| Model        | G6B-2114P-FD-US-P6B |
| Power supply | 12 V DC             |



- 7. Insert the internal unit into the housing.**  
Apply power to the controller and confirm that the initial operating display is shown.  
If the operating display is not shown properly, turn off the controller and pull out the internal unit. Then, insert it into the housing again.



This completes replacement of the control output relay.

## 5. Parameters

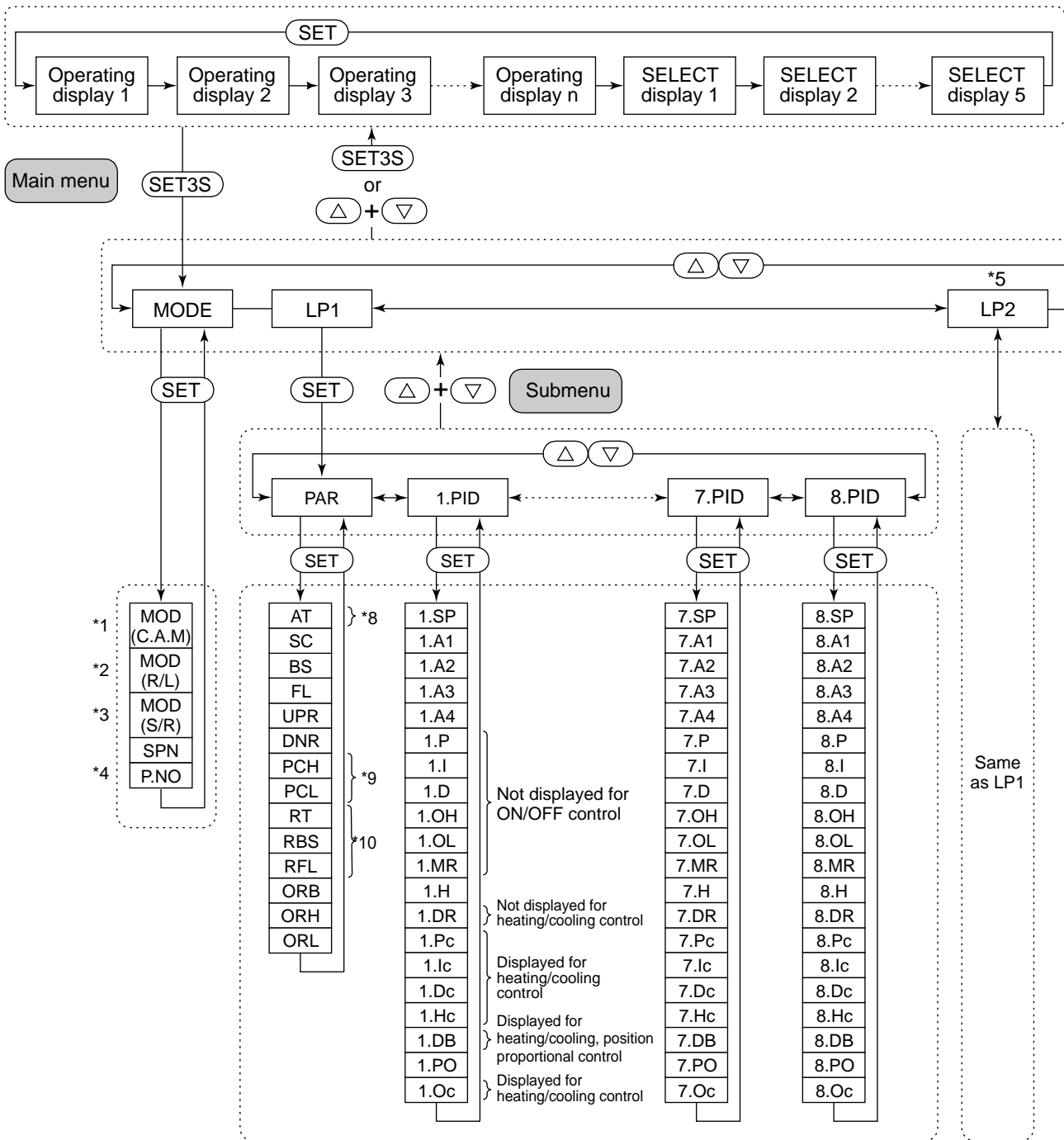
### 5.1 Parameter Map

This section contains “Operating Parameter Map” and “Setup Parameter Map” for UT551 as a guideline for setting parameters.











These maps are helpful in finding the positions of the displays when setting the parameters, and should be used as a quick reference for the entire range of parameter displays.

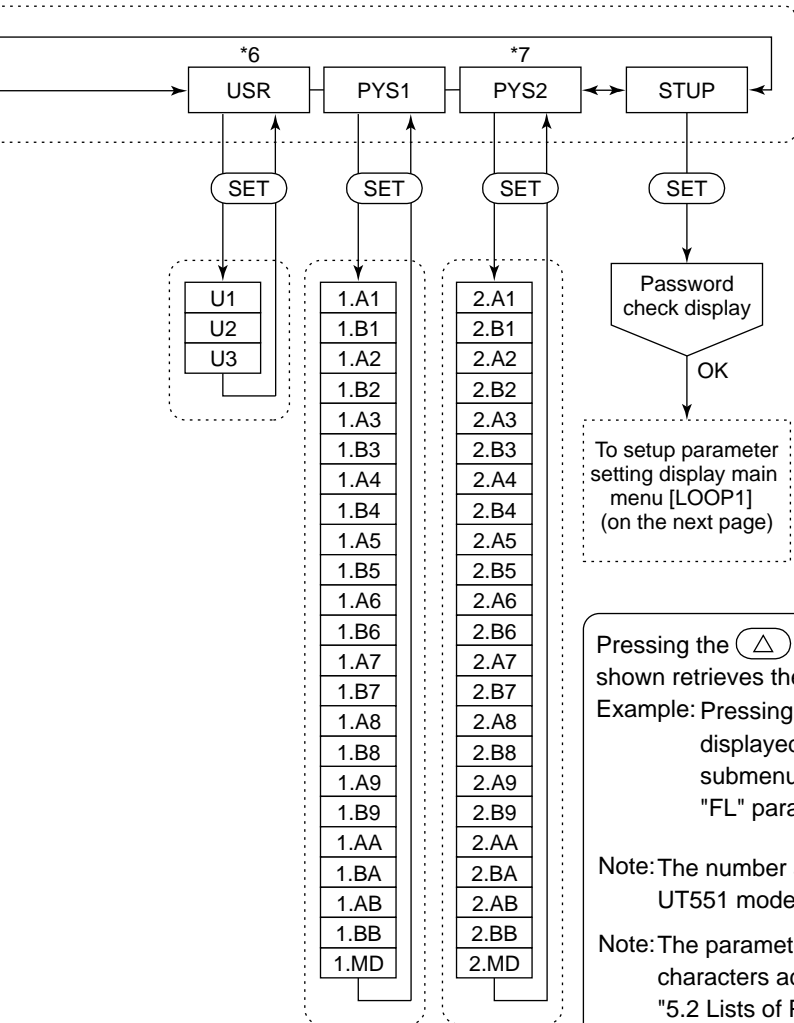
UT551 Operating Parameter Map



Operating display







- \*1 Parameter MOD (C.A.M.) is displayed when UT mode is "Cascade secondary-loop control", or "Cascade control."
- \*2 Parameter MOD (R/L) is displayed only for the controller with auxiliary analog (remote) input.
- \*3 Parameter MOD (S/R) is displayed when parameter S/R for registering contact input (setup parameter) is "0."
- \*4 Displayed only when the setup parameter ZON=3.
- \*5 Main menu LP2 is displayed when UT mode is "Cascade control."
- \*6 Main menu USR is displayed when UT mode is "Loop control with PV switching", or "Loop control with PV auto-selector."
- \*7 Main menu PYS2 is displayed when UT mode is "Cascade control."
- \*8 Displayed in automatic operation.
- \*9 Displayed when PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 6 to 9.
- \*10 Displayed only for controllers with remote input.

- SET : Press the  key once.
- SET3S : Press the  key for 3 seconds.
-   : Press the  or  key once.
-  +  : Press the  and  keys simultaneously.



Pressing the  +  keys once when parameter setting display is shown retrieves the menu of that parameter setting display.

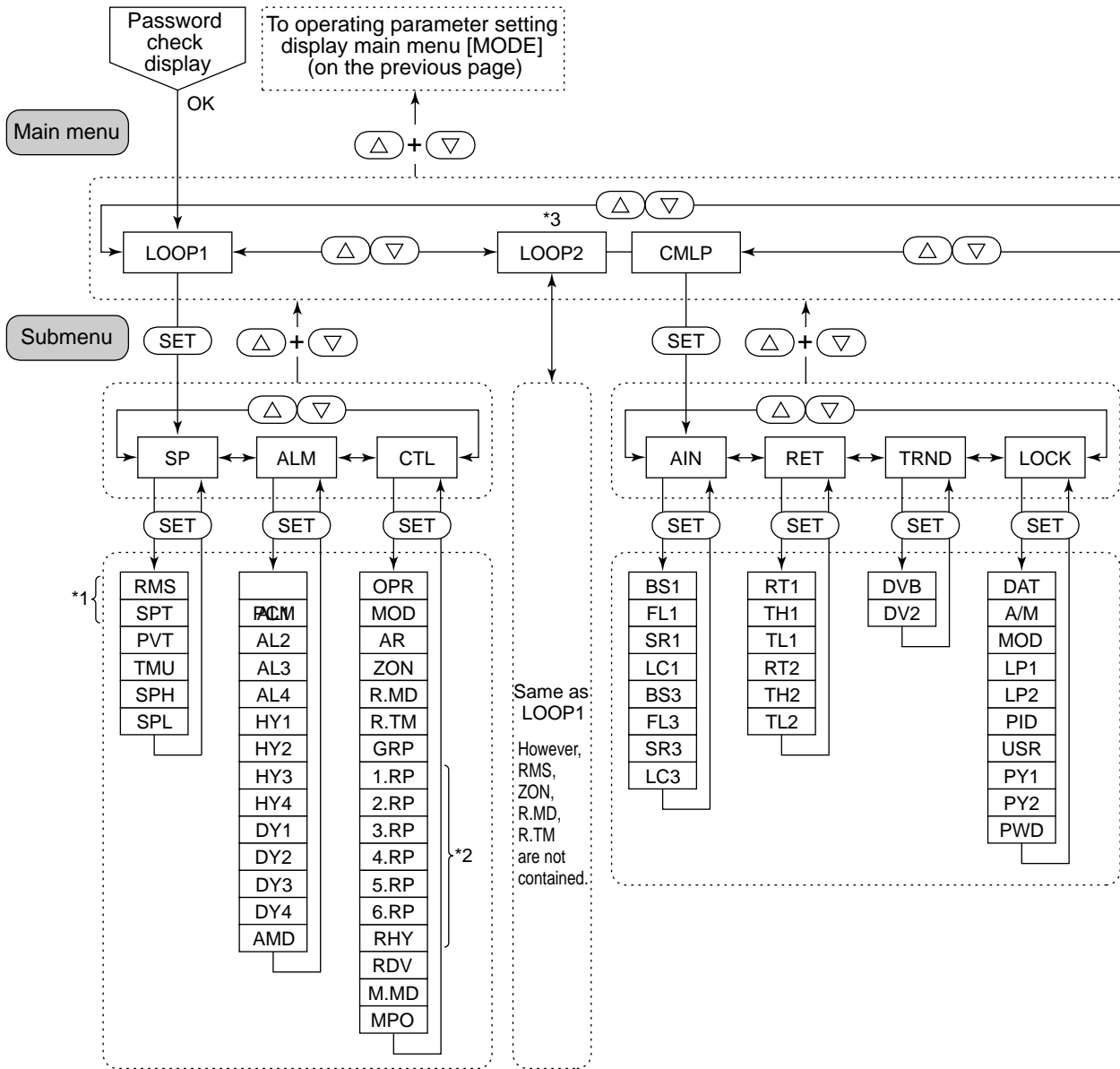
Example: Pressing the  +  keys once when the [PAR] submenu is displayed, retrieves the [LP1] main menu. Conversely, the [PAR] submenu reappears by pressing the  +  keys when the "FL" parameter display subordinate to the [PAR] submenu is shown.

Note: The number and contents of operating displays differs according to the UT551 model, the UT modes and control output types.

Note: The parameter codes of the UT551 are different from the characters actually displayed on the LED indicator. Refer to "5.2 Lists of Parameters" for the corresponding indicator characters.

SELECT displays 1 to 5 are shown only when they are registered.

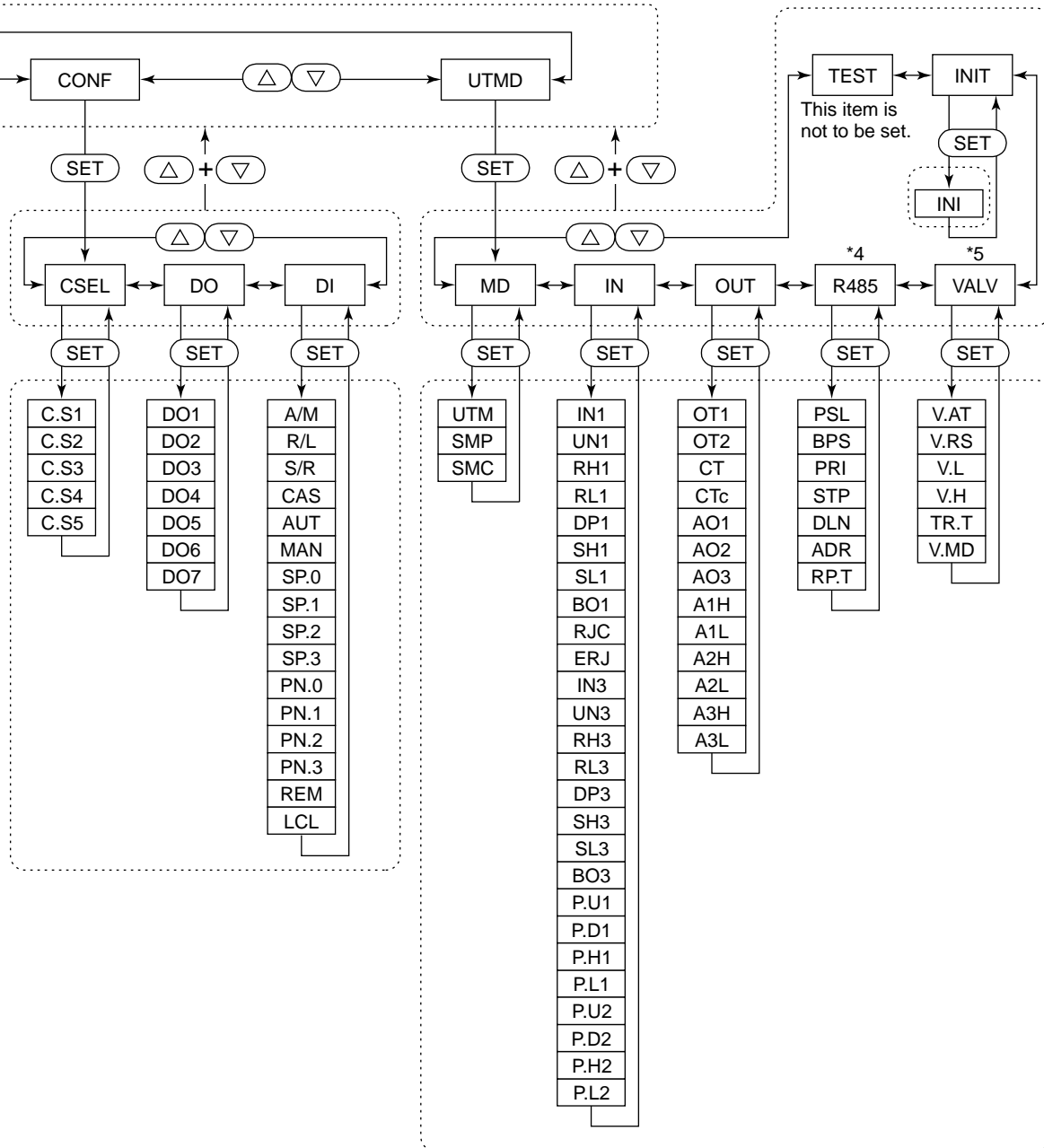
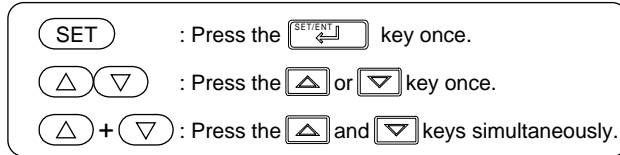
UT551 Setup Parameter Map



Pressing the  $\Delta + \nabla$  keys when a parameter setting display is shown retrieves the menu of that parameter setting display.

Note: The parameter codes of the UT551 are different from the characters actually displayed on the LED indicator. Refer to "5.2 Lists of Parameters" for the corresponding indicator characters.

- \*1 Parameter RMS is displayed only for the controller with communication. Parameter SPT is displayed only for the controller with auxiliary analog (remote) input.
- \*2 Displayed when parameter ZON is "1" or "2".
- \*3 Main menu LOOP2 is displayed when UT mode is "Cascade control."
- \*4 Submenu R485 is displayed only for the controller with communication functions.
- \*5 Submenu VALV is displayed for the position proportional controller



Note: The parameter items shown on the [TEST] submenu of the setup parameter display are to be used by Yokogawa service personnel to check the controller functions. Users cannot set or change these parameters.

Note: The parameter codes of the UT551 are different from the characters actually displayed on the LED indicator. Refer to "5.2 Lists of Parameters" for the corresponding indicator characters.

## 5.2 Lists of Parameters

This section describes the functions of parameters briefly. In addition, each parameter table has a "User Setting" column, where you can record your setpoints when setting them in the controller.

- \* Parameters relating to PV or setpoints should all be set in real numbers. For example, use temperature values to define target setpoints and alarm setpoints for temperature input.
- \* The "User Setting" column in the table below is provided for the customer to record setpoints.
- \* The column "Target Item in CD-ROM" in the table below provides references from User's Manual (Reference) (CD-ROM Version) which describes items in more detail and items that are not contained in this manual.
- \* Numbers in ( ) are the parameter setpoints that apply when the communication function is used. ex. REM (1), LCL (0)

### ■ Operating Parameters

#### ● Operation Mode Parameters

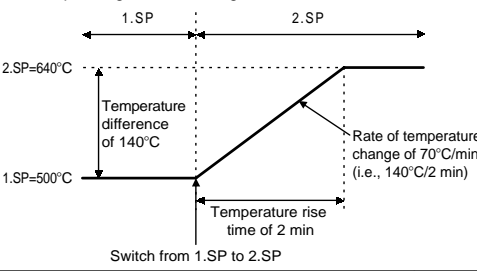
Located in: Main menu = *mode* (MODE)

| Parameter Symbol      | Name of Parameter                | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>mod</i><br>(MOD)   | Remote/Local switching           | Set to "Local" when carrying out control using the target setpoints of the controller or to "Remote" when using target setpoints acquired via a remote input signal or communication. Use the setup parameter RMS, "Remote Input Selection," to determine whether the target setpoints should be acquired via the remote input signal or communication.<br>REM (1): Remote mode<br>LCL (0): Local mode | LCL (0)       |              | —                     |
| <i>mod</i><br>(MOD)   | Run/Stop switching               | Outputs the predetermined (preset) fixed value when the controller stops. A preset output value can be defined for each target setpoint using the operating parameter "PO".<br>Stop (1): Stops operation.<br>Run (0): Starts operation.  | RUN (0)       |              | —                     |
| <i>SPn</i><br>(SPN)   | Target setpoint number selection | 1: Selects target setpoint-1 (1.SP). 2: Selects target setpoint-2 (2.SP). 3: Selects target setpoint-3 (3.SP). 4: Selects target setpoint-4 (4.SP). Likewise, options 5 to 8 select target setpoints 5 (5.SP) to 8 (8.SP).   | 1             |              | —                     |
| <i>P.no</i><br>(P.NO) | PID number selection             | Displayed when the setup parameter "ZON"=3.<br>Setting range: Depends on the setup parameter "GRP".<br>This parameter cannot be set when the PID number is selected by DI.<br>Displays PID number only.  | 1             |              | —                     |



● Operation-related Parameters

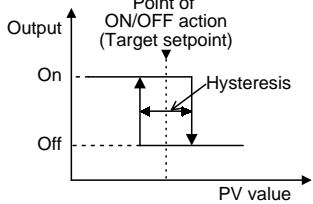
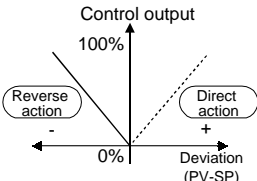
Located in: Main menu = **LP1** (LP1) ; Submenu = **PAR** (PAR)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter              | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value   | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM    |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------------------|
| <b>At</b><br>(AT)   | Auto-tuning                    | OFF (0): No auto-tuning<br>1: Auto-tuning for 1.SP    2: Auto-tuning for 2.SP<br>3: Auto-tuning for 3.SP    4: Auto-tuning for 4.SP<br>5 to 8: Perform auto-tuning on a group basis in the same way as 1 to 4<br>9: Performs auto-tuning to all groups 1 to 8.   | OFF (0)   |              | —                        |
| <b>Sc</b><br>(SC)   | "SUPER" function               | OFF (0): Disable<br>1: Overshoot suppressing function<br>Suppresses overshoots generated by abrupt changes in the target setpoint or by disturbances.<br>2: Hunting suppressing function (Stable mode)<br>Suitable to stabilize the state of control when the load varies greatly, or the target setpoint is changed.<br>Enables to answer the wider characteristic changes compared with Response mode.<br>3: Hunting suppressing function (Response mode)<br>Enables quick follow-up and short converging time of PV for the changed target setpoint.<br><br>Note: Use "SUPER" function (SC) 2 or 3 in PID control or PI control.<br>"SUPER" function 2 or 3 is not available in the following controls:<br>1) ON/OFF control<br>2) P control (control for proportional band only)<br>3) PD control (control for proportional band and derivative item only)<br>4) Heating/cooling control<br>Do not use hunting suppressing function when control processes with response such as flow or pressure control. | OFF (0)   |              | Ref.2.1(5)<br>Ref.2.1(6) |
| <b>bS</b><br>(BS)   | PV input bias                  | -100.0% to 100.0% of PV input range span<br>Used to correct the PV input value.  | 0.0% of PV input range span   |              | Ref.1.1(1)               |
| <b>FL</b><br>(FL)   | PV input filter                | OFF (0), 1 to 120 sec<br>Used when the PV input value fluctuates.  | OFF (0)   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>UPr</b><br>(UPR) | Setpoint ramp-up-rate          | OFF (0)<br>0.0% + 1 digit of PV input range span to 100.0% of PV input range span<br>Set ramp-up-rate or ramp-down-rate per hour or minute.<br>Sets unit in ramp-rate-time unit (TMU).   | OFF (0)   |              | Ref.4.1(4)               |
| <b>dnr</b><br>(DNR) | Setpoint ramp-down-rate        | Used to prevent the target setpoint from changing suddenly.<br>The ramp setting function works when:<br>1. the target setpoint is changed (e.g., "1.SP" is changed from 100°C to 150°C);<br>2. the target setpoint number (SPN) is changed (e.g., the parameter is changed from 1.SP to 2.SP);<br>3. the power is turned on or has recovered from a failure; or<br>4. the operating mode is changed from Manual to Auto.<br><br>   | OFF (0)   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>PCH</b><br>(PCH) | High limit for PV color change | When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 6 or 7 :<br>-100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range<br>When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 8 or 9 :<br>-100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range span  | When PCM = 6 or 7 :<br>PCH = 100.0%,<br>PCL = 0.0 %<br>When PCM = 8 or 9 :<br>PCH and PCL = 1.0 % |              | —                        |
| <b>PCL</b><br>(PCL) | Low limit for PV color change  |  |   |              |                          |
| <b>rt</b><br>(RT)   | Ratio setting                  | 0.001 to 9.999<br>Target setpoint = Remote input × Ratio setpoint + Remote bias  | 1.000   |              | Ref.1.2(3)               |
| <b>rbs</b><br>(RBS) | Remote input bias              | -100.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span<br>Used to correct the remote input value.   | 0.0% of PV input range span   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>rFL</b><br>(RFL) | Remote input filter            | OFF (0), 1 to 120 sec.<br>Used when the remote input value fluctuates.   | OFF (0)   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>orb</b><br>(ORB) | ON/OFF rate detection band     | 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span   | 1.0% of PV input range span   |              | Ref.3.3(4)               |
| <b>orH</b><br>(ORH) | ON/OFF rate high limit         | ORL + 1 digit to 105.0%  | 100.0 %   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>orL</b><br>(ORL) | ON/OFF rate low limit          | -5.0% to ORH - 1 digit   | 0.0%  |              | Same as above            |

● **Setpoint-, Alarm- and PID-related Parameters**

Located in: Main menu = **LP1** (LP1) ; Submenu = **1PID** (1.PID)

The table below lists the Target Setpoint-1 (1.SP) operating parameter and parameters that apply to the 1.SP parameter.

| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter  | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value  | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM    |
|----------------------|--|---|--|--------------|--------------------------|
| <b>1SP</b><br>(1.SP) | Target setpoint-1  | 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range<br>However, between target setpoint limiter lower limit (SPL) and upper limit (SPH).  | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Ref.4.1(1)               |
| <b>1A1</b><br>(1.A1) | Alarm-1 setpoint   | PV alarm / SP alarm: -100.0 to 100.0% of PV input range<br>Deviation alarm: -100.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span   | PV high limit/SP high limit alarm: 100.0% of PV input range<br>Deviation alarm: 0.0% of PV input range span        |              | Ref.4.1(1)               |
| <b>1A2</b><br>(1.A2) | Alarm-2 setpoint   | Output alarm: -5.0 to 105.0%<br>Timer alarm (for alarm-1 only):<br>0.00 to 99.59 (hour, min) or (min, sec)  | Other PV/SP low limit alarm: 0.0% of PV input range  |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1A3</b><br>(1.A3) | Alarm-3 setpoint   | Allows alarms 1 to 4 (1.A1 to 1.A4) to be set for target setpoint 1 (1.SP).<br>Four alarms can also be set for target setpoints 2 to 8.   | Output high limit alarm: 100.0%  |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1A4</b><br>(1.A4) | Alarm-4 setpoint   |   | Output Low limit alarm: 0.0%   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1P</b><br>(1.P)   | Proportional band/Heating-side proportional band (in heating/cooling control)                    | 0.1 to 999.9% of PV input range<br>In heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 999.9% (heating-side on/off control applies when 0.0)   | 5.0%   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1I</b><br>(1.I)   | Integral time<br>Heating-side integral time (in heating/cooling control)                         | OFF (0), 1 to 6000 sec.   | 240 sec.   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1D</b><br>(1.D)   | Derivative time<br>Heating-side derivative time (in heating/cooling control)                     | OFF (0), 1 to 6000 sec.   | 60 sec.  |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1OH</b><br>(1.OH) | Output high limit<br>Heating-side output high limit (in heating/cooling control)                 | -5.0 to 105.0%<br>Heating-side limiter in heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 105.0% (1.OL < 1.OH)  | 100%<br>Heating/cooling control: 100.0%  |              | Ref.2.1(3)               |
| <b>1OL</b><br>(1.OL) | Output low limit<br>Cooling-side output high limit (in heating/cooling control)                  | -5.0 to 105.0%<br>Cooling-side limiter in heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 105.0% (1.OL < 1.OH)<br>SD (shutdown): Set in manual operation in 4-20 mA control output.   | 0.0%<br>Heating/cooling control: 100.0%  |              | Ref.4.1(1)               |
| <b>1MR</b><br>(1.MR) | Manual reset   | -5.0 to 105.0%<br>(enabled when integral time "1.I" is OFF)<br>The manual reset value equals the output value when PV = SP is true. For example, if the manual reset value is 50%, the output value is 50% when PV = SP becomes true.   | 50.0%  |              | Ref.4.1(1)               |
| <b>1H</b><br>(1.H)   | ON/OFF control hysteresis<br>Heating-side ON/OFF control hysteresis (in heating/cooling control) | In ON/OFF control: 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span<br>Position proportional PID control or heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 100.0%<br><br>Hysteresis can be set in the target setpoint when the controller is performing ON/OFF control.<br><br> | ON/OFF control: 0.5% of PV input range span<br>Position proportional PID control and heating/cooling control: 0.5% |              | Same as above            |
| <b>1DR</b><br>(1.DR) | Direct/reverse action switching  | RVS (0): reverse action, DIR (1): direct action<br><br>  | RVS (0)  |              | Ref.2.1(1)<br>Ref.4.1(1) |

| Parameter Symbol            | Name of Parameter   | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b><i>IPc</i></b><br>(1.Pc) | Cooling-side proportional band  | 0.0 to 999.9% of PV input range<br>(Cooling-side ON/OFF control applies when 0.0)   | 5.0%          |              | Ref.4.1(1)            |
| <b><i>IIc</i></b><br>(1.Ic) | Cooling-side integral time  | OFF (0), 1 to 6000 sec.   | 240 sec.      |              | Same as above         |
| <b><i>Idc</i></b><br>(1.Dc) | Cooling-side derivative time  | OFF (0), 1 to 6000 sec.   | 60 sec.       |              | Same as above         |
| <b><i>IHc</i></b><br>(1.Hc) | Cooling-side ON/OFF control hysteresis                                | 0.0 to 100.0%   | 0.5%          |              | Same as above         |
| <b><i>Idb</i></b><br>(1.DB) | Dead band   | In heating/cooling control: -100.0 to 50.0%<br>In position proportional PID control: 1.0 to 10.0%<br>• In heating/cooling control:<br>When setting any positive value, there is a region where none of the heating- and cooling-side output is presented; when setting any negative value, there is a region where both of the heating- and cooling-side outputs are presented.<br>When setting a value of zero, either the heating- and cooling-side output is provided.<br>• In position proportional control:<br>Set the range so none of the outputs turn on. | 3.0%          |              | Same as above         |
| <b><i>IPo</i></b><br>(1.PO) | Preset output/Heating-side preset output (in heating/cooling control) | -5.0 to 105.0%<br>In heating/cooling control: Heating side -5.0 to 105.0%<br>In Stop state, fixed control output can be generated.  | 0.0%          |              | Ref.2.1(8)            |
| <b><i>loc</i></b><br>(1.Oc) | Cooling-side preset output  | -5.0 to 105.0%<br>In Stop state, cooling-side fixed control output can be generated.  | 0.0%          |              | Ref.4.1(1)            |

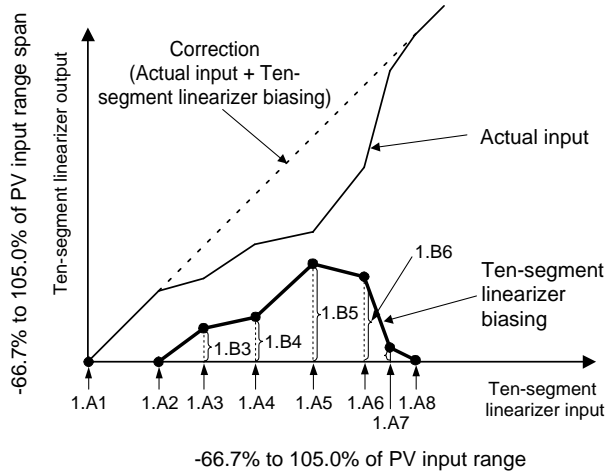
If you are using two or more groups of setpoint, alarm and PID parameters, use the following table to record their values.

| Parameter | n=2 | n=3 | n=4 | n=5 | n=6 | n=7 | n=8 |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| n.SP      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.A1      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.A2      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.A3      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.A4      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.P       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.I       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.D       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.OH      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.OL      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.MR      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.H       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.DR      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.Pc      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.Ic      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.Dc      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.Hc      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.DB      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.PO      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| n.Oc      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

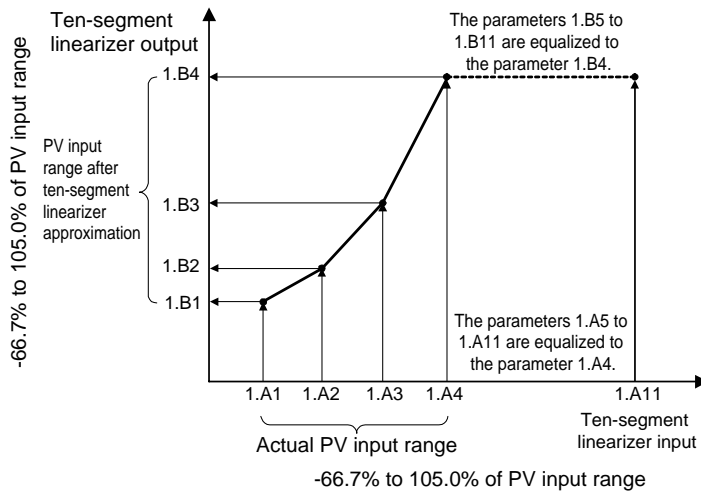
### ● Ten-segment Linearizer Parameters

Located in: Main menu = **PYS 1** (PYS1)

#### ● Ten-segment linearizer biasing (factory-set default)



#### ● Ten-segment linearizer approximation



| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter                  | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value  | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>1A1</b><br>(1.A1) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-1   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Ref.1.1(2)            |
| <b>1B1</b><br>(1.B1) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-1  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A2</b><br>(1.A2) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-2   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B2</b><br>(1.B2) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-2  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A3</b><br>(1.A3) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-3   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B3</b><br>(1.B3) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-3  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A4</b><br>(1.A4) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-4   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B4</b><br>(1.B4) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-4  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A5</b><br>(1.A5) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-5   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B5</b><br>(1.B5) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-5  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A6</b><br>(1.A6) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-6   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B6</b><br>(1.B6) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-6  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A7</b><br>(1.A7) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-7   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B7</b><br>(1.B7) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-7  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A8</b><br>(1.A8) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-8   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B8</b><br>(1.B8) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-8  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1A9</b><br>(1.A9) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-9   | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1B9</b><br>(1.B9) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-9  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1AA</b><br>(1.AA) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-10  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1BA</b><br>(1.BA) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-10 | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1AB</b><br>(1.AB) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-11  | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1BB</b><br>(1.BB) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-11 | -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span<br>-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation | 0.0% of PV input range span<br>0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation |              | Same as above         |
| <b>1MD</b><br>(1.MD) | Ten-segment linearizer 1 mode      | 0: Ten-segment linearizer biasing<br>1: Ten-segment linearizer approximation   | 0  |              | Same as above         |

## ■ Setup Parameters

### ● Target Setpoint-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *LOOP 1* (LOOP1) ; Submenu = *SP* (SP)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter                   | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value            | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>rñs</i><br>(RMS) | Remote input selection              | RSP (1): Uses the value set remotely via remote input (terminals).<br>COM (0): Uses the value set remotely via communication.  | RSP (1)                  |              | Ref.1.2(1)            |
| <i>SPT</i><br>(SPT) | SP tracking selection               | OFF (0), ON (1)<br>Tracking is performed when the mode changes from Remote to Local (The local setpoint keeps track of the remote setpoint.)   | ON (1)                   |              | Ref.1.2(4)            |
| <i>PVT</i><br>(PVT) | PV tracking selection               | Causes the setpoint to keep track of the PV value so the setpoint automatically reverts to its original value at a preset rate of change. The Setpoint Ramp-up rate (UPR) and Setpoint Ramp-down rate (DNR) parameters are used in combination.<br>- Operating conditions -<br>1: Manual operation → Automatic operation;<br>2: Stop → Start of automatic operation;<br>3: Power-on; 4: Change SP number<br>OFF (0): Disable<br>ON (1): Enable | OFF (0)                  |              | Ref.1.1(7)            |
| <i>TMU</i><br>(TMU) | Ramp-rate time unit setting         | Time unit of setpoint ramp-up rate (UPR) and setpoint ramp-down rate(DNR)<br>HOUR (0): Denotes "per hour."<br>MIN (1): Denotes "per minute."   | HOUR (0)                 |              | Ref.4.1(4)            |
| <i>SPH</i><br>(SPH) | Target setpoint limiter upper limit | 0.0% to 100.0% of PV input range.<br>Note that SPL < SPH<br>Places limits on the ranges within which the target setpoints (1.SP to 8.SP) are changed.  | 100.0% of PV input range |              | —                     |
| <i>SPL</i><br>(SPL) | Target setpoint limiter lower limit |  | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | —                     |

● Alarm-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = **LOOP 1** (LOOP1) ; Submenu = **ALM** (ALM)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter   | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value                                     | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM    |
|---------------------|---------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------------------|
| <b>PCn</b><br>(PCM) | PV color mode       | 0: Fixed in green<br>1: Fixed in red<br>2: Link to alarm 1 (Alarm OFF:green, Alarm ON:red)<br>3: Link to alarm 1 (Alarm OFF:red, Alarm ON:green)<br>4: Link to alarm 1 and 2 (Alarm OFF:green, Alarm ON:red)<br>5: Link to alarm 1 and 2 (Alarm ON:red, Alarm OFF:green)<br>6: PV limit (Within PV range:green, Out of PV range:red)<br>7: PV limit (Within PV range:red, Out of PV range:green)<br>8: SP deviation (Within deviation:green, Out of deviation:red)<br>9: SP deviation (Within deviation:red, Out of deviation:green) | 1   |              | —                        |
| <b>AL1</b><br>(AL1) | Alarm-1 type        | OFF (0), 1 to 31<br>(same as below)<br>Common to all target setpoints.   | 1   |              | Ref.3.3(3)<br>Ref.3.3(4) |
| <b>AL2</b><br>(AL2) | Alarm-2 type        | OFF (0), 1 to 20, 25 to 31<br>1: PV high limit (energized, no stand-by action)<br>2: PV low limit (energized, no stand-by action)  | 2   |              | Ref.3.3(4)               |
| <b>AL3</b><br>(AL3) | Alarm-3 type        | 3: Deviation high limit (energized, no stand-by action)<br>4: Deviation low limit (energized, no stand-by action)<br>5: Deviation high limit (de-energized, no stand-by action)<br>6: Deviation low limit (de-energized, no stand-by action)<br>For other alarm types, see "2.7 Changing Alarm Type."<br>Common to all target setpoints.   | 1   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>AL4</b><br>(AL4) | Alarm-4 type        |  | 2   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>HY1</b><br>(HY1) | Alarm-1 hysteresis  | 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span<br>Output alarm: 0.0 to 100.0%  | 0.5% of PV input range span<br>Output alarm: 0.5% |              | Ref.3.3(2)               |
| <b>HY2</b><br>(HY2) | Alarm-2 hysteresis  | Allows margins to be set for an alarm setpoint.<br>With the hysteresis settings, it is possible to prevent relays from chattering.   |   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>HY3</b><br>(HY3) | Alarm-3 hysteresis  |  |   |              | Same as above            |
| <b>HY4</b><br>(HY4) | Alarm-4 hysteresis  |  |   |              | Same as above            |
|                     |                     |  |   |              |                          |
| <b>DY1</b><br>(DY1) | Alarm-1 delay timer | 0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-1 type "AL1" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)<br>An alarm is output when the delay timer expires after the alarm setpoint is reached.   | 0.00  |              | —                        |
|                     |                     |  |   |              |                          |
| <b>DY2</b><br>(DY2) | Alarm-2 delay timer | 0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-2 type "AL2" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)   |   |              | —                        |
| <b>DY3</b><br>(DY3) | Alarm-3 delay timer | 0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-3 type "AL3" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)   |   |              | —                        |
| <b>DY4</b><br>(DY4) | Alarm-4 delay timer | 0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-4 type "AL4" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)   |   |              | —                        |
| <b>AND</b><br>(AMD) | Alarm mode          | Allows the alarm function to be enabled or disabled according to the operating condition.<br>0: Always active<br>1: Not active when in Stop mode<br>2: Not active when in Stop mode or manual operation<br>3: Eight alarms are used and always enabled.<br>4: Eight alarms are used and disabled when the controller is at a stop.<br>5: Eight alarms are used and disabled when the controller is at a stop or in manual operation.   | 0   |              | Ref.3.3(1)               |

## ■ Functions of Active Color PV Display

This part describes the functions of “Active Color PV Display.” PV display color is changed by the following four actions.

PV display color is selectable from red-to-green or green-to-red changing action, or fixed color.

- Link to alarm 1 mode (when PCM = 2, 3) (Setting example-1)

Link to alarm 1 and 2 mode (when PCM = 4, 5) is the same. When either of the alarms occurs, the display color is changed.

- SP deviaton mode (when PCM = 8, 9) (Setting example-2)

- PV limit mode (when PCM = 6, 7) (Setting example-3)

- Fixed color mode (when PCM = 0, 1) (Setting example-4)

### Setting Example-1 : Link to Alarm

Works linking to alarm 1.

Set “PV high limit alarm” for alarm-1 type, and “80°C” for alarm-1 setpoint.

If PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 2, PV display color is changed from green to red when PV input value exceeds alarm-1 setpoint. The red-to-green changing action is selectable.

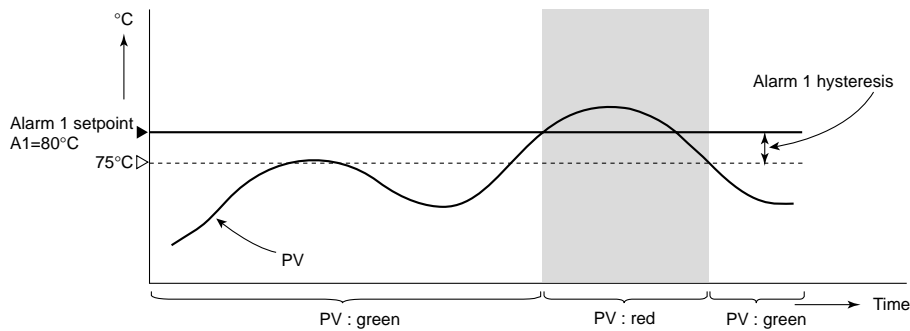
Setting parameters :

PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 2

AL1 (Alarm-1 type parameter) = 1

A1 (Alarm-1 setpoint parameter) = 80°C

HY1 (Alarm-1 hysteresis parameter) = 5°C



### Setting Example-2 : Change by Deviation

Set the high limit deviation band “10°C” for PCH and the low limit deviation band “5°C” for PCL, for the current setpoint “50°C.”

PV display color is changed from green to red when PV input value is out of the deviation. The red-to-green changing action is selectable.

Setting parameters :

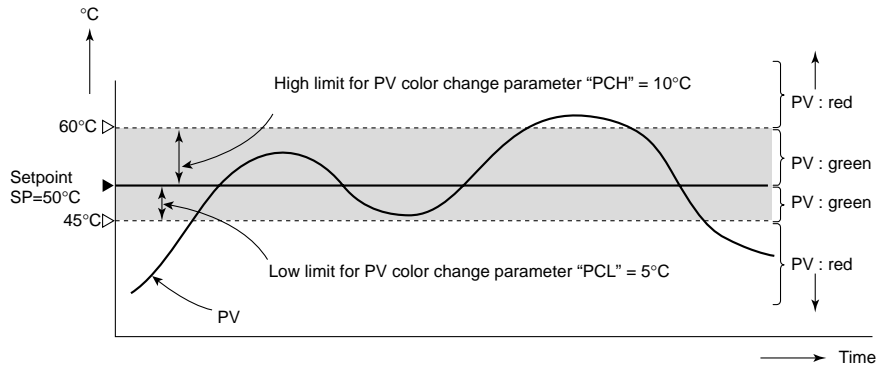
PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 8

PCH (High limit for PV color change parameter) = 10°C

PCL (Low limit for PV color change parameter) = 5°C

Hysteresis fixed to 0.25% is inserted where PV display color is changed.

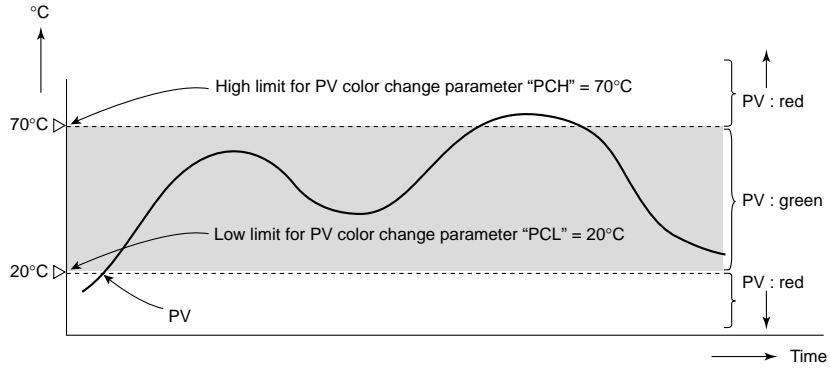
In the example below, where changed from red to green.





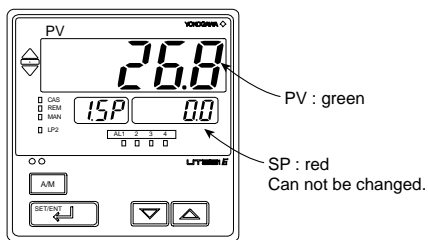
### Setting Example-3 : Link to PV

Set the high limit "70°C" for PCH, and the low limit "20°C" for PCL.  
 PV display color is changed from green to red when PV input value is out of the range.  
 The red-to-green changing action is selectable.  
 Setting parameters :  
 PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 6  
 PCH (High limit for PV color change parameter) = 70°C  
 PCL (Low limit for PV color change parameter) = 20°C  
 Hysteresis fixed to 0.25% is inserted where PV display color is changed.  
 In the example below, where changed from red to green.



### Setting Example-4 : Fixed in Red or Green

Fix the PV display color in green. Setting of Fixed in red mode is also possible.  
 Setting parameter :  
 PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 0



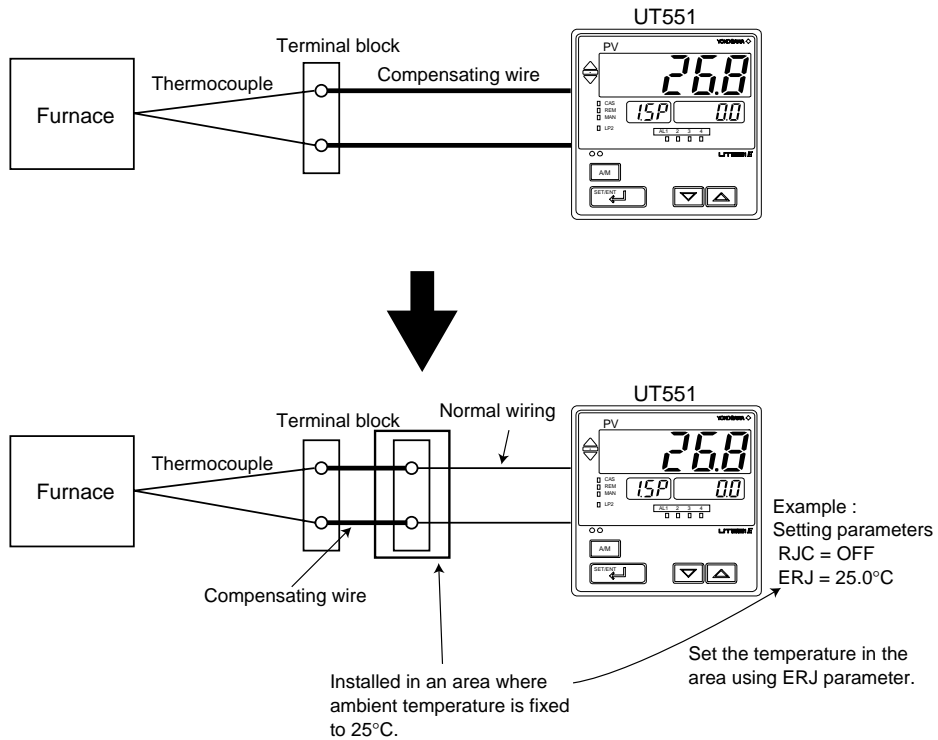
## External RJC

The external RJC is not a compensation function built in a controller but a compensation function working outside the controller.

The external RJC is used when the input is thermocouple, and RJC=OFF.

Using external RJC makes the accuracy of RJC higher and shortens the compensating wire.

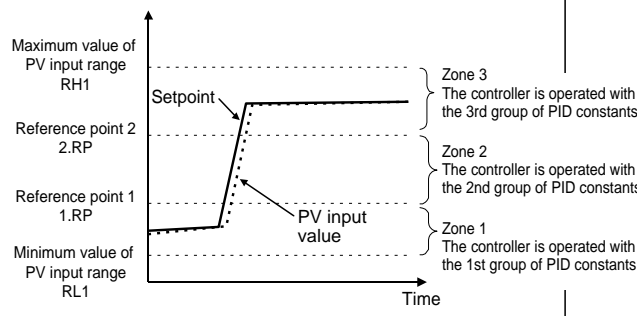
| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter     | Setting Range  | Initial Value   |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------|
| <b>ErJ</b><br>(ERJ) | External RJC setpoint | -50.0 to 50.0°C, -58.0 to 122.0°F<br>For thermocouple input, temperature compensation value outside the controller can be set.<br>Available only when RJC=OFF. | 0.0°C<br>32.0°F |

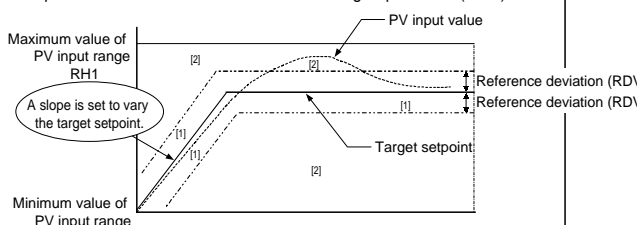


● Control Action-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = **Loop 1** (LOOP1) ; Submenu = **CTL** (CTL)

| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter                                    | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value            | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|----------------------|--|---|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>opr</b><br>(OPR)  | Output velocity limiter                              | OFF (0)<br>0.1 to 100.0%/sec<br>can limit control output velocity   | OFF (0)                  |              | —                     |
| <b>mod</b><br>(MOD)  | PID control mode                                     | 0: Standard PID control (with output bump at SP change)<br>1: Fixed -point control (without output bump at SP change)<br>Choose "Fixed-point Control" when controlling pressure or flow rate.   | 0                        |              | Ref.2.1(2)            |
| <b>Ar</b><br>(AR)    | Anti-reset windup<br>(Excess integration prevention) | AUTO (0), 50.0 to 200.0%<br>The larger Setting, the sooner PID computation (integral computation) stops.<br>Used when the control output travels up to 100% or down to 0% and stays at this point.  | AUTO (0)                 |              | Ref.2.1(4)            |
| <b>zon</b><br>(ZON)  | Zone PID selection                                   | 0: SP selection<br>1: Zone PID (selects by PV)<br>2: Zone PID (selects by target setpoint)<br>3: Selects by specified PID number. (operatong parameter P.NO)<br>If set to "SP selection," allows PID constants to be selected for each target setpoint.<br>If set to "Zone PID," automatically selects PID constants according to the temperature range set in the given Reference Point parameter.   | 0                        |              | Ref.4.1(2)            |
| <b>rnd</b><br>(R.MD) | Restart mode   | CONT (0): Continues action set before power failure.<br>MAN (1): Starts from manual operation status<br>AUTO (2): Continues action set before power failure in automatic operation.<br>Allows you to determine how the controller should recover from a power failure of longer than 2 sec.   | CONT (0)                 |              | —                     |
| <b>rtn</b><br>(R.TM) | Restart timer  | 0 to 10 sec.<br>Sets time between power on and the instant where controller starts computation.   | 0 sec.                   |              | —                     |
| <b>grp</b><br>(GRP)  | PID group number                                     | Allows you to determine how many groups of setpoint, alarm and PID parameters the controller should show.<br>1: Show one set. 2: Show two sets.<br>3: Show three sets. 4: Show four sets.<br>5 to 8: Show as many groups of parameters as have been set.  | 8                        |              | Ref.4.1(1)            |
| <b>1rP</b><br>(1.RP) | Zone PID reference point-1                           | 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range.<br>Note that $1.RP \leq 2.RP \leq 3.RP \leq 4.RP \leq 5.RP \leq 6.RP$ .<br>Sets reference points at which switching is carried out between groups of PID constants according to the given temperature zone. You can set a maximum of six reference points and therefore a maximum of seven temperature zones. To enable this parameter, set the Zone PID Selection (ZON) parameter to "1" or "2".<br><br>The example below sets reference points 1 and 2 to provide 3 zones to switch PID constants automatically. (ex. ZON=1) | 100.0% of PV input range |              | Ref.4.1(2)            |
| <b>2rP</b><br>(2.RP) | Zone PID reference point-2                           |   |                          |              | Same as above         |
| <b>3rP</b><br>(3.RP) | Zone PID reference point-3                           |   |                          |              | Same as above         |
| <b>4rP</b><br>(4.RP) | Zone PID reference point-4                           |   |                          |              | Same as above         |
| <b>5rP</b><br>(5.RP) | Zone PID reference point-5                           |   |                          |              | Same as above         |
| <b>6rP</b><br>(6.RP) | Zone PID reference point-6                           |   |                          |              | Same as above         |



| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter              | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value                   | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>rHY</b><br>(RHY)  | Zone switching hysteresis      | 0.0 to 10.0% of PV input range span<br>Allows hysteresis to be set for switching at a reference point.   | 0.5% of PV input range span     |              | Same as above         |
| <b>rdb</b><br>(RDV)  | Reference deviation            | Used to select a group of PID parameters according to a deviation from the given target setpoint. The controller uses the PID parameters of the number selected in PID group number (GRP) if the PV input falls outside the given deviation range.<br>The following example shows a case when only the reference deviation is set without setting any reference point. The selected set of PID parameters is as follows.<br>Since region 1 is within the deviation range, the controller uses the 1st group of PID parameters.<br>Since region 2 is outside the deviation range, the controller uses the PID parameters of the number selected in PID group number (GRP).<br><br>OFF (0): Disable<br>0.0% to 100.0% of PV input range span | OFF (0)                         |              | Same as above         |
| <b>nmD</b><br>(M.MD) | Manual preset output selection | Select the initial value of output in manual operation when switching from automatic operation to manual operation.<br>0: Automatic operation output at switching (bumpless)<br>1: Manual preset output (MPO)  | 0                               |              | Ref.2.1(8)            |
| <b>nPo</b><br>(MPO)  | Manual preset output           | -5.0 to 105.0%<br>However, output is limited to the output high limit (OH) and low limit (OL) in manual operation.   | 0.0% Heating/<br>cooling: 50.0% |              | Same as above         |

● Analog Input Computation Parameters

Located in: Main menu = **CnLP** (CMLP) ; Submenu = **AI n** (AIN)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter                      | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value               | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM    |
|---------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| <b>bS1</b><br>(BS1) | Analog input-1 bias                    | Used to correct the PV input value beforehand.<br>When in normal operation, use the PV Input Bias (BS) operating parameter.<br>-100. 0% to 100.0% of PV input range span | 0.0% of PV input range span |              | Ref.1.1(6)               |
| <b>FL1</b><br>(FL1) | Analog input-1 filter                  | OFF (0): Disable<br>1 to 120 sec.  | OFF (0)                     |              | Same as above            |
| <b>Sr1</b><br>(SR1) | Analog input-1 square-root computation | Performs square-root computation for the PV input value.<br>OFF (0): Do not compute the square root<br>ON (1): Compute the square root                                   | OFF (0)                     |              | Ref.1.1(3)               |
| <b>LC1</b><br>(LC1) | Analog input-1 low signal cutoff       | 0.0% to 5.0%<br>The slope equals "1" at levels below the low-signal cutoff point.  | 1.0%                        |              | Same as above            |
| <b>bS3</b><br>(BS3) | Analog input-3 bias                    | Used to correct the remote input value.<br>-100. 0% to 100.0% of PV input range span   | 0.0% of PV input range span |              | Ref.1.1(6)               |
| <b>FL3</b><br>(FL3) | Analog input-3 filter                  | OFF (0): Disable<br>1 to 120 sec.  | OFF (0)                     |              | Same as above            |
| <b>Sr3</b><br>(SR3) | Analog input-3 square-root computation | Performs square-root computation for the remote input value.<br>OFF (0): Do not compute the square root<br>ON (1): Compute the square root                               | OFF (0)                     |              | Ref.1.1(3)<br>Ref.1.2(2) |
| <b>LC3</b><br>(LC3) | Analog input-3 low signal cutoff       | 0.0% to 5.0%<br>The slope equals "1" at levels below the low-signal cutoff point.  | 1.0%                        |              | Same as above            |

● Retransmission Output Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *CnLP* (CMLP) ; Submenu = *rEt* (RET)

| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter                              | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value            | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM    |
|----------------------|--|---|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| <i>rEt1</i><br>(RT1) | Retransmission output-1 type                   | Retransmission output-1 / -2 type<br><br>OFF: Disable<br>1: PV1, 2: SP1, 3: OUT1, 4: LPS loop power supply (15 V),<br>5: PV2, 6: SP2, 7: OUT2, 8: TSP1, 9: HOUT1,<br>10: COUT1, 11: OUT1, 12: TSP2, 13: HOUT2,<br>14: COUT2, 15: OUT2, 16: AI1, 17: AI3<br>•Setpoints "5" to "7", and "12" to "15" are not available for single-loop control.<br>•Retransmission output 1 is always provided via terminals 14 and 15.<br>•Retransmission output 2 is available only when "relay" is selected as the type of control output. Retransmission output 2 is provided via terminals 16 and 17.<br><br>•"2" and "6": Current setpoint is transmitted.<br>•"8" and "12": Target setpoint is transmitted.<br>•"9": Heating-side output in other than cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted.<br>•"10": Cooling-side output in other than cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted.<br>•"13": Heating-side output in cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted.<br>•"14": Cooling-side output in cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted.<br>•In heating/cooling control, an output value before allocation to heating/cooling control is transmitted if "3" is selected. (0% to 50%: Cooling-side output; 50% to 100%: Heating-side output)<br>•In position proportional control, a valve opening signal (0% to 100%) is transmitted if "3" is selected.<br>•In position proportional control, output internally computed is transmitted if setpoint "11" or "15" is selected. ("11" for other than cascade control; "15" for cascade control)<br>•"16": PV input value before the computation such as bias, filter, etc. is transmitted.<br>Within the range of setup parameter RL1 to RH1<br>•"17": Remote setting input value before the computation such as remote bias, remote filter, etc. is transmitted.<br>Within the range of setup parameter RL3 to RH3 | 1                        |              | Ref.2.2(1)<br>Ref.2.2(3) |
| <i>TH1</i><br>(TH1)  | Maximum value of retransmission output-1 scale |   | 100.0% of PV input range |              | Ref.2.2(1)               |
| <i>TL1</i><br>(TL1)  | Minimum value of retransmission output-1 scale |   | 0.0% of PV input range   |              | Same as above            |
| <i>rEt2</i><br>(RT2) | Retransmission output-2 type                   | Maximum value of retransmission output-1 / -2 scale<br><br>RT1=1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 12, 16, 17: TL1 + 1 digit to 30000 (TH1-TL1≤30000, decimal point position is P.D1*)<br>*:Decimal point position is P.D2 for retransmission type "5", "6", "12", DP1 for "16" and DP3 for "17".  | OFF (0)                  |              | Ref.2.2(1)<br>Ref.2.2(3) |
| <i>TH2</i><br>(TH2)  | Maximum value of retransmission output-2 scale | Minimum value of retransmission output-1 / -2 scale<br><br>RT1=1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 12, 16, 17: -19999 to TH1 - 1 digit (TH1-TL1≤30000, decimal point position is P.D1*)<br>*:Decimal point position is P.D2 for retransmission type "5", "6", "12", DP1 for "16" and DP3 for "17".   | —                        |              | Ref.2.2(1)               |
| <i>TL2</i><br>(TL2)  | Minimum value of retransmission output-2 scale |   | —                        |              | Same as above            |

● Deviation Monitor Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *CnLP* (CMLP) ; Submenu = *trnd* (TRND)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter      | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value               | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|---------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>dVb</i><br>(DVB) | Deviation display band | 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span<br>Permits a change in the span of deviation shown on the front-panel deviation monitor. | 1.0% of PV input range span |              | Ref.6.1(3)            |

● Security-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *CnLP* (CMLP) ; Submenu = *LoLk* (LOCK)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter   | Setting Range and Description     | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|---------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>dat</i><br>(DAT) | Front panel data setting (Δ, ∇) key lock                              | OFF (0): Unlock<br>ON (1): Lock   | OFF (0)       |              | Ref.7.1(2)            |
| <i>Am</i><br>(A/M)  | Front panel A/M key lock  | OFF (0): Unlock<br>ON (1): Lock   | OFF (0)       |              | Same as above         |
| <i>mod</i><br>(MOD) | Operating parameter main menu [MODE] lock                             | OFF (0): Unlock<br>ON (1): Lock   | OFF (0)       |              | Same as above         |
| <i>LP1</i><br>(LP1) | Operating parameter main menu [LP1] lock                              | OFF (0): Unlock<br>ON (1): Lock   | OFF (0)       |              | Same as above         |
| <i>LP2</i><br>(LP2) | Although not used in Single-loop Control, it is shown on the display. |                                   |               |              |                       |
| <i>pid</i><br>(PID) | Operating parameter main menu [PID] lock                              | OFF (0): Unlock<br>ON (1): Lock   | OFF (0)       |              | Same as above         |
| <i>usr</i><br>(USR) | Although not used in Single-loop Control, it is shown on the display. |                                   |               |              |                       |
| <i>py1</i><br>(PY1) | Operating parameter main menu [PYS1] lock                             | OFF (0): Unlock<br>ON (1): Lock   | OFF (0)       |              | Same as above         |
| <i>py2</i><br>(PY2) | Although not used in Single-loop Control, it is shown on the display. |                                   |               |              |                       |
| <i>pwd</i><br>(PWD) | Password setting  | 0: Password not set<br>1 to 30000 | 0             |              | Ref.7.1(1)            |

● SELECT Display Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *Conf* (CONF) ; Submenu = *CSEL* (CSEL)

| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter             | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>C51</i><br>(C.S1) | SELECT display-1 registration | OFF (0), 201 to 1039   | OFF (0)       |              | Ref.6.1(1)            |
| <i>C52</i><br>(C.S2) | SELECT display-2 registration | Select the desired parameter from among the operating and setup parameters, then register the number (D register No.) accompanying that parameter. For example, registering "302" for C.S1 allows you to change alarm-1 setpoint in operating display.   |               |              | Same as above         |
| <i>C53</i><br>(C.S3) | SELECT display-3 registration | Numbers for registering alarm SP parameter for operating display:<br>Alarm-1 setpoint: 302<br>Alarm-2 setpoint: 303<br>Alarm-3 setpoint: 304<br>Alarm-4 setpoint: 305  |               |              | Same as above         |
| <i>C54</i><br>(C.S4) | SELECT display-4 registration |  |               |              | Same as above         |
| <i>C55</i><br>(C.S5) | SELECT display-5 registration | Above numbers are alarm setpoint parameters for target setpoint-1 (1.SP).<br>Set the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for target setpoint 2 (2.SP), to a value obtained by adding 25 to the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for the parameter 1.SP.<br>Likewise, set the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for target setpoint 3 (3.SP), to a value obtained by adding 25 to the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for the parameter 2.SP.<br>Likewise, the registration number for 4.SP to 8.SP can be obtained. |               |              | Same as above         |

### ● Contact Output Registration Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *Conf* (CONF) ; Submenu = *do* (DO)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter  | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|---------------------|--|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>do1</i><br>(DO1) | Relay output flag registration for DO1                     | The following setpoints are registration numbers for Single-loop Control only.<br>5689: Alarm-1 output<br>5690: Alarm-2 output<br>5691: Alarm-3 output<br>5693: Alarm-4 output<br>1609: FAIL output | 5689          |              | Ref.3.2(1)            |
| <i>do2</i><br>(DO2) | Relay output flag registration for DO2                     |   | 5690          |              | Same as above         |
| <i>do3</i><br>(DO3) | Relay output flag registration for DO3                     |   | 5691          |              | Same as above         |
| <i>do4</i><br>(DO4) | Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO4 |   | 5693          |              | Ref.3.2(1)            |
| <i>do5</i><br>(DO5) | Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO5 |   | 0             |              | Same as above         |
| <i>do6</i><br>(DO6) | Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO6 |   | 0             |              | Same as above         |
| <i>do7</i><br>(DO7) | Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO7 |   | 1609          |              | Same as above         |

● Contact Input Registration Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *Conf* (CONF) ; Submenu = *di* (DI)

| Parameter Symbol  | Name of Parameter  | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value | User Setting  | Target Item in CD-ROM |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
|---|--|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|------|--|------------|
| <i>A<math>\bar{M}</math></i><br>(A/M)                     | Auto/Manual switching<br><Status switching>                                    | These parameters determine which contact input to use to make selections/switches listed on the left.<br>DI1: 5161 No function: 0<br>DI2: 5162<br>DI3: 5163<br>DI4: 5164<br>DI5: 5165<br>DI6: 5166<br>DI7: 5167<br>DI8: 5168<br>The contact inputs are factory-set as shown below.<br>Contact input 1 (DI1): Auto (ON)/Manual (OFF) switching<br>Contact input 2 (DI2): Run (OFF)/Stop (ON) switching<br>Contact inputs 3 to 6 (DI3 to DI6): SP selection (see table below)<br>Contact input 8 (DI8): Remote (ON)/Local (OFF) switching<br>SP Selection:<br><table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>1.SP</th> <th>2.SP</th> <th>3.SP</th> <th>4.SP</th> <th>5.SP</th> <th>6.SP</th> <th>7.SP</th> <th>8.SP</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>DI3</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DI4</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DI5</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> <td>ON</td> <td>ON</td> <td>ON</td> <td>OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DI6</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>ON</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> If all of the SP parameters of a contact input are set to "OFF", the controller uses the immediately preceding SP.<br><br>Note :<br>For Remote / Local switching or Auto / Manual switching, do not use the status switching and the rising edge switching at the same time.<br><br>PID number selection can be used by DI when the setup parameter "ZON"=3. |               | 1.SP          | 2.SP                  | 3.SP | 4.SP | 5.SP | 6.SP | 7.SP | 8.SP | DI3 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | DI4 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | DI5 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | DI6 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | 5161 |  | Ref.3.1(3) |
|   | 1.SP   |   | 2.SP          | 3.SP          | 4.SP                  | 5.SP | 6.SP | 7.SP | 8.SP |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| DI3   | ON   |   | OFF           | ON            | OFF                   | ON   | OFF  | ON   | OFF  |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| DI4   | OFF  |   | ON            | ON            | OFF                   | OFF  | ON   | ON   | OFF  |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| DI5   | OFF  |   | OFF           | OFF           | ON                    | ON   | ON   | ON   | OFF  |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| DI6   | OFF  |   | OFF           | OFF           | OFF                   | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | ON   |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>r<math>\bar{L}</math></i><br>(R/L)                     | Remote/Local switching<br><Status switching>                                   |   | 5168          |               | Same as above         |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>S<math>\bar{R}</math></i><br>(S/R)                     | Run/Stop switching<br><Status switching>                                       |   | 5162          |               | Same as above         |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>CAS</i><br>(CAS)                                       | Switch to Cascade mode<br>(when in cascade control)<br><Rising edge switching> | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>AUT</i><br>(AUT)                                       | Switch to Auto mode<br><Rising edge switching>                                 | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i><math>\bar{M}</math>A<math>\bar{M}</math></i><br>(MAN) | Switch to Manual mode<br><Rising edge switching>                               | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>SP0</i><br>(SP.0)                                      | Bit-0 of SP number setting<br><Status switching>                               | 5163  |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>SP1</i><br>(SP.1)                                      | Bit-1 of SP number setting<br><Status switching>                               | 5164  |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>SP2</i><br>(SP.2)                                      | Bit-2 of SP number setting<br><Status switching>                               | 5165  |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>SP3</i><br>(SP.3)                                      | Bit-3 of SP number setting<br><Status switching>                               | 5166  |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>PN0</i><br>(PN.0)                                      | Bit-0 of PID number selection<br><Status switching>                            | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>PN1</i><br>(PN.1)                                      | Bit-1 of PID number selection<br><Status switching>                            | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>PN2</i><br>(PN.2)                                      | Bit-2 of PID number selection<br><Status switching>                            | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>PN3</i><br>(PN.3)                                      | Bit-3 of PID number selection<br><Status switching>                            | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>r<math>\bar{E}</math></i><br>(REM)                     | Switch to Remote mode<br><Rising edge switching>                               | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |
| <i>L<math>\bar{L}</math></i><br>(LCL)                     | Switch to Local mode<br><Rising edge switching>                                | 0   |               | Same as above |                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |      |  |            |

● UT Mode Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *Ut $\bar{n}$ d* (UTMD) ; Submenu =  *$\bar{n}$ d* (MD)

| Parameter Symbol                       | Name of Parameter                               | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value        | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|--|---|--|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Ut<math>\bar{n}</math></i><br>(UTM) | Controller mode<br>(UT mode)                    | 1: Single-loop Control<br>For another controller mode, see the User's Manual (Reference) (CD-ROM version).   | 1                    |              | —                     |
| <i>S<math>\bar{n}</math>P</i><br>(SMP) | PV sampling period setting                      | 50, 100, 200 and 500 ms<br>The controller restarts if any change is made to the PV sampling period; this does not affect other parameter settings at all, however. | 200 ms               |              | Ref.1.1(4)            |
| <i>S<math>\bar{n}</math>L</i><br>(SMC) | Sampling period error counter<br>(reading only) | 0 to 30000   | Shows 0 at power-on. |              | Ref.1.1(5)            |



● Input-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = **Utnd** (UTMD) ; Submenu = **ln** (IN)

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter   | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value  | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>ln1</b><br>(IN1) | PV input type<br>(INPUT 1 terminals)<br>Terminals ①, ② and ③          | Specify the type of PV input as a range code.<br>OFF (0), 1 to 18, 30, 31, 35 to 37, 40, 41, 50, 51, 55, 56<br>See "Instrument Input Range Codes" in "2. Initial Settings".  | OFF (0)  |              | —                     |
| <b>Un1</b><br>(UN1) | PV input unit   | Select the unit of PV input.<br>% (0): Percent °F (5): Fahrenheit<br>°C (1): Degree Celsius<br>- (2): No unit  | Depends on the PV input type.                        |              | —                     |
| <b>rH1</b><br>(RH1) | Max. value of PV input range  | Set the PV input range (RL1 < RH1).<br><br>- For temperature input -<br>Set the range of temperature that is actually controlled.  | Depends on the PV input type.                        |              | —                     |
| <b>rL1</b><br>(RL1) | Min. value of PV input range  | - For voltage input -<br>Set the range of a voltage signal that is applied.<br>The scale across which the voltage signal is actually controlled should be set using the parameters Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1) and Minimum Value of PV Input Scale (SL1).<br>(PV input is always 0% when RL1=RH1.) |  |              | —                     |
| <b>dp1</b><br>(DP1) | PV input decimal point position<br>(shown when in voltage-input mode) | Set the position of the decimal point of voltage-mode PV input.<br>0 to 4  | Depends on the PV input type.                        |              | —                     |
| <b>SH1</b><br>(SH1) | Max. value of PV input scale<br>(shown when in voltage-input mode)    | Set the read-out scale of voltage-mode PV input.<br>-19999 to 30000, where SL1 < SH1, SH1 - SL1 <= 30000   | Depends on the PV input type.                        |              | —                     |
| <b>SL1</b><br>(SL1) | Min. value of PV input scale<br>(shown when in voltage-input mode)    |  |  |              | —                     |
| <b>bo1</b><br>(BO1) | Selection of PV input burnout action                                  | Allows the PV input value to be determined as shown below in case of PV input burnout.<br>• 105% of PV input range if set to "Upscale"<br>• -5.0% of PV input range if set to "Downscale"<br>OFF (0): Disable<br>UP (1): Upscale<br>DOWN (2): Downscale  | Depends on the PV input type.                        |              | —                     |
| <b>rJc</b><br>(RJC) | Presence/absence of PV input reference junction compensation          | Allows input compensation to be applied to thermocouple input.<br>OFF (0): Absent<br>ON (1): Present   | ON (1)   |              | —                     |
| <b>ErJ</b><br>(ERJ) | External RJC setpoint   | -50.0 to 50.0 °C<br>-58.0 to 122.0 °F<br>For thermocouple input temperature compensation value outside the controller can be set. Available only when RJC=OFF.   | 0.0 °C<br>32.0 °F                                    |              | —                     |
| <b>ln3</b><br>(IN3) | Remote input type<br>(INPUT 3 terminals)<br>Terminals ② and ③         | Specify the type of remote input as a range code.<br>40, 41, 50, 51<br>See "Instrument Input Range Codes" in "2. Initial Settings".  | 41   |              | Ref.1.2(1)            |
| <b>Un3</b><br>(UN3) | Remote input unit   | Select the unit of remote input.<br>% (0): Percent °F (5): Fahrenheit<br>°C (1): Degree Celsius<br>- (2): No unit  | % (0)  |              | Same as above         |
| <b>rH3</b><br>(RH3) | Maximum value of remote input range                                   | Set the range of a voltage signal.<br>(Remote input is always 0% when RL3 = RH3.)  | 5.000  |              | Same as above         |
| <b>rL3</b><br>(RL3) | Minimum value of remote input range                                   |  | 1.000  |              | Same as above         |
| <b>dp3</b><br>(DP3) | Remote input decimal point position                                   | Set the position of the decimal point for remote input.<br>0 to 4  | Same as the position of the PV input's decimal point |              | Same as above         |
| <b>SH3</b><br>(SH3) | Max. value of remote input scale                                      | Set the remote input read-out scale.<br>-19999 to 30000, where SL3 < SH3, SH3 - SL3 <= 30000<br>Under normal operation, set the values of these parameters as shown below.<br>- When PV input is temperature -<br>Maximum and minimum values of PV input range   | Maximum value of PV input scale                      |              | Same as above         |
| <b>SL3</b><br>(SL3) | Min. value of remote input scale                                      | - When PV input is voltage -<br>Maximum and minimum values of PV input scale   | Minimum value of PV input scale                      |              | Same as above         |

| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter                     | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value                            | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>bo3</b><br>(BO3)  | Remote input burnout action selection | Allows the remote input value to be determined as shown below in case of remote input burnout.<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 105% of remote input scale if set to "Upscale"</li> <li>• -5.0% of remote input scale if set to "Downscale"</li> </ul> OFF (0): Disable<br>UP (1): Upscale<br>DOWN (2): Downscale   | OFF (0)                                  |              | —                     |
| <b>PV1</b><br>(P.U1) | PV unit                               | Set the unit of PV.<br>% (0): Percent                      °F (5): Fahrenheit<br>°C (1): Degree Celsius<br>- (2): No unit  | Same as the unit of PV input             |              | Ref.1.1(8)            |
| <b>Pd1</b><br>(P.D1) | PV decimal point position             | Under normal operation, set the same value as in the PV Input Decimal Point Position (DP1) parameter.<br>To shift the decimal point for temperature input, use this parameter. For example, set as "P.D1 = 0" to change a temperature reading of one decimal place to that of no decimal places. This involves reconfiguring the P.H1 and P.L1 parameters.<br>0 to 4 | -  |              | Same as above         |
| <b>PH1</b><br>(P.H1) | Maximum value of PV range             | Under normal operation, keep the values of these parameters between the maximum and minimum values of the PV input range.<br>-19999 to 30000   | Maximum value of PV input range or scale |              | Same as above         |
| <b>PL1</b><br>(P.L1) | Minimum value of PV range             | P.L1 < P.H1, where P.H1-P.L1 ≤ 30000   | Minimum value of PV input range or scale |              | Same as above         |

● Output-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = *Utnd* (UTMD) ; Submenu = *outt* (OUT)

| Parameter Symbol  | Name of Parameter  | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value                        | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |                           |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| <i>ot 1</i><br>(OT1)  | Control output type  | 0   Time proportional PID relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③)   | 0<br>Heating/<br>cooling<br>type : 4 |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 1   Time proportional PID voltage pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰)   |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 2   Current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰)   |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 3   ON/OFF control relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③)  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | The following 4 to 12 are displayed only for heating/ cooling type controllers.  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 4   Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side relay output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥ - ④⑦)  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 5   Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side relay output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥ - ④⑦)  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 6   Heating-side current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side relay output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥ - ④⑦)  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 7   Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥)   |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 8   Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥)   |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 9   Heating-side current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥)   |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 10   Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side current output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥)  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
|   |  | 11   Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side current output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥)  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
| 12   Heating-side current output (terminals ⑯ - ⑰), cooling-side current output (terminals ④⑤ - ④⑥) |  |  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
| <i>ct</i><br>(CT)   | Control output cycle time<br>Heating-side control output cycle time in heating/cooling control | 1 to 1000 sec.   | 30 sec.                              |              | Ref.3.3(4)            |                           |
|   |  | <table border="1"> <caption>Relay's Behavior when Cycle Time = 10 sec.</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>For 20% of Control Output</th> <th>For 50% of Control Output</th> <th>For 80% of Control Output</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>On-state duration: 2 sec.<br/>Off-state duration: 8 sec.</td> <td>On-state duration: 5 sec.<br/>Off-state duration: 5 sec.</td> <td>On-state duration: 8 sec.<br/>Off-state duration: 2 sec.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> |                                      |              |                       | For 20% of Control Output |
| For 20% of Control Output   | For 50% of Control Output  | For 80% of Control Output  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
| On-state duration: 2 sec.<br>Off-state duration: 8 sec.   | On-state duration: 5 sec.<br>Off-state duration: 5 sec.  | On-state duration: 8 sec.<br>Off-state duration: 2 sec.  |                                      |              |                       |                           |
| <i>ctc</i><br>(CTc)   | Cooling-side control output cycle time   | 1 to 1000 sec.   | 30 sec.                              |              | Ref.2.1(7)            |                           |
| <i>Ro 1</i><br>(AO1)  | Analog output-1 type (OUTPUT 1: Terminals ⑯ and ⑰)   | Allows control output or retransmission output to be presented as one of the following current signals.<br>0: 4 to 20 mA<br>1: 0 to 20 mA<br>2: 20 to 4 mA<br>3: 20 to 0 mA  | 0                                    |              | Same as above         |                           |
| <i>Ro 2</i><br>(AO2)  | Analog output-2 type (OUTPUT 2: Terminals ④⑤ and ④⑥)   |  | 0                                    |              | Same as above         |                           |
| <i>Ro 3</i><br>(AO3)  | Analog output-3 type (OUTPUT 3: Terminals ④④ and ④⑤)   |  | 0                                    |              | Same as above         |                           |
| <i>RIH</i><br>(A1H)   | Analog output-1 100% segmental point   | Set the values of segmental points for the 0% and 100% output levels at which the values are presented via OUTPUT-1 (terminals ⑯ and ⑰). See "■ Performing Split Computations" below.<br>-100.0% to 200.0%   | 100.0 %                              |              | Same as above         |                           |
| <i>RI L</i><br>(A1L)  | Analog output-1 0% segmental point   |  | 0.0 %                                |              | Same as above         |                           |

| Parameter Symbol    | Name of Parameter                    | Setting Range and Description  | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>A2H</b><br>(A2H) | Analog output-2 100% segmental point | Set the values of segmental points for the 0% and 100% output levels at which the values are presented via OUTPUT-2 (terminals ④ and ⑦). See "■ Performing Split Computations" below.<br>-100.0% to 200.0% | 100.0 %       |              | Same as above         |
| <b>A2L</b><br>(A2L) | Analog output-2 0% segmental point   |  | 0.0 %         |              | Same as above         |
| <b>A3H</b><br>(A3H) | Analog output-3 100% segmental point | Set the values of segmental points for the 0% and 100% output levels at which the values are presented via OUTPUT-3 (terminals ⑭ and ⑮). See "■ Performing Split Computations" below.<br>-100.0% to 200.0% | 100.0 %       |              | Same as above         |
| <b>A3L</b><br>(A3L) | Analog output-3 0% segmental point   |  | 0.0 %         |              | Same as above         |

## ■ Performing Split Computations

### ● V-mode Output

The following explains an example of letting "Analog OUTPUT-1 (terminals ⑯ and ⑰)" and "Analog OUTPUT-3 (terminals ⑭ and ⑮)" present the V-mode characteristics of split computations.

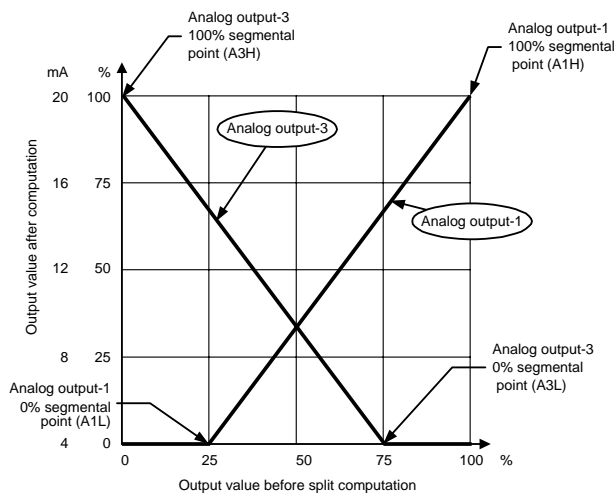
1. Set the Control Output Type (OT1) parameter to "2".  
This sets the control output to "current output."
2. Set the Retransmission Output 1 (RT1) parameter to "3".  
This sets the retransmission output to "control output retransmission."
3. Set the Analog Output-1 100% Segmental Point (A1H) parameter to "100%".
4. Set the Analog Output-1 0% Segmental Point (A1L) parameter to "25%".
5. Set the Analog Output-3 100% Segmental Point (A3H) parameter to "0%".
6. Set the Analog Output-3 0% Segmental Point (A3L) parameter to "75%".

The figure below shows an example where both analog outputs-1 and 3 are set to the current signal of 4 to 20 mA DC. The type of output signal can be determined separately for each of the analog outputs listed above, using the following three parameters.

Analog output-1: Analog output-1 type (AO1)

Analog output-2: Analog output-2 type (AO2)

Analog output-3: Analog output-3 type (AO3)



### ● Parallel-mode Output

The following explains an example of letting “Analog OUTPUT-1 (terminals ⑩ and ⑪)” and “Analog OUTPUT-3 (terminals ⑭ and ⑮)” present the parallel-mode characteristics of split computations.

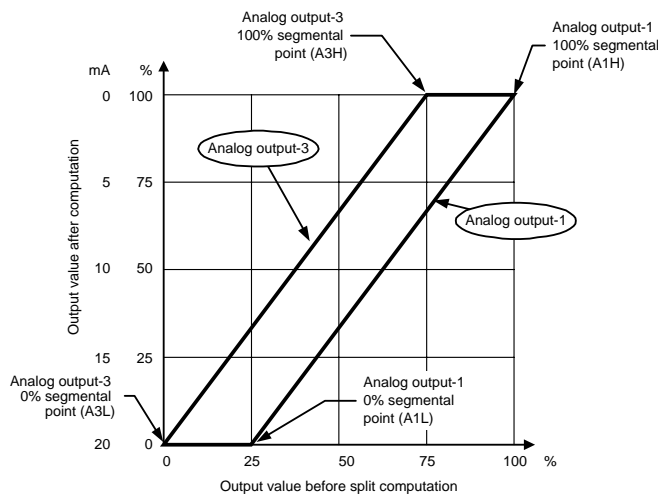
1. Set the Control Output Type (OT1) parameter to “2”.  
This sets the control output to “current output.”
2. Set the Retransmission Output 1 (RT1) parameter to “3”.  
This sets the retransmission output to “control output retransmission.”
3. Set the Analog Output-1 100% Segmental Point (A1H) parameter to “100%”.
4. Set the Analog Output-1 0% Segmental Point (A1L) parameter to “25%”.
5. Set the Analog Output-3 100% Segmental Point (A3H) parameter to “75%”.
6. Set the Analog Output-3 0% Segmental Point (A3L) parameter to “0%”.

The figure below shows an example where both analog outputs-1 and 3 are set to the current signal of 20 to 0 mA DC. The type of output signal can be determined separately for each of the analog outputs listed above, using the following three parameters.

Analog output-1: Analog output-1 type (AO1)

Analog output-2: Analog output-2 type (AO2)

Analog output-3: Analog output-3 type (AO3)



● **Communication Parameters**

Located in: Main menu = **U<sub>T</sub>M<sub>D</sub>** (UTMD) ; Submenu = **r485** (R485)

| Parameter Symbol                | Name of Parameter     | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| <b>PSL</b><br>(PSL)             | Protocol selection    | 0: PC link communication<br>1: PC link communication (with sum check)<br>2: Ladder communication<br>3: Coordinated master station<br>4: Coordinated slave station<br>7: MODBUS (ASCII)<br>8: MODBUS (RTU)<br>10: Coordinated slave station (loop-1 mode)<br>11: Coordinated slave station (loop-2 mode)<br>(10, 11: When the master station is in dual-loop control, the slave station selects either of the loops to be controlled.) | 0             |              | Communication functions |
| <b>bPS</b><br>(BPS)             | Baud rate             | 600 (0), 1200 (1), 2400 (2), 4800 (3), 9600 (4) (bps)   | 9600 (4)      |              |                         |
| <b>P<sub>r</sub>I</b><br>(PRI)  | Parity                | NONE (0): None<br>EVEN (1): Even<br>ODD (2): Odd  | EVEN (1)      |              |                         |
| <b>STP</b><br>(STP)             | Stop bit              | 1, 2  | 1             |              |                         |
| <b>dLn</b><br>(DLN)             | Data length           | 7, 8;<br>7 is fixed for MODBUS (ASCII)<br>8 is fixed for MODBUS (RTU), Ladder   | 8             |              |                         |
| <b>Adr</b><br>(ADR)             | Address               | 1 to 99<br>However, the maximum number of stations connectable is 31.   | 1             |              |                         |
| <b>rP<sub>t</sub></b><br>(RP.T) | Minimum response time | 0 to 10 (× 10 ms)   | 0             |              |                         |

● **Motor-driven Valve Calibration-related Parameters (Displayed for Position Proportional Controllers)**

Located in: Main menu = **U<sub>T</sub>M<sub>D</sub>** (UTMD) ; Submenu = **VALV** (VALV)

| Parameter Symbol      | Name of Parameter                   | Setting Range and Description   | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <b>VAT</b><br>(V.AT)  | Automatic valve adjustment          | Automatically adjusts the fully-closed and fully-opened positions of a valve. When this function is used, there is no need for adjustment using the parameters V.RS, V.L and V.H.<br>OFF (0): -<br>ON (1): Start automatic adjustment   | OFF (0)       |              | —                     |
| <b>VRS</b><br>(V.RS)  | Valve position setting reset        | The parameters V.RS, V.L and V.H are designed for manual adjustment of valve positions. Setting V.RS to 1 resets the valve adjustment settings and causes the indication "V.RS" to blink.   | 0             |              | —                     |
| <b>V.L</b><br>(V.L)   | Fully-closed valve position setting | Pressing the SET/ENT key with valve position set to the fully-closed position causes the adjusted value to be stored.   | Undefined     |              | —                     |
| <b>V.H</b><br>(V.H)   | Fully-opened valve position setting | Pressing the SET/ENT key with valve position set to the fully-opened position causes the adjusted value to be stored. When V.H. adjustment is complete, V.H. stops blinking.  | Undefined     |              | —                     |
| <b>TRT</b><br>(TR.T)  | Valve traveling time                | 5 to 300 sec.<br>Used to operate a valve according to the estimated valve position. Set the time required for the valve to open fully from a state of being fully closed. Confirm the valve traveling time by consulting the datasheet of the valve's specifications.<br>The valve traveling time is only effective when Valve Adjustment Mode (V.MD) is set to 1 or 2. | 60 sec.       |              | —                     |
| <b>V.MD</b><br>(V.MD) | Valve adjusting mode                | 0: Valve position feedback type<br>1: Valve position feedback type (moves to the estimating type if a valve input error or burnout occurs.)<br>2: Valve position estimating type  | 0             |              | —                     |

● **Parameter-initializing Parameters**

Located in: Main menu = *Utnd* (UTMD) ; Submenu = *lnlt* (INIT)

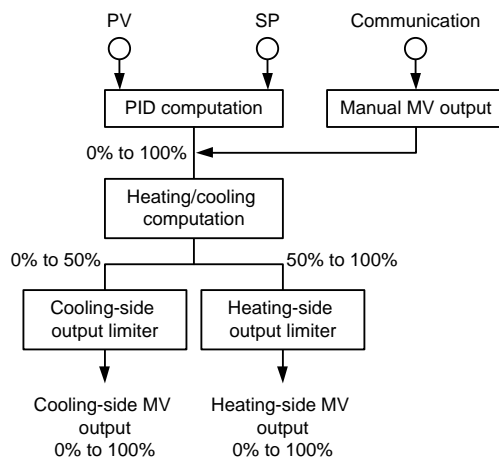
| Parameter Symbol     | Name of Parameter        | Setting Range and Description               | Initial Value | User Setting | Target Item in CD-ROM |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>lnlt</i><br>(INI) | Parameter initialization | OFF (0): -<br>ON (1): Initialize parameters | OFF (0)       |              | —                     |

■ **Tips About Heating/Cooling Control (for heating/cooling controllers only)**

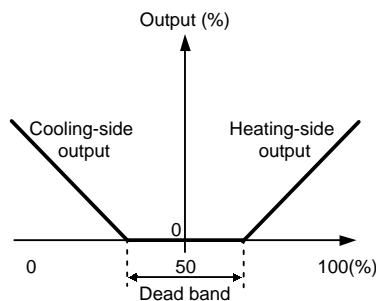
In heating/cooling control, the controller outputs the result of computation after splitting it into heating-purpose and cooling-purpose signals. In addition, the controller can perform PID control or ON/OFF control on the heating and cooling sides separately. When performing ON/OFF control, set the proportional band to "0".

The controller splits the result of computation (0 to 100%) into heating-side and cooling-side signals, as described below.

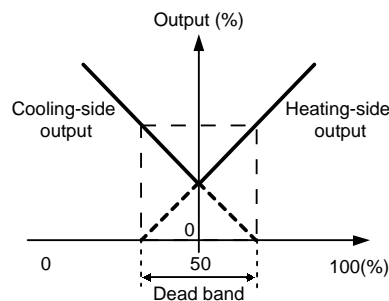
- 0% to 50% of the computation result is presented as a 0% to 100% cooling-side output.
- 50% to 100% of the computation result is presented as a 0% to 100% heating-side output.



Heating/cooling control provides two methods in which either none of the heating- and cooling-side outputs are presented or both of the heating- and cooling-side outputs are presented, as shown in the following figures.



Value of control output before split into heating- and cooling-side outputs



Value of control output before split into heating- and cooling-side outputs

Precautions in Heating/Cooling Control



- Keep the ratio of the heating-side proportional band (P) to the cooling-side proportional band (Pc) equal to or below 5.
- If neither the heating-side nor the cooling-side is performing ON/OFF control, setting the integral time (I or Ic) of one side to “0” results in the Integral Time parameters of both sides being set to “OFF”, irrespective of the integral time setting of the other side.

■ **Tips About Position Proportional Control (for position proportional controllers only)**

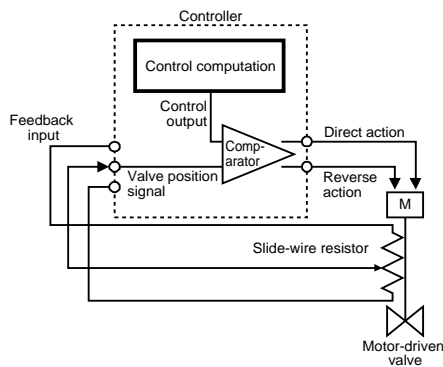
Position proportional control can be of either feedback type or estimating type.

In feedback-type position proportional control, the controller obtains a valve position signal from a feedback slide-wire resistor attached to a valve.

In estimating-type position proportional control, you set the operating time required for a valve to change from the fully-closed position to the fully-open position beforehand. With the preset operating time, the controller controls the valve by estimating its position. In the case of estimating-type position proportional control, there is no need for feedback input wiring.

Feedback-type position proportional control is superior to the estimating type in terms of control performance. When in manual operation, you can directly manipulate the controller’s output terminals. Pressing the  key sends the valve into opening motion while pressing the  key sends it into closing motion.

The figure below shows a schematic representation of a loop configured for position proportional control.



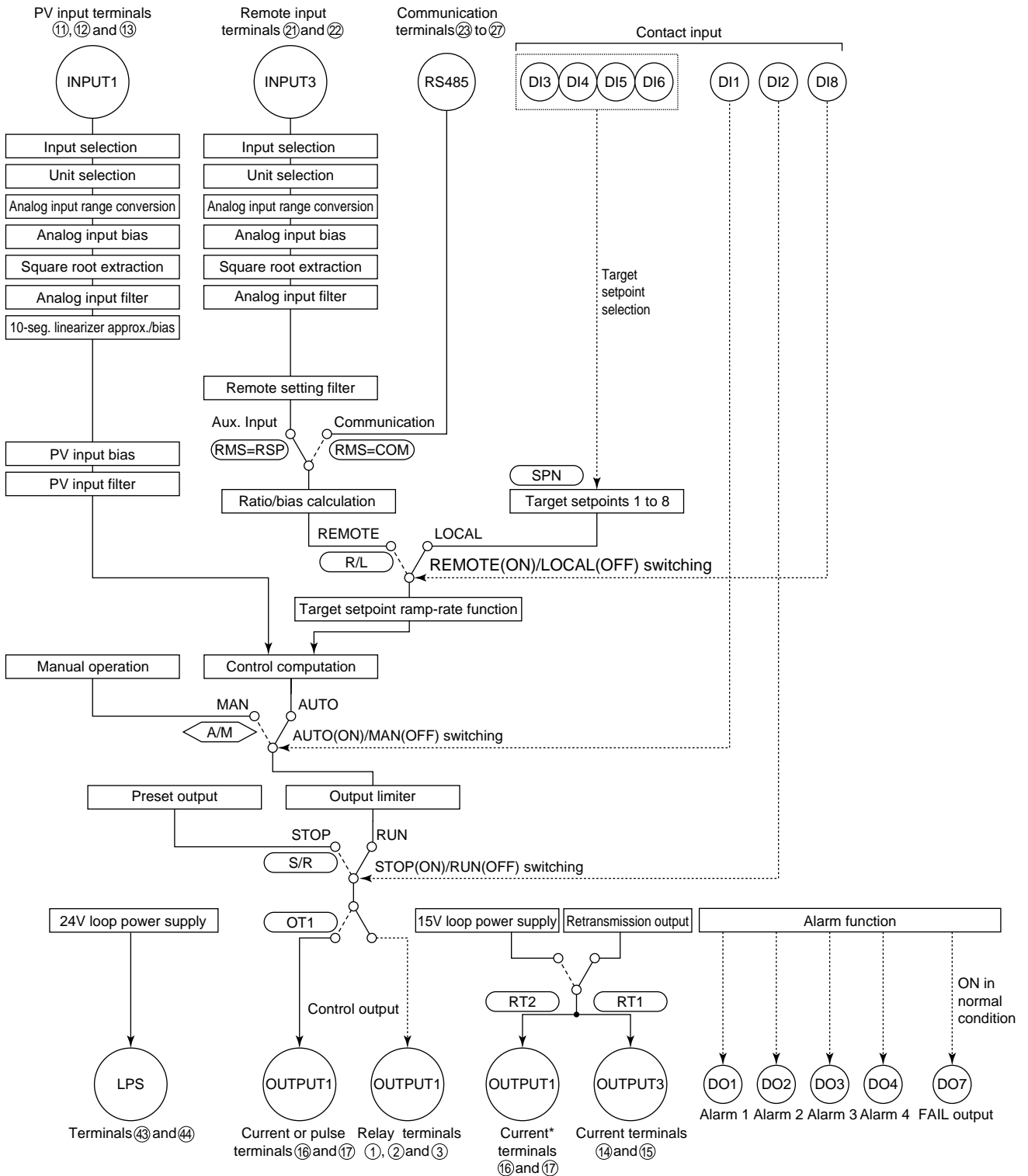


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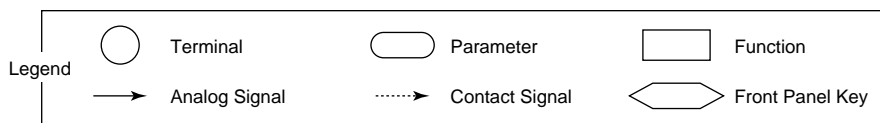
## 6. Function Block Diagram and Descriptions

This chapter contains the function block diagrams for “Single-loop control”, “Single-loop heating/cooling control”, and “Single-loop position-proportional control.” For details on these function block diagrams, refer to the descriptions mentioned later.

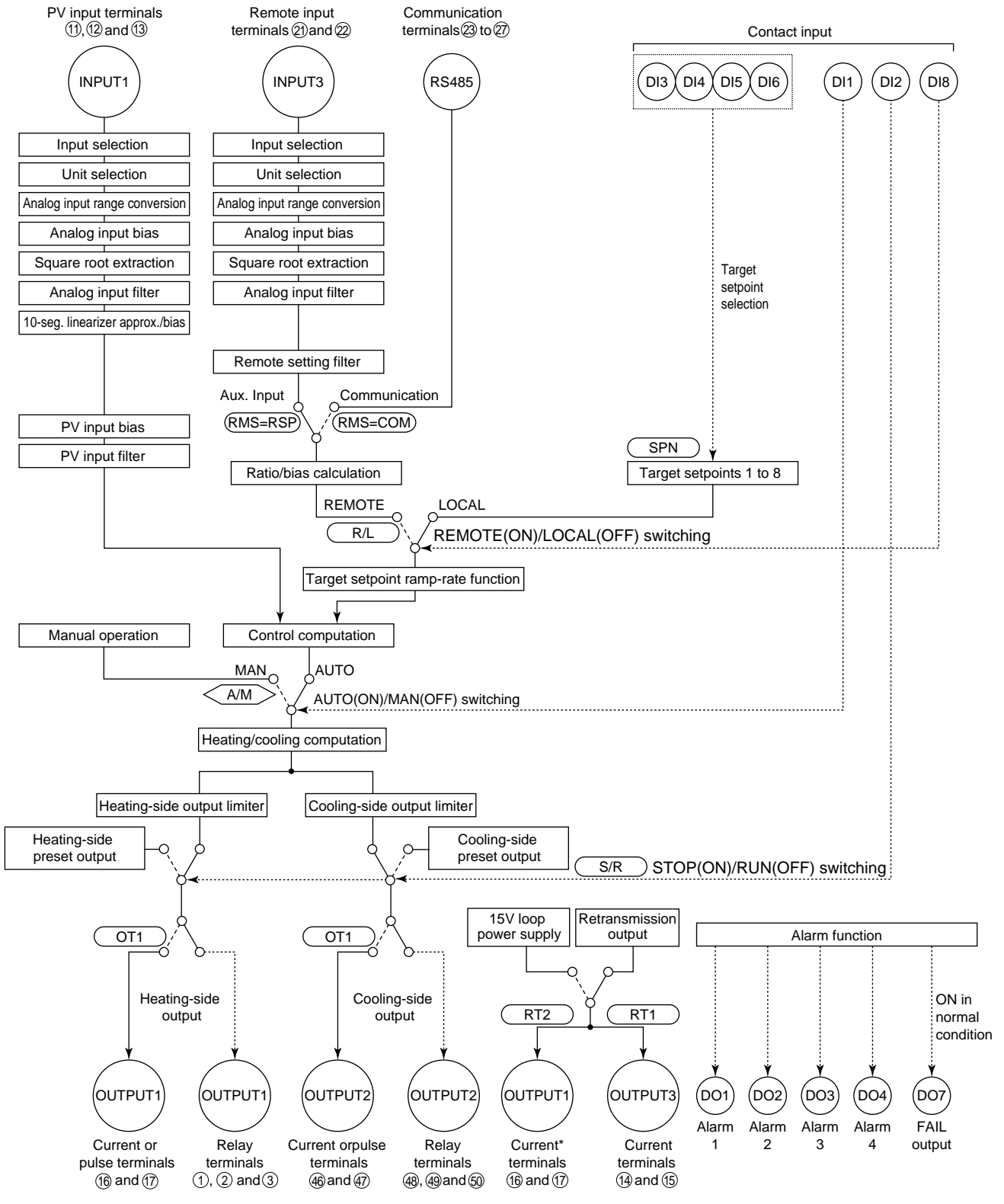
# Function Block Diagram for Single-loop Control



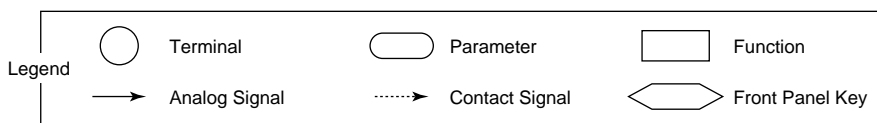
\* Unavailable when control output is current or pulse.



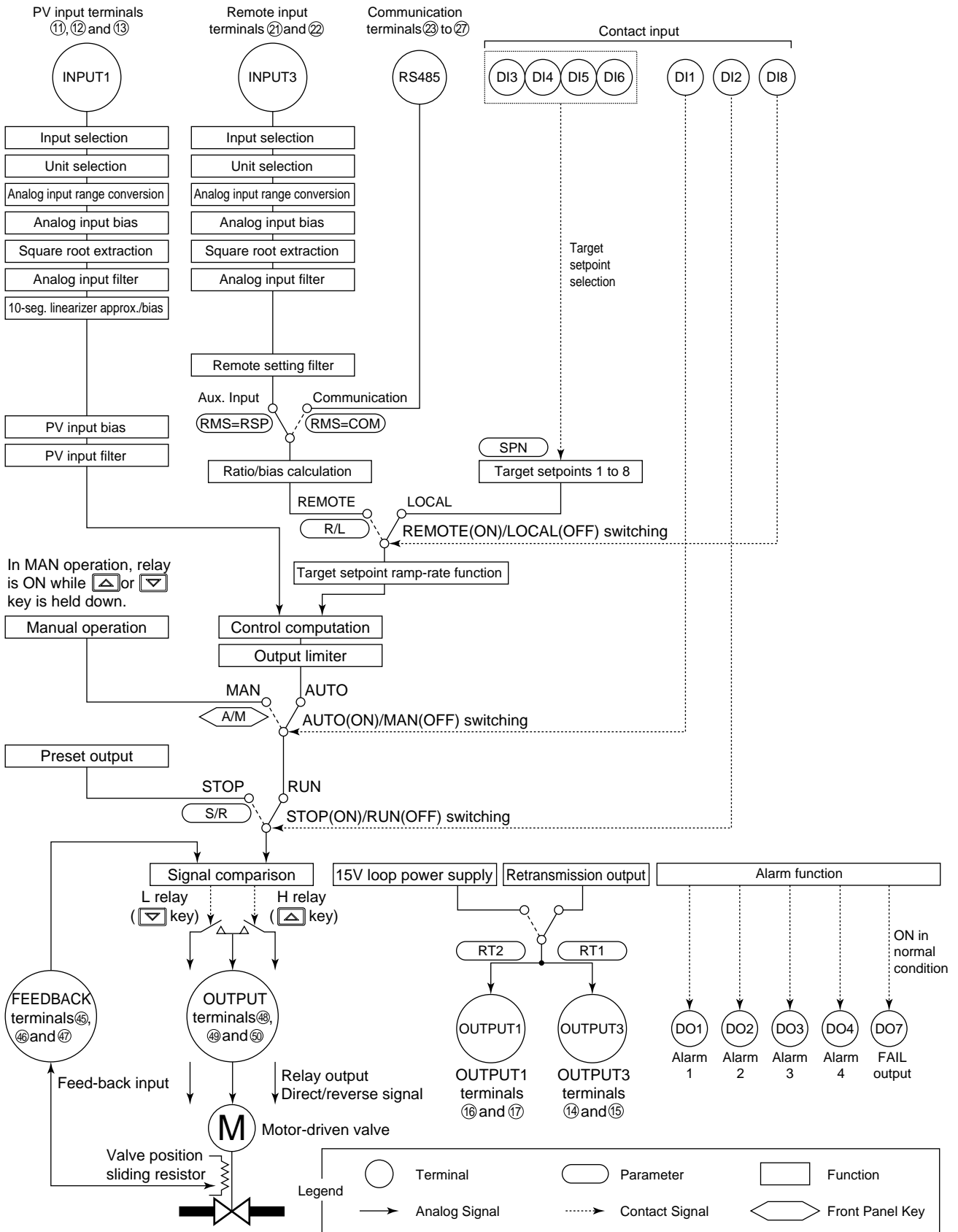
# Function Block Diagram for Single-loop Heating/Cooling Control



\* Unavailable when heating-side output is current output or pulse.



# Function Block Diagram for Single-loop Position-proportional Control



## Functions and Parameters for “Single-loop Control” in Initial State (Factory-set default)

Functions and parameters in initial state are given in the tables below. For details on each parameter, refer to “5.2 Lists of Parameters.”

### ■ PV Input

PV input (INPUT1) is a universal input, which can receive signals from a thermocouple or RTD, or DC voltage signals. The controller is capable of biasing, square root extraction, first-order lag computation (filtering), ten-segment linearizer approximation, and ten-segment linearizer biasing on input signals.

Each function can be set by the following parameters.

#### Setup Parameters

| Function                      | Parameter             | Main menu | Submenu |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|
| Input selection               | IN1                   | UTMD      | IN      |
| Unit selection                | UN1                   | UTMD      | IN      |
| Analog input range conversion | RH1, RL1(DP1,SH1,SL1) | UTMD      | IN      |
| Analog input bias             | BS1                   | CMLP      | AIN     |
| Square root extraction        | SR1, LC1              | CMLP      | AIN     |
| Analog input filter           | FL1                   | CMLP      | AIN     |

#### Operating Parameters

| Function                                     | Parameter                  | Main menu | Submenu |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Ten-segment linearizer mode                  | 1.MD                       | PYS1      | None    |
| Ten-segment linearizer approximation/biasing | 1.A1 to 1.AB, 1.B1 to 1.BB | PYS1      | None    |
| PV input bias                                | BS                         | LP1       | PAR     |
| PV input filter                              | FL                         | LP1       | PAR     |

Note: PV input bias (BS) and PV input filter (FL) among the operating parameters are used as bias and filter when normal operation. Analog input bias (BS1) and analog input filter (FL1) among the setup parameters are used when PV correction value is decided in advance.

## ■ Remote Input

Remote input (INPUT3) can receive DC voltage signals. The controller is capable of biasing, square root extraction, first-order lag computation (filtering), and ratio biasing on remote input signals.

Each function can be set by the following parameters.

### Setup Parameters

| Function                      | Parameter                | Main menu | Submenu |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Input selection               | IN3                      | UTMD      | IN      |
| Unit selection                | UN3                      | UTMD      | IN      |
| Analog input range conversion | RH3, RL3 (DP3, SH3, SL3) | UTMD      | IN      |
| Analog input bias             | BS3                      | CMLP      | AIN     |
| Square root extraction        | SR3, LC3                 | CMLP      | AIN     |
| Analog input filter           | FL3                      | CMLP      | AIN     |
| Remote input selection        | RMS                      | LOOP1     | SP      |



Note: Remote input signal can be received via communication. For details, refer to "GREEN Series Communication Functions" (IM 05G01B02-01E).

### Operating Parameters

| Function               | Parameter    | Main menu | Submenu |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| Remote setting filter  | RFL          | LP1       | PAR     |
| Ratio bias calculation | RT, RBS      | LP1       | PAR     |
| Remote/Local switching | MOD(REM/LCL) | MODE      | None    |

## ■ Contact Input

Automatic (ON) / Manual (OFF) switching function is assigned to DI1 (contact input 1).

Manipulated output can be changed using the  and  key in manual mode.

Run (OFF) / Stop (ON) switching function is assigned to DI2 (contact input 2). Preset output value is output when the operation is stopped. PV input and alarms remain functioning as normal.

It is possible to select one out of eight setpoints by turning the four contact input signals ON or OFF. This function is assigned to DI3 (contact input 3) to DI6 (contact input 6).

| Contact input | Selected target setpoint number |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | If all contact inputs are set to "OFF", the controller uses the immediately preceding target setpoint. |
|---------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
|               | 1                               | 2   | 3   | 4   | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   |  |
| DI3           | ON                              | OFF | ON  | OFF | ON  | OFF | ON  | OFF |  |
| DI4           | OFF                             | ON  | ON  | OFF | OFF | ON  | ON  | OFF |  |
| DI5           | OFF                             | OFF | OFF | ON  | ON  | ON  | ON  | OFF |  |
| DI6           | OFF                             | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON  |  |

For example, set contact input 4 (DI4) only to "ON" to change target setpoint 1 to 2. Set contact inputs 3 (DI3) and 4 (DI4) to "ON" to select target setpoint 3.

No function is assigned to DI7 (contact input 7).

Remote/Local mode switching function is assigned to DI8 (contact input 8). External target setpoint can be set via remote input (INPUT3).

## ■ Target Setpoint and PID

It is possible to use a maximum of eight groups of target setpoints and PID parameters. The target setpoint can be selected by key operation or contact input. For selection by contact input, refer to "Contact Input."

### Operating Parameters

| Function                            | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Target setpoint number selection    | SPN       | MODE      | None    |
| Target setpoints 1 to 8             | n.SP      | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Proportional band (P)               | n.P       | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Integral time (I)                   | n.I       | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Derivative time (D)                 | n.D       | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Cooling-side proportional band (Pc) | n.Pc      | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Cooling-side integral time (Ic)     | n.Ic      | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Cooling-side derivative time (Dc)   | n.Dc      | LP1       | n.PID   |

Note: Parameters n.SP, n.P, n.I, n.D, n.Pc, n.Ic, n.Dc (n=1 to 8), and submenu n.PID (n= 1 to 8) correspond to the target setpoint number selected in the target setpoint number selection (SPN).

The target setpoint ramp rate setting function prevents the target setpoint from changing suddenly. It is possible to set the upward and downward changing rate (i.e., ramp rate) independently in the parameters UPR and DNR. The unit of the ramp rate (hour, or minute) is specified in TMU.

### Setup Parameters

| Function                    | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Ramp-rate time unit setting | TMU       | LOOP1     | SP      |

### Operating Parameters

| Function                          | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Target setpoint ramp-rate setting | UPR, DNR  | LP1       | PAR     |

## ■ Control Output

Control output (OUTPUT1) selects the output type among the current output, voltage pulse output, and relay contact output signal. For heating/cooling control, the cooling-side signals are output to OUTPUT2.

Preset output value is output when the operation is stopped by key operation or contact input, which takes priority over the manual operation.

Each function can be set by the following parameters.

### Setup Parameters

| Function                               | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Control output type selection          | OT1       | UTMD      | OUT     |
| Control output cycle time              | CT        | UTMD      | OUT     |
| Cooling-side control output cycle time | CTc       | UTMD      | OUT     |
| Analog output 1 type                   | AO1       | UTMD      | OUT     |
| Analog output 2 type (cooling-side)    | AO2       | UTMD      | OUT     |

### Operating Parameters

| Function                   | Parameter  | Main menu | Submenu |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| Preset output              | n.PO       | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Output limiter             | n.OL, n.OH | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Cooling-side preset output | n.Oc       | LP1       | n.PID   |

Note: Parameters n.PO, n.OL, n.OH, n.Oc (n=1 to 8), and submenu n.PID (n= 1 to 8) correspond to the target setpoint number selected in the target setpoint number selection (SPN).

## ■ Contact Output

Alarm 1 is output via DO1 (contact output 1).

Alarm 2 is output via DO2 (contact output 2).

Alarm 3 is output via DO3 (contact output 3).

Alarm 4 is output via DO4 (contact output 4).

No function is assigned to DO5 (contact output 5) and DO6 (contact output 6).

FAIL is output via DO7 (contact output 7). ON in the normal condition and OFF in the FAIL condition.

### Setup Parameters

| Function     | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Alarm 1 type | AL1       | LOOP1     | ALM     |
| Alarm 2 type | AL2       | LOOP1     | ALM     |
| Alarm 3 type | AL3       | LOOP1     | ALM     |
| Alarm 4 type | AL4       | LOOP1     | ALM     |

### Operating Parameters

| Function         | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Alarm 1 setpoint | n.A1      | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Alarm 2 setpoint | n.A2      | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Alarm 3 setpoint | n.A3      | LP1       | n.PID   |
| Alarm 4 setpoint | n.A4      | LP1       | n.PID   |

Note: Submenu n.PID (n= 1 to 8) corresponds to the target setpoint number selected in the target setpoint number selection (SPN).



## ■ Retransmission Output

PV, target setpoint, or control output can be output to retransmission output 1 (OUTPUT3). Retransmission output 2 (OUTPUT1) can be used when the control output is relay. Each function can be set by the following parameters.

### Setup Parameters

| Function                      | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Retransmission output 1 type  | RT1       | CMLP      | RET     |
| Retransmission output 1 scale | TH1, TL1  | CMLP      | RET     |
| Retransmission output 2 type  | RT2       | CMLP      | RET     |
| Retransmission output 2 scale | TH2, TL2  | CMLP      | RET     |

## ■ 15V DC Loop Power Supply

The 15V DC loop power supply (OUTPUT3) uses the same terminal as retransmission output 1 or 2. The 15V DC loop power supply can not be used when retransmission output 1 or 2 is used. To use the 15V DC loop power supply, set "4" in retransmission output 1 type (RT1) or retransmission output 2 type (RT2). Each function can be set by the following parameters.

### Setup Parameters

| Function                     | Parameter | Main menu | Submenu |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Retransmission output 1 type | RT1       | CMLP      | RET     |
| Retransmission output 2 type | RT2       | CMLP      | RET     |

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